

M. Sc. CHEMISTRY

Syllabus

(With effect from 2026-2027)

Program Code:116



DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

Bharathiar University

**(A State University, Accredited with "A++" Grade by NAAC and
15th Rank among Indian Universities by MHRD-NIRF)**

Coimbatore 641 046, INDIA

BHARATHIAR UNIVERSITY: COIMBATORE- 641046

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

MISSION

To transform the department into a world class institution and to provide excellent knowledgeable students to employers across the globe. The department of chemistry is one of the biggest departments of the University which was the first department to start functioning from 1973 in the erstwhile University of Madras Post Graduate Center at Coimbatore. The department comes under the School of Chemical Science.

Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)	
The M. Sc. Chemistry program aims that the graduates will become successful professional by demonstrating rational and analytical thinking abilities. The graduates will be mould to communicate efficiently and work in interdisciplinary research, and demonstrate scientific leadership in academia and industries.	
PEO1	Students learn the essentials of major fields in Chemistry namely Analytical, Organic, Inorganic and Physical Chemistry which would make them to understand the pivotal role played in the field of plant and animal biology, energy, materials, health sector and environment.
PEO2	Students will be encouraged to exchange their knowledge and skills for developing independent writing in their field of study
PEO3	Students will be allowed to design their own research project based on their firm theoretical understanding.
PEO4	Be motivated to prepare the students to pursue higher studies and research to meet out academic demands of the country.
PEO5	Have knowledge in wide range of chemistry techniques and application in scientific and engineering domains.

Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	
After the successful completion of M.Sc. Chemistry program, the students are expected to	
PSO1	To build the firm foundation in the fundamentals and correlate the application with the current developments in chemistry.
PSO2	To get sufficient expertise in the operational knowledge and laboratory skills in all major fields of chemistry.
PSO3	To emphasize on integrating various disciplines of Science and encourage for interdisciplinary approach.
PSO4	To acquire problem solving capacity, interpretation of results with the use of sophisticated instruments and devises new preparation techniques.
PSO5	To motivate the students to prepare for competitive examinations, job carriers and get trained for industrial entrepreneurship.
PSO6	To make current awareness on social, economic, and environmental problems facing globally

Program Outcomes (POs)	
On successful completion of the M. Sc. Chemistry program	
PO1	To equip students with advanced knowledge and insight in general and green chemistry
PO2	To equip students to meet current industrial need
PO3	To equip students with different types of problem solving related to academic and industrial domain
PO4	To enhance professional skills in chemistry by providing hands on training to operate the sophisticated instruments.
PO5	Acquire the knowledge on the role of chemistry in industries and to become entrepreneur
PO6	The students can understand the role of chemistry in day to day life.

BHARATHIAR UNIVERSITY: COIMBATORE 641 046**M. Sc. Chemistry Curriculum (University Department)***(For the students admitted during the academic year 2024– 2025 onwards)*

Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits	Hours		Maximum Marks		
			Theory	Practical	CIA	ESE	Total
FIRST SEMESTER							
CHMA13A	Organic Chemistry-I Reaction Mechanisms and Aromaticity	4	60	-	25	75	100
CHMA13B	Inorganic Chemistry-I Coordination Chemistry	4	60	-	25	75	100
CHMA13C	Physical Chemistry-I Electrochemistry and Photochemistry	4	60	-	25	75	100
CHMA1EA	Elective - I Physical Methods in Chemistry	4	60	-	25	75	100
CHMA1EB	Elective - II Water Treatment, Fuels and Polymers	4	60	-	25	75	100
CHMA1EC	Elective - III Introduction to Industry 4.0	4	60		25	75	100
CHMA13P	Practical - I Organic Chemistry Practical	4	-	60	25	75	100
GS06	Supportive - I Chemistry in context	2	25		12	38	50
Total		22	265	60	137	413	550

SECOND SEMESTER							
Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits	Hours		Maximum Marks		
			Theory	Practical	CIA	ESE	Total
CHMA23A	Organic Chemistry - II Organic spectroscopy, Stereochemistry, Rearrangements, and Heterocyclic Chemistry	4	60		25	75	100
CHMA23B	Inorganic Chemistry - II Bioinorganic Chemistry	4	60		25	75	100
CHMA23C	Physical Chemistry - II Quantum Chemistry and Group Theory	4	60		25	75	100
CHMA2EA	Elective - IV Inorganic Spectroscopy	4	60		25	75	100
CHMA2EB	Elective - V Energy, Diary and Drug Chemistry	4	60		25	75	100
CHMA2EC	Elective - VI Artificial Intelligence	4	60		25	75	100
CHMA23P	Practical - II Inorganic Chemistry Practical	4	-	60	25	75	100
GS73	Supportive - II Chemistry in day to day life	2	25		12	38	50
Total		22	265	60	137	413	550

THIRD SEMESTER							
Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits	Hours		Maximum Marks		
			Theory	Practical	CIA	ESE	Total
CHMA33A	Organic Chemistry - III Modern Organic synthesis, Photochemistry, and Pericyclic reactions	4	65		25	75	100
CHMA33B	Inorganic Chemistry - III Solid State and Nuclear Chemistry	4	60		25	75	100
CHMA33C	Physical Chemistry - III Chemical Kinetics and Surface Chemistry	4	60		25	75	100
CHMA3EA	Elective - VII Bioorganic Chemistry	4	60		25	75	100
CHMA3EB	Elective - VIII Industrial Organic Chemistry	4	60		25	75	100
CHMA3EC	Elective - IX Data Analytics using R	4	60		25	75	100
CHMA33P	Practical - III Physical Chemistry Practical	4	-	60	25	75	100
GS	Supportive - III Chemistry of Environment	2	25		12	38	50
CHMA233886	Health and Wellness	1	2		25		25
Total		23	267	60	162	413	575

FOURTH SEMESTER

Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits	Hours		Maximum Marks		
			Theory	Practical	CIA	ESE	Total
CHMA43A	Organic Chemistry - IV Name reactions, Alkaloids, Steroids, Functional group transformations, and Reagents in Organic Synthesis	4	65		25	75	100
CHMA43B	Inorganic Chemistry - IV Organometallic Chemistry	4	60		25	75	100
CHMA43C	Physical Chemistry - IV Classical and Statistical Thermodynamics	4	60		25	75	100
CHMA4EA	Elective - X Analytical Chemistry	4	60		25	75	100
CHMA4LV	Project Work	8	-		50	150	200
	SWAYAM MOOCs Online 4 weeks course	2	-			50	50
Total		26	245		150	500	650
Grand Total		93	1042	180	586	1739	2325

ELECTIVE COURSES OFFERED					
Semester/ Code No.	Subject	Credit	University examination		
			Internal Mark	External Mark	Total Mark
CHMA1EA	Physical Methods in Chemistry	4	25	75	100
CHMA1EB	Water Treatment, Fuels and Polymers	4	25	75	100
CHMA1EC	Introduction to Industry 4.0	4	25	75	100
CHMA2EA	Inorganic Spectroscopy	4	25	75	100
CHMA2EB	Energy, Dairy and Drug Chemistry	4	25	75	100
CHMA2EC	Artificial Intelligence	4	25	75	100
CHMA3EA	Bioorganic Chemistry	4	25	75	100
CHMA3EB	Industrial Organic Chemistry	4	25	75	100
CHMA3EC	Data Analytics Using R	4	25	75	100
CHMA4EA	Analytical Chemistry	4	25	75	100
SUPPORTIVE COURSES OFFERED TO OTHER DEPARTMENTS					
GS06	Chemistry in Context	2	12	38	50
GS73	Chemistry in Day-to-day life	2	12	38	50
GS	Chemistry of Environment	2	12	38	50

ADD ON COURSES							
Value Added Courses (One course per year)							
Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits	Hours		Maximum Marks		
			Theory	Practical	CIA	ESE	Total
CHMAV01	NMR Spectroscopy	2	20	10	-	-	50
CHMAV02	Analytical Instruments	2	20	10	-	-	50
Job Oriented Courses							
Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits	Hours		Maximum Marks		
			Theory	Practical	CIA	ESE	Total
CHMAJA1	Current Trends in Solar Cells	2	20	10	-	-	50
CHMAJA2	Overview of Energy Storage Devices	2	20	10	-	-	50
Health and Wellness							
		Credits	Hours	Maximum Marks			
				Report	Attendance	Activity	Total
CHMA233886	Health and Wellness	1	2	40	20	40	100

Course code	CHMA13A	Organic Chemistry - I	L	T	P	C
Core		Reaction Mechanisms and Aromaticity	4	1	-	4
Pre-requisite		Chemical reactions and their mechanism	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives:						
The main objectives of this course are to: 1. To understand the reaction mechanism of the aliphatic, aromatic electrophilic and nucleophilic substitution reactions. 2. To know about the basic concept of aromaticity of the organic molecules. 3. To acquire basic knowledge about the addition and elimination reaction. 4. To understand the basic principles involving in the oxidation and reduction reactions.						
Expected Course Outcomes:						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to						
1	To remember the basic principles of reaction mechanism involving to the organic reactions like electrophilic, nucleophilic, addition, elimination, oxidation, reduction reactions					K1 K2 K3 K4 K5
2	To understand the mechanistic pathway of the following reactions like electrophilic, nucleophilic, addition, elimination, oxidation, reduction reaction through the name reactions.					
3	To apply the reaction mechanism into the chemical reactions to predict the reaction pathway.					
4	To assessment about what kind of reaction mechanism involving into the chemical reaction during their project work.					
5	To learn about the concept of aromaticity in organic and inorganic compounds.					
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6– Create						
Unit 1	Aliphatic and aromatic nucleophilic substitution reactions				12hours	
Bonding - structure and reactivity -hard and soft acid base theory (HSAB concept) - methods of determination and the study of reaction mechanisms. S _N ¹ , S _N ² , S _N ⁱ and neighbouring group participation mechanism- kinetics - effects of structure,						

solvent, leaving and entering group - stereochemistry - hydrolysis of esters - Wurtz reaction - Claisen and Dieckmann condensation - Williamson ether synthesis. Different mechanism of aromatic nucleophilic substitution - Ziegler alkylation, Chichibabin reaction, cine substitution, diazonium group as leaving group.		
Unit 2	Aliphatic and aromatic electrophilic substitution reactions	12 hours
S_E^1 and S_E^2 reaction - mechanism and reactivity - typical reactions involving migration of double bond - keto-enol tautomerism - halogenation of carbonyl compounds - Stork enamine reactions - decarboxylation of aliphatic acids - Friedel Crafts acylation of olefinic carbon. Aromatic electrophilic substitution - reactivity - orientation and mechanism – nitration, halogenation and sulphonation – Friedel-Crafts alkylation, arylation (Scholl reaction) and acylation - Jacobsen reaction - formylation with (i) disubstitutedformamides (Vilsmeier - Haack reaction) (ii) zinc cyanide and HCl (Gattermann reaction) (iii) chloroform and KOH (Reimer-Tiemann reaction) - carboxylation with (i) carbonyl halides (ii) carbon dioxide (Kolbe Schmidt reaction) - amidation with isocyanate - hydroxyalkylation (hydroxyalkyl dehydrogenation)- cyclodehydration of aldehydes and ketones (Bradsher reaction and Bischler - Napieralskirection) - haloalkylation - aminoalkylation and amido alkylation - thioalkylation - acylation with nitriles (Hoesch reaction) - cyanation - hydroxylation.		
Unit 3	Aromaticity	12 hours
Aromaticity- Concept of aromaticity - aromaticity of benzenoid and non benzenoid compounds - effect of aromaticity on bond lengths, resonance, resonance energies, and induced ring currents - Huckel's rule - structure and synthesis of azulenes, ferrocenes, sydnones, tropolones, fulvenes and annulenes.		
Unit4	Addition and elimination reactions	12 hours
Addition to C-C and C-O multiple bonds - electrophilic, nucleophilic and free-radical additions - addition to conjugated systems - orientation - hydroboration - Michael condensation - 1,3 dipolar addition - Diels-Alder reaction - carbene addition to double bonds - hydration of olefins. Mannich, Meerwein-Pondorf reduction, Grignard, Aldol, Claisen, Stobbe, Darzen, Wittig, Thorpe, benzoin condensation and Cannizarro reactions. Elimination reactions - E^1 and E^2 mechanism - orientation - Hofmann and Saytzeff rules - elimination vs substitution - Chugaev reaction - Hofmann degradation and Cope elimination - dehydration of alcohols - dehydrohalogenation - mechanism and orientation in pyrolytic elimination.		

Unit 5	Oxidation and Reduction:	12 hours
Formation of C-C and C=C bonds by dehydrogenation - dehydrogenation by quinones, selenium dioxide (SeO ₂), mercury(II) acetate (Hg(OAc) ₂), and Lead(IV) acetate (Pb(OAc) ₄). formation of C-C bond in phenol coupling - acetylene coupling - allylic oxidation - oxidation of alcohols, glycols, halides and amines to aldehydes and ketones - ozonolysis - oxidation of olefinic double bonds and unsaturated carbonyl compounds - oxidative cleavage of the C-C bond - Sommelet reaction and selectivity in reduction - metal hydride reduction- Birch reduction - metal alkoxide reduction- reduction by dissolving metals - Clemmensen reduction - Wolf-Kishner reduction - metal ammonia reduction (Birch reduction) - reduction of nitro compounds - acyloin condensation - catenanes.		
Carbenes and nitrenes - structure and generation - addition reaction with alkenes - insertion reaction.		
Self-Study (NOT FOR EXAMINATION)		
Unit 6	Alicyclic compounds	
Nomenclature, Cycloalkanes and cycloalkenes; Classification of monocyclic systems, Baeyer strain theory. Small and common rings, Conformational analysis. Medium-ring compounds, large ring compounds.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text Book(s)		
1.Jerry March, Advanced Organic Chemistry - Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Wiley-Inter Science, 1992. 2. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry, Volume I, The fundamental principles, Sixth edition, Pearson education Ltd., 2014.		
Reference Books		
1	Thomas H. Lowry; Kathleen Schueller Richardson, Mechanism and Theory in Organic Chemistry, New York Harper & Row, 1990.	
2	S. M. Mukherji and S. P. Singh, Reactions Mechanisms in Organic Chemistry, 1976 and Revised edition, Revised by: S.P. Singh & Om Prakash, Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., 2015, New. 3 rd Edition.	
3	Raj K. Bansal Organic Chemistry Reaction Mechanisms, McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 2006.	
4	V. K. Ahluwalia, Organic Chemistry Fundamental concepts, Narosa Publishing House, 2013.	
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]		
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/101/104101115/	

2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103110/
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/101/104101005/
Course Designed By: Dr. T. Suresh and Dr. B. Murugesapandian	

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO						
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	M	S	S	S	M	S
CO3	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO5	M	S	S	S	M	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA13B	Inorganic Chemistry - I	L	T	P	C
Core		Coordination Chemistry	4	1	0	4
Pre-requisite		Theories of chemical bonding	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to						
1. Learn about the various theories of complexes, basics of electronic spectroscopy of transition metal complexes, mode of coordination with various geometry						
2. Learn about the important inorganic polymers and their applications.						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to						
1	Understand the various concepts of coordination chemistry and realize the importance of electronic spectroscopy and magnetic properties of coordination compounds.					K2
2	Gaining the knowledge on various types of inorganic reaction mechanism in different geometries.					K2
3	Acquiring knowledge on various types of electron transfer mechanism of metal complexes and their importance.					K3
4	Inferring various symmetries/geometries of coordination complexes and their isomerism and important applications of some inorganic polymers.					K4
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6– Create						
Unit 1	Theories of coordination compounds				12 hours	
18 electron rule - EAN rule - theories of coordination compounds - valence bond theory - crystal field theory - splitting of d orbitals in different symmetries - crystal field stabilization energy - factors affecting the magnitude of 10 Dq - evidence for crystal field stabilization - spectrochemical series - site selection in spinels - tetragonal distortion from octahedral symmetry - Jahn-Teller distortion - molecular orbital theory - octahedral complexes - tetrahedral and square planar complexes - π bonding and molecular orbital theory - experimental evidence for π bonding.						

Unit2	Electronic spectroscopy and Magnetic properties of coordination compounds	12 hours
Term states of d^n ions - electronic spectra of coordination compounds - selection rules - band intensities and band widths - energy level diagrams of Orgel and Tanabe - Sugano - spectra of Ti^{3+} , V^{3+} , Ni^{2+} , Cr^{3+} , Co^{2+} , Cr^{2+} and Fe^{2+} - calculation of $10Dq$ and B for V^{3+} (oct) and Ni^{2+} (oct) complexes. Magnetic properties of coordination compounds - change in magnetic properties of complexes in terms of spin orbit coupling - temperature independent paramagnetism - spin cross over phenomena.		
Unit 3	Substitution reactions of coordination compounds and redox reactions of octahedral	12 hours
Substitution reactions in square planar complexes - the rate law for nucleophilic substitution in a square planar complex - the trans effect - theories of trans effect - mechanism of nucleophilic substitution in square planar complexes - kinetics of octahedral substitution - ligand field effects and reaction rates - mechanism of substitution in octahedral complexes - reaction rates influenced by acid and bases - racemisation and isomerisation - mechanisms of redox reactions - outer sphere mechanisms - excited state outer sphere electron transfer reactions - inner sphere mechanisms - mixed valent complexes.		
Unit4	Coordination numbers and isomerism of coordination compounds	12hours
Structure of coordination compounds with reference to the existence of various coordination numbers - complexes with coordination number two - complexes with coordination number three - complexes with coordination number four - tetrahedral and square planar complexes - complexes with coordination number five - regular trigonal bipyramidal and square pyramidal - site preference in trigonal bipyramidal complexes - site preference in square planar complexes - isomerism in five coordinate complexes - coordination number six - distortion from perfect octahedral symmetry - trigonal prism - geometrical isomerism in octahedral complexes - coordination number seven and eight.		
Unit5	Inorganic chains, rings, cages and clusters	12hours
Inorganic chains - rings - cages and clusters - catenation - heterocatenation - intercalation chemistry - one dimensional conductor - isopolyanions - heteropolyanions - borazines - phosphazenes - phosphazene polymers - ring compounds of sulphur and nitrogen - homocyclic inorganic systems - cages - boron cage compounds - metal clusters - dinuclear clusters - trinuclear		

clusters - tetranuclear clusters - hexanuclear clusters - structural prediction of organometallic clusters.		
Self-Study (NOT FOR EXAMINATION)		
Unit6	Crystal field theory and magnetic properties of ‘f’ block elements	
Crystal field splitting of ‘f’ orbitals- Molecular orbital diagram of lanthanides and actinides- electronic spectroscopy of ‘f’ block elements- term symbols for f ⁿ configurations- electronic and magnetic properties of inner transition metals.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text book(s) :		
1. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry - F. A. Cotton and G. Wilkinson. 2. Inorganic Chemistry - Principles of structure and reactivity, Fourth Edition J. E. Huheey, E. A. Keiter and R. L. Keiter - Addition Wesley Publishing Co, NY, 1993. 3. U.K.Malik, G.D.Tuli, and R.D. Madan, (2010). Selected Topics in Inorganic Chemistry, S. Chand Publication.		
Reference Books		
1	Gurdeep Raj. (2014). Advanced Inorganic Chemistry. 12 th Edition. Geol Publishing House.	
2	R.D. Madan. (2011). Advanced Inorganic Chemistry. 3 rd Edition. S. Chand & company, New Delhi.	
3	R. Gopalan. V. Ramalingam, (2001) Concise Coordination Chemistry, 3 rd edition, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.	
4	Mechanism of Inorganic reactions - F. Basolo and R. G. Pearson	
5	Inorganic Chemistry - R. B. Heslop and P. L. Robinson	
6	Introduction to Ligand Fields - B. N. Figgis - Wiley Eastern Ltd, New Delhi, 1976	
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]		
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/101/104101121/	
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/101/104101090/	

3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106064/
Course Designed By: Dr. R. Prabhakaran	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO2	M	S	S	M	S	S
CO3	M	M	S	M	M	S
CO4	S	M	S	S	S	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA13C	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY – I	L	T	P	C
Core		Electrochemistry and Photochemistry	4	1	0	4
Pre-requisite		Basics of electrochemistry and photochemistry	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to						
1. To give a thorough introduction to the study of electrochemistry, photochemistry and nanoscience.						
2. To learn the theories and basics of electrochemistry, photochemistry and various applications of electrochemical/photochemical and nanotechnological approaches.						
3. To study the concepts and fundamentals of electrochemical and photochemical reactions.						
Expected Course Outcomes:						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1	Recollect the fundamentals of electrochemistry, photochemistry, nanoscience and nanotechnology.					K1
2	Understand the principles and applications of electrochemical cell models, batteries and photochemical reactions. To comprehend the mechanism of energy drive systems.					K3
3	Apply the various instrumental techniques related to electrochemical, photochemical and nanotechnology.					K4
4	Apply the fundamentals of electrochemistry, photochemistry in device fabrication					K5
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit 1	ELECTROCHEMISTRY - I				12hours	
Ions in Solutions: Conductivity of solutions and their measurement - the Arrhenius ionisation theory - transport numbers and mobilities of ions - measurement of transport numbers - Hittorff method and moving boundary method - ionic activities and activity coefficients and their determination by various methods - Debye-Huckel-Onsager theory - ionic atmosphere - Debye-Huckel limiting law - Electrolytic conductance – Kohlrausch’s law and its applications; ionic equilibria; conductometric and potentiometric titrations.						

Unit 2	ELECTROCHEMISTRY - II	12hours
Metal/Electrolyte Interface: Outer Helmholtz plane (OHP) and Inner Helmholtz plane (IHP) - potential profile across double layer region - potential difference across electrified interface - Structure of the double layer - Helmholtz-Perrin, Gouy-Chapman, and Stern models – Electrode kinetics - Butler-Volmer equation–one step one electron transfer kinetics - exchange current density - Tafel equation and plots - Polarizable and non-polarizable interfaces - Hydrogen overpotential – Theories of hydrogen overvoltage - Mechanism of hydrogen evolution reactions - Passivity – electrochemical corrosion and its protection.		
Unit3	ELECTROCHEMISTRY - III	12hours
Electrochemical Cells: Electromotive force - measurement of EMF - the potentiometer - the electrochemical potential - the cell EMF and the cell reaction - reversible cells - types of half cells - classification of cells - the standard EMF of a cell - standard electrode potentials - calculation of the EMF of a cell - Nernst equation and its limitations - calculation of solubility products - standard free energies and entropies of aqueous ions - electrode concentration cells - electrolyte concentration cells - cells with liquid junctions - oxidation - reduction reactions, measurement of pH, concentration cells with transference – Electrochemical energy systems - Li-ion batteries-Methanol Fuel cells.		
Unit 4	PHOTOCHEMISTRY	12hours
Absorption and emission of radiation – Theories – Spontaneous and induced emission –Laser – Franck Condon principle - Type 1 and 2 – Physical properties of electronic excited state – Jablonski diagrams – Emission – Resonance emission – Selection rule – Fluorescence – Phosphorescence – Delayed fluorescence: E-Type and P-Type – Excimer and Exciplex complex formation – Stern-Volmer equation – Photosensitization and Chemiluminescence – Experimental techniques – Actinometry – Chemical actinometry – Biochemiluminescence – Photochromism – Photostabilization – Photosynthesis – PS I and PS II – Photochemical energy-storage reactions.		
Unit 5	COLLOIDS AND CHEMISTRY IN NANOSCIENCE AND NANOTECHNOLOGY	12hours
Types of solutions – Types of colloidal solutions – Preparation of colloidal solutions – Condensation methods – Disintegraton methods – Purification of colloidal solutions – Dialysis – Ultrafiltration – Characteristics of colloidal solutions – Emulsions – Micelles. Nanomaterials – Preparation: Plasma arcing - Chemical vapor deposition – Sol-gel method – silica gels – Zirconia and yttrium gels – Aluminosilicate gels – Electrodeposition – Ball milling – Applications of nanomaterials – Machine tools – Batteries – High power magnets – Motor vehicles		

and aircraft – Medical applications.		
Self-Study (NOT FOR EXAMINATION)		
Unit 6	Recent trends in photochemical and electrochemical reactions	
Alcohol based fuel cell reaction - solid oxides based fuel cell - Hydrogen and Oxygen evolution reaction (HER and OER) - 2D carbon materials - Boron Nitrides - g-C ₃ N ₄ - Metal organic frameworks (MOF) - Layered double hydroxides (LDH) - Metal chalcogenides.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text book(s)		
1.Samuel Glasstone, “An Introduction to Electrochemistry”, Maurice Press, 2007.		
2. Atkins P.W., “Physical Chemistry”, Oxford University Press, 8 th Ed., 2006.		
3. Rohatgi Mukherjee K.K., “Fundamentals of photochemistry”, New Age International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.		
Reference Books		
1	Gordon M.Barrow-Physical Chemistry,Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 2007.	
2	John O'M. Bockris, Amulya K. N. Reddy, “Modern Electrochemistry”, Vol. I and II, Plenum Publishing, 2008	
3	Charles Kutal, Journal of Chemical Education 60 (1983) 882-887.	
4	Michael Wilson, Kamali Kannangara, Geoff Smith, Michelle Simmons and Burkhard Raguse, “Nanotechnology – Basic Science and Emergin Technologies”, Chapman & Hall (CRC), 2004.	
5	Evans A. Monyoncho, Tom K. Woo and Elena A. Baranova, Ethanol electrooxidation reaction in alkaline media for direct ethanol fuel cells, <i>Electrochemistry</i> : 15, (2018) 1-57.	
6	Neelima Mahato, Amitava Banerjee, Alka Gupta, Shobit Omar, Kantesh Balani, Progress in material selection for solid oxide fuel cell technology: A review, <i>Progress in Materials Science</i> 72 (2015) 141–337	
7	Sustainable carbon materials, <i>Chem. Soc. Rev</i> (2014) DOI: 10.1039/c4cs00232f	
8	Mohadeseh Safaei, Mohammad Mehdi Foroughi, Nasser Ebrahimpoor, Shohreh Jahani, Ali Omidi, Mehrdad Khatami, A review on metal-organic frameworks: Synthesis and	

	applications, <i>Trends in Analytical Chemistry</i> , 118 (2019) 401-425.
9	Qiang Wang and Dermot O'Hare, Recent Advances in the Synthesis and Application of Layered Double Hydroxide (LDH) Nanosheets, <i>Chem. Rev.</i> , 112 (2012) 4124–4155.
10	Min-Rui Gao, Yun-Fei Xu, Jun Jiang and Shu-Hong Yu, Nanostructured metal chalcogenides: synthesis, modification, and applications in energy conversion and storage devices, <i>Chem. Soc. Rev.</i> , 42 (2013) 2986.
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106105
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/106/105106204
Course Designed By: Dr.T.Selvaraju	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	S
CO2	S	S	S	M	M	S
CO3	M	S	S	M	M	S
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA1EA	Elective - I	L	T	P	C
Elective		PHYSICAL METHODS IN CHEMISTRY	4	1	0	4
Pre-requisite		Fundamentals of the electromagnetic spectrum	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to						
1. To study the principle and mechanism of different types of molecular spectroscopy.						
2. To acquire basic knowledge about the activity of molecules using various spectroscopic techniques.						
3. To study the basic principles of radiation chemistry and basic knowledge about various surface morphology analysis techniques.						
4. To understand the working principle of the different instruments and analysis the surface morphologies of the various materials.						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to						
1	To understand the fundamental concepts and applications of various analytical techniques.					K1
2	To acquire intense knowledge about the basic principles, instrumentation, and applications of Rotational, Vibrational, and Raman spectroscopy.					K2
3	To apply the knowledge of electronic absorption spectroscopy and predict the absorption wavelength of various organic molecules.					K3
4	To gain in-depth knowledge of concepts in radiation chemistry. Understand the surface morphology (particle shape and size) characterization of materials using various advanced instrumentation techniques.					K4
5	To interpret the data for well-known compounds, this will be helpful in predicting the unknown molecules.					K5
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						

Unit 1	ROTATIONAL SPECTROSCOPY	12 hours
General introduction to electromagnetic spectrum – The rotation of molecules – Classification of rotors – Rigid rotors, Non-rigid rotors – Effect of isotopic substitution on the transition frequencies – diatomic and polyatomic molecules – Relative intensities of spectral lines – Stark effect – Nuclear and electron spin interaction – Instrumentation – Chemical analysis by microwave spectroscopy.		
Unit 2	VIBRATIONAL SPECTROSCOPY	12 hours
Simple harmonic oscillator – Vibrational motion of a diatomic molecule – Selection rule – Zero-point energy – Force constant and bond strengths – Hot bands – Anharmonic oscillator – Vibrations of polyatomic molecules – Fundamental vibrations and overtones – Vibrational-rotational spectra of a diatomic molecule – Vibrations of polyatomic molecules – Instrumentation – Sampling techniques – Factors influencing vibrational frequencies – Application to organic and inorganic compounds – Finger print region – Identification of functional groups – Simple problems in functional group identification using IR spectrum.		
Unit 3	RAMAN SPECTROSCOPY AND ELECTRONIC SPECTROSCOPY OF ATOMS	12 hours
Pure rotational Raman spectra – Vibrational Raman spectra – selection rule – Polarization of light and the Raman effect – Structural determination from Raman spectroscopy – Techniques and Instrumentation. Structure of atoms – Electronic angular momentum – many-electron atoms – photoelectron spectroscopy and X-ray fluorescence spectroscopy – Zeeman effect – Influence of nuclear spin – problems.		
Unit 4	ULTRAVIOLET AND VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY	11 hours
Electronic spectroscopy of molecules – Electronic spectra of diatomic molecules – Physical principles – Chromophores and auxochromes – Laws of absorption – Absorption transitions – Instrumentation – Solvent effects – Applications of UV spectroscopy – Effects of conjugation – Woodward-Fieser rules – α , β -Unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, trienes and polyenes – Aromatic systems with extended conjugation – Heteroaromatic compounds – Simple problems – Absorption spectra of charge transfer complexes.		

Unit 5	RADIATION CHEMISTRY AND MORPHOLOGICAL STUDIES	11 hours
Radiation chemistry: Source of high energy – interaction of high energy radiation with matter – primary and secondary process – G-value – radiolysis of water – reactions of hydrated electrons OH and H radicals – experimental techniques (Dosimetry). Introduction to Surface characterization methods – AFM, SEM, FE-SEM, HR-TEM, STEM - Sample preparation for characterization only.		
Self-Study (NOT FOR EXAMINATION)		
Unit 6	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN CHEMICAL SPECTROSCOPY	
Python programming and Google Colab for AI and machine learning model development – AI-assisted analysis of rotational, vibrational, IR, Raman, and UV–Visible spectra using tools such as ChatGPT, Gemini, Claude, and Grok.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text book(s): 1. Donald L. Pavia, Gary M. Lampman and George S. Kriz, Jr - Introduction to Spectroscopy: A Guide for students of organic chemistry. 2. Banwell C. N., “Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy”, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 4th Edition, 2004. 3. Raymond Chang - Basic principles of spectroscopy, McGraw-Hill, 1971.		
Reference Books		
1	D.H.Williams-Ian Fleming, Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry,Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 2006.	
2	G. Friedlander, J.W. Kennedy and J.M. Miller, Nuclear and Radiochemistry, Wiley, 1964.	
3	Zhou W, Wang Z. L, “Scanning Microscopy for Nanotechnology: Techniques and Applications”, Springer, New York, USA, 2006.	
4	Russel, W. B., Saville, D. A., and Schowalter, W. R. (1989) Colloidal Dispersions. Cambridge University Press Cambridge.	
5	Elimelech, M., Gregory, J., Jia, X., and Williams, R. A. (1995) Particle Deposition and Aggregation: Measurement, Modeling, and Simulation. Butterworth-Heinemann Ltd.	

	Oxford.
6	Israelachvili, J. (2011) Intermolecular and Surface Forces, 3 ed. Academic Press London.
7	Muhammad Raza Shah, Muhammad Imran and Shafi Ullah (2017), Lipid-Based Nanocarriers for Drug Delivery and Diagnosis, Elsevier Publication.
8	Thermal and Rheological Measurement Techniques for Nanomaterials Characterization - Editors: Sabu Thomas, Raju Thomas, Ajesh K. Zachariah, Raghvendra Mishra, Vol. 3 , 1 st edition, (2017) Chapter – 1, (pp.1-36) Elsevier Publications.
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106122/
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/108/103108124/
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/106/112106155/
Course Designed By: Dr. S.N. Karthick	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
POS						
CO1	S	M	M	S	S	M
CO2	M	M	S	S	M	S
CO3	S	S	M	S	S	M
CO4	M	M	M	S	M	M

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA1EB	Elective– II	L	T	P	C
Elective		Water Treatment, Fuels and Polymers	4	1		4
Pre-requisite		Awareness on Environmental issues	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to						
1. To teach the students the essential role of water in industries						
2. To teach the importance of various types of fuels and their applications						
3. To create awareness on environmental pollution						
4. To impart the knowledge on the chemistry of polymers and its applications						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to						
1	Understood the properties of water and quality measurements					K1
2	Learnt about the various water treatment techniques to get drinkable water					K2
3	To evolve strategy for conservation of energy and alternative energy resources					K4
4	To understand the toxicity and factors responsible for the air pollution					K4
5	Understood the importance of polymers and ways to minimize the usage of plastics and wastage disposal					K5
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit 1	Water Treatment				12hours	
Sources of water – Molecular structure and physical properties – Hydrogen Bonding – Water as a solvent – Quality characteristics of water: total acidity and alkalinity, hardness of water – methods of determination of hardness, total solids, disadvantages of using hard water - Comparative account on physical and chemical properties of H ₂ O and D ₂ O.						

Unit 2	Water conditioning	12hours
Softening of water: Desalination, Clark's process, lime-soda process, ion-exchange process; demineralization of water - Treatment of water: sterilization, flocculation, Industrial treatment – Treatment of wastes or effluents with organic and inorganic impurities, sewage and sewage treatment; Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD), chemical oxygen demand (COD)		
Unit 3	Fuels	12hours
Introduction – definition, calorific value, determination of calorific value- Classification of fuels – solid, liquid and gaseous fuels, Fossil fuels, Rocket fuels and nuclear fuels - advantages and disadvantages of solid fuels over liquid and gaseous fuels. Energy – unit of energy, sources of energy, renewable and non-renewable, conventional and non-conventional energies. Solar energy – solar photovoltaic cells and applications. Energy storage: Batteries and fuel cells – dry cell (primary cell), lead –acid battery (secondary cell), hydrogen-oxygen fuel cell, advantages of fuel cell. Future options for energy – Bio conversion and advantages.		
Unit 4	Environmental Pollution	12hours
Components of environment – Factors affecting environment - Environmental pollution – Definition, pollutants, classification of pollutants - Types of pollution: air, water soil, thermal, radioactive and noise pollutions - Prevention and control of pollutions.		
Unit 5	Plastics (High Polymers)	12hours
Introduction, classification, difference between thermosetting and thermoplastics- Effect of polymer structure on properties - Formation of plastics : copolymerization, difference between addition and condensation polymerization – Properties and uses of plastics – Moulding of plastics - Commercial resins and plastics: bakelite, urea-formaldehyde, melamine-formaldehyde, epoxy, acrylic and silicon resins, polythene, PVA, PVC, cellulose, cellulose nitrate and acetate- Disposing of plastics : incineration, biodegradation, recycling and source reduction.		
Self-Study (NOT FOR EXAMINATION)		
Unit 6	Indian Medicinal Plants	
Hibisous Rosa Sinesis: Adathoda vasica: Ocimum Sanctum: Mangifera Indica: Azadirachta Indica: Phyllanthys Niruri: Solanum Trolobatum: Grasses; Green		
	Total Lecture hours	60hours

Text Book(s):	
1. Industrial Chemistry (Including Chemical Engineering), B.K.Sharma (10 th Edition, 1999)	
2. Polymer science By V.R. Gowariker, N.V.Viswanathan and J.Sreedhar, John Wiley & sons, 1986.	
Reference Books	
1	Industrial Chemistry (Including Chemical Engineering) -- B.K.Sharma (10 th Edition, 1999)
2	Outlines of Chemical Technology – For the 21 st Century – M.Gopala Rao & Marshall Sittig (3 rd Edition, 1997)
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105103
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/113/104/113104008
Course Designed By: Dr. M. Ilanchelian	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	S	H	S	S	M	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	H	S
CO3	S	S	S	H	M	S
CO4	S	S	S	M	M	S
CO5	S	S	S	H	M	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA1EC	Elective - III	L	T	P	C
Elective		Introduction to Industry 4.0	4	1	0	4
Pre-requisite		Fundamentals on emerging Technology in computer science	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to						
1. At the end of completing this course, students will have knowledge on Industry 4.0, need for digital transformation and the following Industry 4.0 tools						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to						
1	To understand the concept of Industry 4.0					K2
2	To apply the concept of Artificial Intelligence					K3
3	To analyze the Big Data and IoT					K4
4	To evaluate the Applications and Tools of Industry 4.0					K4
5	To create the awareness regarding the job 2030					K6
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit1	Industry 4.0				12 hours	
Need – Reason for Adopting Industry 4.0 - Definition – Goals and Design Principles -Technologies of Industry 4.0 – Big Data – Artificial Intelligence (AI) – Industrial Internet of Things - Cyber Security – Cloud – Augmented Reality						
Unit 2	Artificial Intelligence				12 hours	
Artificial Intelligence: Artificial Intelligence (AI) – What and Why? - History of AI - Foundations of AI -The AI - environment - Societal Influences of AI – Application Domains and Tools - Associated Technologies of AI - Future Prospects of AI – Challenges of AI.						
Unit 3	Big Data and IoT				12 hours	
Big Data : Evolution - Data Evolution - Data : Terminologies - Big Data Definitions - Essential of Big						

Data in Industry 4.0 - Big Data Merits and Advantages - Big Data Components : Big Data Characteristics - Big Data Processing Frameworks - Big Data Applications - Big Data Tools - Big Data Domain Stack : Big Data in Data Science – Big Data in IoT - Big Data in Machine Learning - Big Data in Databases - Big Data Use cases : Big Data in Social Causes - Big Data for Industry -Big Data Roles and Skills -Big Data Roles - Learning Platforms; Internet of Things (IoT) : Introduction to IoT – Architecture of IoT - Technologies for IoT - Developing IoT Applications - Applications of IoT - Security in IoT.		
Unit4	Applications and Tools of Industry 4.0	12hours
Applications of IoT – Manufacturing – Healthcare – Education – Aerospace and Defense – Agriculture – Transportations and Logistics – Impact of Industry 4.0 on Society: Impact on Business, Government, People. Tools for Artificial Intelligence, Big Data and Data Analytics, Virtual Reality, Augmented Reality, IoT, Robotics.		
Unit 5	Jobs 2030	12hours
Industry 4.0 – Education 4.0 – Curriculum 4.0 – Faculty 4.0 – Skills required for Future - Tools for Education – Artificial Intelligence Jobs in 2030 – Jobs 2030 - Framework for aligning Education with Industry 4.0.		
	Total Lecture hours	60hours
Text Book		
Reference Books		
1	P. Kaliraj, T. Devi, Higher Education for Industry 4.0 and Transformation to Education 5.0, 2020	
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]		
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102220	
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104189	
Course Designed By: Prof. P. Kaliraj		

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
POs						
CO1	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO2	S	M	M	S	S	M
CO3	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	M	M	S	S	S	S

CO5	S	S	S	M	M	S
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*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA13P	PRACTICAL- I	L	T	P	C
Core		ORGANIC CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL	0	0	6	4
Pre-requisite		Knowledge about the properties and preparation of an organic compounds	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are						
1. To carry out the separation of organic components from the binarymixture.						
2. To quantify the organic compound using a substitutionreaction.						
3. To prepare simple organic compounds using single and double stage preparations						
4. To know about their prepared compounds' purification and recrystallization techniques.						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1	Able to determine the presence of functional groups in a given unknown organic compound					K2
2	To know the protocol for the preparation of an organic compound by single and double stage preparation, which meets the industrial standards					K3
3	To understand the basic reaction conditions, such as solubility, hydrolysis, acetylation, bromination, and nitration, and prepare suitable derivatives					K4
4	Imbibing professional ethics in the synthesis of new compounds					K4
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
	Qualitative analysis				15 hours	
Analysis of Binary Mixtures - Separation and Characterization of the Components.						
	Quantitative analysis				15 hours	

Estimation of Phenol, Aniline, and Glucose		
	Single stage preparation	15 hours
(i) Benzoic acid from Ethylbenzoate (ii) Acetanilide fromAniline (iii) Acetylsalicylic acid from Salicylicacid (iv) <i>p</i> -Bromoacetanilide fromAcetanilide (v) Picric acid fromPhenol		
	Double stage preparation	15 hours
(i) 1,3,5-Tribromobenzene from Aniline (ii) <i>p</i> -Nitroaniline fromAcetanilide		
	Total hours	60 hours
Text Book 1. N. S. Gnanaprakasam, G. Ramamurthy, Organic Chemistry: Lab Manual, Viswanathan, S., Printers & Publishers Pvt Ltd, 2009. 2. V. Venkateswaran, R. Veeraswamy, A.R. Kulandaivelu, Basic Principles of Practical Chemistry, Sultan Chand & Sons; 2 nd Edn, 2012.		
Reference Books		
1	Vogel'sTextbookofPractical Organic Chemistry,5 th Edn,PrenticeHall,2008.	
2	Raj K Bansal, Laboratory Manual of Organic Chemistry, 5 th Edn, New Age International (p) Ltd, 2008.	
Course Designed By: Dr. A. Kannan		

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
POs						
CO1	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO2	S	M	M	S	S	M
CO3	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	M	M	S	S	S	S

CO5	S	S	S	M	M	S
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*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	GS06	Supportive - I	L	T	P	C
Supportive		CHEMISTRY IN CONTEXT	2	0	0	2
Pre-requisite		Learn on Environmental Pollution	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to						
1. To learn the principles of Green chemistry						
2. To recall the factors involved in the air pollution which affects the environment						
3. To Enable the students to know about the various energy resources						
4. To understand the principles of preparation properties and applications of plastic						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1	To understand the toxicity and factors responsible for the air pollution					K2
2	To realize the impact of manmade pollution on ecosystem					K4
3	To evolve strategy for conservation of energy and alternative energy resources					K3
4	To understood the toxicity of plastics and minimize the usage of plastics					K4
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit1	Air				6hours	
Air- Introduction- Definition- Composition of air- Air pollution-Definition-Air pollutants-Types of Air pollution - Causes of Air pollution on human health-Prevention of Air pollution						
Unit 2	Water				6 hours	

Water-Introduction-Definition-Sources of water-Types of water-Water quality parameters-Water pollution- Definition-Types of Water pollution- Causes of Water pollution on human health-Prevention of Water pollution.		
Unit 3	Energy	6 hours
Energy - Introduction- Definition-Sources of energy- Types of energy- Renewable energy sources- Non-renewable energy sources- Nuclear energy-Applications.		
Unit 4	Polymers	7 hours
Polymers –Introduction-Definition- Types of polymers based on physical property- Characteristics of polymers- polyethylene – PVC- Synthetic fibres –Definition, Nylon 66, and Terylene.		
	Total Lecture hours	25 hours
Text Book		
1. Environmental Chemistry, A.K.De, 8 th edition, New age international publishers.		
Reference Books		
1	Fundamental concepts of applied Chemistry, Jayashree Ghosh, 1 st edition, S.Chand and company.	
2	Chemistry in context applying chemistry to society-, Lucy Pryde Eubanks, Catherine H. Middlecamp, Norbert J. Pienta, Carl E. Heltzel, Gabriela C. Weaver, 5 th edition, McGraw Hill.	
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]		
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/109/101/109101171	
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105124	
Course Designed By:Dr. M.Ilanchelian		

Mapping with Programme outcomes

POS COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO 6
CO1	M	H	S	S	S	H
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S

CO3	M	S	S	H	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	H	S	S

S-Strong; H-High; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA23A	Organic Chemistry – II	L	T	P	C
Core		Organic Spectroscopy, Stereochemistry, Rearrangements, and Heterocyclic Chemistry	4	1		4
Pre-requisite		Basic concepts of spectroscopy, organic reactions, and stereochemistry	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are						
1. To understand the basic principles of NMR and Mass spectroscopy and their application in organic molecules.						
2. To understand the basic concept of conformational analysis and stereochemistry.						
3. To know about the principles of molecular rearrangements, it is essentially involved in the named reactions.						
4. To acquire basic knowledge about the heterocyclic chemistry involved in various natural products.						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to						
1	To remember the basic principles of Mass and NMR spectroscopy and the stereochemistry of organic and heterocyclic molecules					K1
2	To understand the concept of conformational analysis and the stereochemistry of organic molecules. To get the basic idea about heterocyclic chemistry in various natural products and molecular rearrangements involved in organic reactions.					K2
3	To apply the concept of NMR, Mass spectroscopy in organic molecules to determine their structures, and the concept of stereochemistry in optically active organic molecules and heterocyclic molecules					K3
4	To analyze the geometry of the molecules as well as the stereochemistry of the organic molecules. To analyze organic molecules using organic spectroscopic methods to determine the organic structure.					K4

K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create		
Unit 1	Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy	12 hours
¹ H-NMR spectroscopy: Magnetic properties of nuclei -Chemical shifts – spin-spin coupling – coupling constant – analysis of first order spectra – spin-spin splitting – shielding, deshielding, anisotropic effect – AX, AX ₃ , A ₂ X ₃ , AMX, ABX, AB ₂ , A ₂ B ₂ systems – Karplus equation – factors influencing the coupling constant (J) – influence of stereochemical factors on chemical shift of protons – Protons-deuterium exchange phenomenon, chemical spin decoupling of rapidly exchangeable protons (-OH, -SH, -COOH, -NH, -NH ₂) – non first order spectra – simplification of complex spectra – double resonance – shift reagents – NOE and its applications. ¹³ C-NMR spectroscopy: low natural abundance – ¹ H decoupling – off-resonance study - effect of alkyl and halogen substitution, hybridization effects. APT, DEPT, INEPT, and INADEQUATE techniques.		
Unit 2	Mass Spectrometry	12 hours
Instrumentation - methods of ionization - EI, CI, SIMS, FAB, MALDI, and ESI. HRMS- Mass analyzer - magnetic and electrostatic sector, quadrupole, and time of flight. Presentation and analysis of spectra - determination of molecular formula - nitrogen rule - isotopic abundance analysis - metastable ions and peaks - molecular ion peak. Fragmentation process - even and odd electron ions - scission with rearrangement - retroDiels-Alder rearrangement - McLafferty rearrangement - double bond and/or ring equivalents implied from a formula. Fragmentation associated with functional groups - aromatic and aliphatic hydrocarbons - halides - alcohols - Phenols - thiols- ethers - sulphides - carbonyl compounds - aldehydes - ketones - esters - carboxylic acids - acid chlorides - amines - amides - nitriles - nitro compounds - aromatic compounds - eliminations due to ortho group.		
Unit 3	Conformational Analysis and Stereochemistry	12 hours
Introduction to molecular symmetry and chirality – axis, plane, center, and alternating axis of symmetry. Optical isomerism due to asymmetric and dissymmetric molecules with C, N, and S based chiral centers. Optical purity, prochirality, enantiotopic and diastereotopic atoms, groups, faces, axial and planar chirality, chirality due to helical shape, methods of determining the configuration. D, L system, Cram's and Prelog's rules: R, S and E, Z notations, proR, proS, si phase and re phase, Cahn-Ingold-Prelog rules, absolute and relative configurations. Topicity and prostereoisomerism, chiral shift reagents, and chiral solvating reagents. conformational analysis of acyclic systems - carbohydrates - cyclohexanes – decalins - perhydrophenanthrene - spiranes- allenes and biphenyls. Asymmetric Synthesis-Introduction-methods of asymmetric synthesis-auxiliary controlled methods-reagent controlled methods-catalyst controlled methods.		

Unit 4	Molecular Rearrangements	12 hours
Molecular rearrangements - intramolecular rearrangements - 1,2-shifts in carbonium ions - Wagner-Meerwein and related rearrangements - Demjanov rearrangement - migration to carbonyl carbon - Neber rearrangement – Benzilic acid - Baeyer-Villiger rearrangement - rearrangements to electron-deficient nitrogen and oxygen - Dienone-Phenol - Favorskii - Wolff - Benzidine - Claisen - Cope rearrangements, Ylides: Stevens-Wittig-Sommelet-Hauser - Pummerer rearrangements - non-cyclic rearrangements - Chapman and Wallach rearrangements.		
Unit 5	Heterocyclic compounds	12 hours
Structure - synthesis and reactions of the following systems a) small ring Heterocycles - Aziridine, Oxirane, Thiirane, Azetidine, Oxetane, Thietane, Pyrrole, Furan, Thiophene, and Pyridine. b) Benzo fused Heterocycles – Indole, Benzofurans, Benzothiophenes, Quinolines, Benzothiazole, Benzoxazole, Benzopyrones, Carbazole.		
Self-Study (NOT FOR EXAMINATION)		
Unit 6	Introduction to AI in Chemistry	
Basics of AI and ML - AI Applications in Physico-organic, and analytical chemistry - Tools and platforms (Python, RDKit, scikit-learn, TensorFlow, Chemprop). Molecular Descriptors and Fingerprints - SMILES notation, InChI, and molecular representations - Feature extraction using RDKit - Morgan fingerprints, MACCS keys. Supervised Learning in Chemistry - Regression and classification models - QSAR/QSPR models - Cross-validation and model evaluation. AI in Drug Discovery - Virtual screening - ADMET prediction.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text Book(s) 1. Donald L. Pavia, Gary M. Lampman, George S. Kriz, and James R. Vyvyan, Introduction to Spectroscopy, 5 th Ed., Cengage India Private Limited, 2015. 2. P. S. Kalsi, Stereochemistry: Conformation and Mechanism, 11 th Ed., New Age International Private Ltd, 2022. 3. Jerry March, Advanced Organic Chemistry - Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, 4 th Ed., Wiley, 2006. 4. R. K. Bansal, Heterocyclic Chemistry, 5 th Ed., New Age International Private Ltd, 2017.		

Reference Books	
1	R. M. Silverstein, Francis X. Webster, David J. Kiemle, and David L. Bryce, Spectroscopic identification of organic compounds, 8 th Ed., Wiley; 2015.
2	William Kemp - Organic spectroscopy, 3 rd Ed., Palgrave Publishers Ltd., 1991.
3	E. L. Eliel, Stereochemistry of carbon compounds, McGraw-Hill, 1962.
4	Ernest L. Eliel and Samuel H. Wilen, Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, 1 st Ed., Wiley, 2008.
5	S. N.Sanyal, Reactions, Rearrangements and Reagents, 4 th Ed., Bharati Bhawan, 2003.
6	John A. Joule, K. Mills, Heterocyclic Chemistry, 5 th Ed., Wiley, 2010.
7	Thomas L. Gilchrist, Heterocyclic Chemistry, 3 rd Ed., Pearson Education India, 2005.
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/104/108/104108078/
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102101050
3	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106127/
4	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104105462
5	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105034/
Course Designed By: Dr. A. Kannan	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	M	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	M	M	S	S	S	M
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	M	M	S	S	S	M

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA23B	INORGANIC CHEMISTRY- II	L	T	P	C
Core		INORGANIC CHEMISTRY- II (Bioinorganic Chemistry)	4	1		4
Pre-requisite		Basic Notions of inorganic chemistry in biological systems	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to: 1. To understand the key role of various metal ion in the living systems. 2. To acquire basic knowledge about the structure and functions of metalloenzymes. 3. To gain insight into the small molecules transport, binding and activation mechanisms involving metalloenzymes 4. To know about the mechanism of binding interactions of metal complexes with bio-molecules and metal-based drug action.						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1	Understand the key function of metal ions such as manganese, iron, cobalt, nickel, copper, zinc, molybdenum etc. in biological system, in particular in metalloenzymes.				K1, K2, K3, K4, K5	
2	Acquire intense knowledge about various biological roles such as metal ion transport and storage, electron- and proton transfer, O ₂ transport, hydrolysis, etc. taking place at the active site of metalloproteins.				K1, K2, K3, K4, K5	
3	Gain knowledge about the medically-important topics such as i) metal in medicine, ii) interaction of metal ions with biomolecules, iii) the toxicity of metal ions, and use of iv) ruthenium and platinum complexes in cancer therapy. This would motivate the students to pursue their research in the field of medicinal chemistry.				K1, K2, K3, K4, K5	
4	Equip the student to answer the bioinorganic chemistry related questions which are frequently aroused in competitive examinations.				K4, K5	
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						

Unit1	Metals in Biology	12 hours
Metals and Non-metals in biological systems - Essential and trace elements - Role of different metal ions in biological systems - Storage and transport mechanism: Sodium-Potassium pump - Calcium ATPase pump - Ferritin - Hemosiderin - Transferrin –Siderophores: enterobactin, ferrioxime, ferrichrome–Ceruloplasmin, Metallothionein - Blue copper proteins - Catecholase - Photosynthesis: Chlorophyll andPhotosystem (PS-I and PS-II) - Structure-function relationship.		
Unit2	Structure and Function of Various Metalloenzymes	12 hours
Metalloenzymes - Definition - Examples - Active site structure and mechanism of action of - Carboxy peptidase-A, Carbonic anhydrase and Thermolysin - Structure and function of Galactose oxidase, Amine oxidase, Dopamine β -hydroxylase – Ascorbate oxidase -Superoxide dismutase (SOD) (Fe-SOD, Mn-SOD, Cu-Zn couple SOD and Ni-SOD), Peroxidase and catalase - Xanthine oxidase, Nitrogenase, Hydrogenase, Urease		
Unit3	Heme and Non-heme Metalloenzymes	12 hours
Phorphyrin system - Structure and functions of hemoglobin and myoglobin, hemocyanin – hemerythrin - Dioxygen binding, transport and utilization - Synthetic oxygen carriers - Vitamin B ₁₂ and B ₁₂ co-enzyme - Non-heme iron-sulphur proteins: rubredoxin andferridoxins- Cytochrome a, b, c - Cytochrome P450, Cytochrome c oxidase - Methane monooxygenases (sMMO, pMMO).		
Unit4	Metals in Medicine	12 hours
Binding of metal ions and complexes to biomolecules, Types of binding - Nucleic acid structures - Fundamental interactions with nucleic acids - Binding interactions oftris-phenanthroline metal complexes with DNA - Techniques to monitor binding (electronic absorption, fluorescence and circular dichroic spectral techniques, electrochemical behaviour, viscosity measurement and ploarimetry). Chemotherapy - Radio diagnostic agents - MRI scanning - Chelating Agents (with special reference to EDTA) and therapy based on in vivo chelation of radio nucleotides - Dosage and toxicity.		
Unit5	Drug Discovery and Design	12 hours
Drug discovery and design - Therapeutic index and chemotherapeutic index - Structure -activity relationship - Factors governing drug design - Computer aided drug design - Bleomycin –		

Doxorubicin - Cancer chemotherapy - Bioinorganic chemistry of platinum and ruthenium anticancer drugs - Mechanism of action of cisplatin - Clinical trials and their significance - Applications of Coordination complexes in medicine.		
Unit6	Metal Based Drugs	
Gold-based drugs -treatment of cancer and rheumatoid - mechanism of interaction. Lithium containing drugs- uses - mode of interaction - side effects. Silver based drugs -anti-bacterial - antifungal agent - anticancer agent. Bismuth containing drugs - the treatment of acidity and related diseases.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text Book(s): 1. Dr Asim K Dass, Bioinorganic Chemistry 2007, Books and Allied (P) Limited. 2. Bioinorganic chemistry: Inorganic Elements in the chemistry of life, 2 nd edition, Wolfgang Kaim, Brigitte schwederski, Axel klein.		
Reference Books		
1	I. Bertini, H. B. Gray, S. J. Lippard and J. S. Valentine, Bioinorganic Chemistry; University Science Books.	
2	J. E. Huheey, E. A. Kieter, and R. L. Keiter, Inorganic Chemistry, 4 th Edition, Addison Wesley Publishing Company.	
3	Keith F. Purcell and John C. Kotz, Inorganic Chemistry, 3 rd Edition.	
4	S. J. Lippard and J. M. Berg, 1994, Principles of Bioinorganic Chemistry, University Science Books.	
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]		
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/101/104101121	
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/101/104101116	
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105031	
4	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105120	
Course Designed By: Dr. K.Sundaravel		

Mapping with Programme outcomes

PO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO3	M	S	S	S	S	S

CO4	S	M	S	S	S	S
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*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA23C	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY - II	L	T	P	C
Core		PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY - II (QUANTUM CHEMISTRY AND GROUP THEORY)	4	1	0	4
Pre-requisite		Understanding the physical and mathematical aspects of quantum mechanics	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to: 1. To present the basic principles of quantum chemistry and group theory. 2. To learn the theories and basics of quantum mechanical treatment and group theoretical approach. 3. To motivate the student to visualize the atomic and molecular patterns.						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:						
1	Understand the concepts of classical and quantum mechanics to picture out the failure of classical mechanics. To comprehend the approximate methods in quantum mechanics.					K4
2	Recollect the dual character of electrons and apply the Schrödinger wave equation to particles in a system.					K2
3	Apply group theory and categorize the molecules based on the structure and bonding interactions.					K3
4	Analyze the solution in terms of energy and wave function for H, H-like atoms, and multielectron systems and review the group's theoretical approach toward Spectroscopy.					K4
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit 1						
QUANTUM CHEMISTRY- I			12 hours			

Failure of classical mechanics and the success of quantum theory in explaining black body radiation - photoelectric effect and the H-atom spectrum - DeBroglie's matter waves - Heisenberg's uncertainty principle - Schrodinger equation - Born's interpretation of the wave function - requirements of the acceptable wave function.

Algebra of operators - sums and products of operators - commutator - linear operators - eigen functions and eigenvalues - correspondence between physical quantities in classical mechanics and operators in quantum mechanics - Hamiltonian operator - quantisation of angular momentum and its spatial orientation - average (expectation) values - postulates of quantum mechanics.

Unit 2	QUANTUM CHEMISTRY-II	12 hours
Particle in a one-dimensional box - quantization of energy - normalisation of the wave function - orthogonality of the particle in a one-dimensional box wave functions - average position and average momentum of a particle in a one-dimensional box - illustration of the uncertainty principle and correspondence principle with reference to the particle in a one-dimensional box - particle in a three-dimensional box - separation of variables – degeneracy. Schrodinger equation for the simple harmonic oscillator of a diatomic molecule - illustration of the uncertainty principle and correspondence principle with reference to harmonic oscillator. Schrodinger equation for a rigid rotor of a diatomic molecule. Schrodinger equation for the H-atom (or H-like species) - separation of variables - energy levels - radial factors of the H-atom wave functions.		
Unit3	APPLICATIONS OF QUANTUM CHEMISTRY	12hours
Need for approximation methods - the perturbation theory (first order only) application of the perturbation method to He-atom - the variation method - applications of variation method to He-atom. Electron spin and the Pauli principle – symmetric and antisymmetric nature of the wave functions - Slater determinants - approximate wave function of many electron atoms – Born-Oppenheimer approximation - Elementary concepts of MO and VB theories - Hybridization – Huckel theory of linear conjugated systems – Cyclic systems – Wood-ward Hoffman rules.		
Unit 4	GROUP THEORY	12 hours
Symmetry elements and symmetry operations - identity - centre of symmetry - axis of symmetry - plane of symmetry and improper rotation axis of symmetry. Groups and their properties - molecular point groups and classification - matrices-matrix representation of symmetry operations Classes - representations - reducible and irreducible representations - properties of irreducible representations - Statement and proof of Great Orthogonality theorem and its consequences -		

Construction of character table for C_{2v} and C_{3v} point groups.		
Unit 5	APPLICATIONS OF GROUP THEORY	12 hours
Standard reduction formula relating reducible and irreducible representations - Symmetries of normal modes of vibration in non-linear molecules (H_2O , NH_3 , BF_3) - Selection rules for vibrational spectra – IR and Raman active fundamentals – Mutual exclusion rule - Symmetries of M.O and symmetry selection rule for electronic transition in ethylene and formaldehyde - Hybridization schemes for atoms in ethylene and butadiene.		
Unit 6	Self-study topics in Quantum Chemistry and Group Theory (Not for Examination)	
Preliminary mathematics; Fundamental concepts and problems in trigonometric - Exponential functions - Matrices Vector Algebra - Differential equations – Integrations - Legendre differential equations - Legendre and associated Legendre Polynomials - Hermite and Associated Laguerre polynomials - Orthogonal functions and Sturm-Liouville problems. Polyatomic Molecules - localized and delocalized molecular orbitals - H_2O molecule - hybridization and non-equivalent hybrids - construction of sp, sp^2, sp^3, dsp^2, and d^2sp^3 hybrids and non-equivalent sp, sp^2, and sp^3 hybrids. Symmetry selection rules for vibrational - Electronic and Raman Spectra – determination of representation of vibrational modes in non-linear molecules such as CH_4, $XeOF_4$, and SF_6 – symmetry of Hybrid orbitals in non-linear molecule (CH_4 and PCl_5).		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text Book(s) 1. F. A. Cotton – Chemical applications of group theory, Wiley India Pvt Ltd 3 rd Ed., 2008 2. W. J. Moore - Physical Chemistry, 5 th Ed., 1998. 3. A. K. Chandra - Introductory Quantum Chemistry, 4 th Ed., 2017.		
Reference Books		
1	I. N. Levine - Quantum Chemistry, 7 th Ed., Pearson India, 2016.	
2	R. K. Prasad - Quantum Chemistry, 4 th revised Ed., New Age International Pvt. Ltd, 2014.	
3	G.W. Castellan - Physical Chemistry, 1983.	

4	P. Atkins - Physical Chemistry, Oxford University Press, 8 th Ed., 2006.
5	Swarnalakshmi S. - A Simple Approach to Group Theory in Chemistry, Universities Press, 2009.
6	Raman, K.V. - Group theory and its applications to chemistry, Tata Mac Graw Hill, 2004.
7	Advanced Engineering Mathematics by ERWIN KREYSZIG.
8	Allied Mathematics by Dr. P.R. Vittal
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/101/104101126/
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/101/104101094/
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/108/104108057/
Course Designed By: Dr.T.Selvaraju	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
POs						
CO1	S	M	M	M	S	S
CO2	M	M	M	M	S	S
CO3	M	M	S	S	M	M
CO4	S	M	M	M	S	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA2EA	Elective -IV	L	T	P	C
Elective		Inorganic Spectroscopy	4	1	0	4
Pre-requisite		Knowledge in structural behavior of chemical compounds	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are						
1. To understand the role of IR, Raman, ORD & CD spectroscopic techniques in inorganic chemistry.						
2. To acquire intense knowledge about the electron paramagnetic resonance spectroscopy and its applications in structural elucidation of organic radicals and inorganic compounds.						
3. To gain in-depth knowledge of inorganic NMR, NQR spectroscopy and to analyze the structure of various compounds.						
4. To elucidate the structure of iron and tin compounds in different oxidation states by using Mossbauer Spectroscopy.						
5. To get deeper insight on the use of photoelectron spectroscopy and X-ray absorption spectroscopy as analytical techniques for structural investigation.						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1.	To gain knowledge about the basic principles of various inorganic spectroscopic techniques.					K1
2.	To understand the importance of different spectral techniques.					K2
3.	To apply the gained knowledge to evaluate the structure of various compounds using different spectroscopic techniques.					K3
4.	To analyze the electronic properties and bonding mechanism in various inorganic compounds.					K4
5.	To solve the problems related to inorganic spectroscopy.					K5
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						

Unit1	IR, Raman, ORD and CD Spectroscopy	12 hours
Infrared and (Resonance) Raman and spectra of metal complexes. - Molecular vibrations of di and triatomic molecules - Metal-ligand vibration - Band assignment - Resonance enhancement - Mechanisms - Excitation profiles, Multimode effect - Application to 2Fe-2S, 4Fe-4S and 3Fe-4S proteins and elucidation of binding mode of dioxygen in enzymes. Circular Dichroism spectroscopy - Basic principle - Origin of optical activity - chirality and nomenclature of chiral complexes - Cotton effect- optical isomerism in octahedral complexes - absolute configuration of complexes - stereoselectivity and conformation of chelate rings - Optical Rotatory Dispersion and linear dichroism - examples - application of CD in conformation analysis of biomolecule(s) (DNA).		
Unit 2	Electron Paramagnetic Resonance Spectroscopy	12 hours
ESR introduction - Zeeman equation, g-value, nuclear hyperfine splitting - interpretations of the spectrum, simple carbon centered free radicals. Anisotropy-g-value and hyperfine splitting constant - McConnell's equation - Krammer's theorem – spin-orbit coupling – dipolar contribution – dipole-dipole interaction - ESR of transition metal complexes (copper, manganese and vanadyl ions) – isotropic, axial and rhombic spectra of copper(II) systems – Application of EPR: structural elucidation of coordination complexes: determination of electron delocalization, bonding mechanism of dioxygen adducts of dinuclear cobalt complexes, EPR of blue copper proteins.		
Unit3	Inorganic NMR and NQR Spectroscopy	12 hours
^{31}P, ^{19}F NMR spectrum of HPF_2, PF_5, PCl_2F_3, P_4S_3, TiF_4, BrF_5, SF_4, SF_6, XeF_4O, SiF_6^{2-}, B_3H_8^-, NF_3, $\text{P}_3\text{N}_3\text{Cl}_4\text{F}_2$, ClF_5, ClF_3, phosphorous and hypophosphorous acid systems, $\text{HP}(\text{O})\text{F}_2$, $\text{HOP}(\text{O})\text{FH}$ - use of lanthanide compounds as shift reagents. NMR applications to metalloproteins - paramagnetic complexes. NQR - Principles – Introduction - Nuclear Quadrupole Energy Levels - Energy Levels and transition frequencies – Effect of a magnetic field - The Zeeman effect - Factors affecting the Field Gradient- Applications of NQR: Interpretation of eQq data- Solid state effect-Structural information.		
Unit 4	Mossbauer Spectroscopy	12 hours
Introduction - Principle of the Mössbauer Effect and Basic Concepts of Mössbauer Spectroscopy - Doppler shift - Experimental Resonance Conditions - Sharpness of resonance - Recoil Effect - Cross-section for Resonant Absorption - Comparison Between Electronic and Nuclear Transitions - Mössbauer-Experiment (Mössbauer spectrometer black diagram only) - Hyperfine Interactions and Mössbauer parameters: Isomer Shift, Electric Quadrupole Splitting, Magnetic Dipole		

Splitting, Applications: Mossbauer spectra of high- and low-spin iron compounds and tin halides systems: Prussian blue-Turn bulls blue, iron-carbonyl compounds, Sodium nitroprusside, FeX_2 , SnX_4 , SnX_6^{2-} , $\text{SnX}_5\text{Y}^{2-}$ (X and Y = F^- , Cl^- , Br^- , I^-) Tin halides - Spin Crossover, Molecular magnetism - Bioinorganic Compounds.		
Unit 5	Photoelectron Spectroscopy and X-ray Absorption Spectroscopy	12 hours
Photoelectron spectroscopy (UV and X-ray) – Physical principle – Experimental details - Koopman's theorem - chemical shift and correlation with electronic charges – Applications of PES. X-ray absorption spectroscopy (XAS) and Extended X-ray absorption fine structure (EXAFS) – Applications of X-ray absorption spectroscopy. X-ray Absorption Edges - X-ray Fluorescence - Measurement of X-ray Absorption Spectra -Theoretical Description of EXAFS Spectra - Single scattering, Multiple scattering – Data reduction and analysis - Applications: structure determination, Resolution of crystallographic disorder, Oxidation state, prediction of molecular symmetry, determinations of atoms present in the first coordination sphere (Edge and EXAFS analysis) – Structure of Metal clusters.		
Unit 6	Mass Spectrometry of Inorganic compounds (Not for examination)	
Experimental arrangements – Operation and Representation of Spectra- Molecular ion – Fragmentation – Ion reactions- Thermodynamic data – Fingerprint application and the interpretation of mass spectra – Effect of Isotopes on the appearance of a Mass spectrum – Molecular weight determinations - Appearance Potentials and Ionization Potentials.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text Book(s) 1. R. S. Drago - Physical methods in Inorganic Chemistry. 2. Donald L. Pavia, Gary M. Lampman and George S. Kriz, Jr - Introduction to Spectroscopy: A Guide for students of organic chemistry		
Reference Books		
1	Lawrence Que, Jr.- Physical Methods in Bioinorganic Chemistry.	
2	A. K Das - Bioinorganic Chemistry.	
3	E. A.V Ebsworth, D. W. H. Rankin and S. Cardock- Structural Methods in Inorganic	

	Chemistry.
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106048/
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/108/104108124/
Course Designed By: Dr. B. Murugesapandian	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
COs						
CO1	S	M	M	M	S	S
CO2	M	M	M	M	S	S
CO3	M	M	S	S	M	M
CO4	S	M	M	M	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA2EB	Elective-V	L	T	P	C
Elective		Energy, Dairy and Drug Chemistry	4	1	-	4
Pre-requisite		Background knowledge of Bio chemistry with an interest in drug discovery	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to: </						

the greenhouse effect-molecular response to radiation-methane and other greenhouse gases-climate modeling-Neutralizing the threat of acid rain.		
Unit 2	NEW ENERGY SOURCES FOR THE NEW CENTURY	12 hours
Renewable energy sources-Introduction to Solar energy-Waste Bio-Mass energy-Sea wave energy-Tidal energy-Ocean thermal conversion energy-Geothermal energy-Wind energy-Nuclear fusion energy. Solar Energy-Fuel from sunlight-splitting of water-hydrogen from sunlight-hydrogen economy-fuel cells-batteries-photovoltaics-stealing the sun. Nuclear energy- nuclear fission and fusion-production of electricity by nuclear reactor-radioactivity and the hazards of radioactivity-living with nuclear power.		
Unit3	DRUGCHEMISTRY	12hours
Antibacterial Drugs-(i) Sulpha drugs, (ii) Antibiotics-Sulphanilides-Properties of Sulphanilamides, Mechanism of Action of Sulpha drugs, Sulphadiazine, Cibazole, Sulphafurazole, Prontosil; Antibiotics; Classification of Antibiotics; Chloramphenical; Penicillin; Streptomycin; Tetracycline; Macrolides. Anticonvulsant Agents-Barbiturates-Synthetic uses; Mydantoin; Oxazolinediones; Acetyl Urea derivatives; Succinimides; Miscellaneous. Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS)-Introduction; Prevention; Treatment-Heterocyclic compounds as (eg., Quinoline, Carbazole, Coumarin and Naphthyridines)-HIV Integrase Inhibitors – Anti-HIV natural products - Synthesis. Awareness through chikungunya -Chikungunya, Causes; Virus; mosquito; Emergent in drug discovery- Comparative studies with malaria.		
Unit4	DAIRY CHEMISTRY	12 hours
Milk and Milk products -Composition of Milk; Flavour and aroma of Milk; Physical properties of Milk; Effect of heat on Milk; pasteurization; Homogenisation; milk products; Cream; butter; ice cream; milk powder.		
Unit5	AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY	12 hours
Soil Chemistry -Introduction; Soil classification and survey; Properties of Soil; Soil Texture; Soil Water; Soil Temperature; Soil Colloids; Soil Minerals; Soil pH acidity and alkalinity; Buffering		

Soil; Soil Fertility; Soil formation.		
Insecticides, Fungicides and Herbicides- Introduction; Methods of Pest Controls; Methods of using Pest Controls; insecticides; the arsenic compounds; Fluorine compounds; Boron compounds; Mercury compounds; Copper compounds; Sulphur compounds; Modern Insecticides; Some Important Herbicides; Rodenticides; Benefits of Pesticides; Adverse Environmental effects of pesticides.		
Fertilizers- Classification of Fertilizers; Important example for Fertilizers; Nitrogenous fertilizers, Phosphate fertilizers, Potash fertilizers; Effects of fertilizers.		
Manures, compost and saw dust- Farm yard Manure; Compost; Reinforcing Manure; Green Manure Crops; Saw dust; Night soil, sewage and sludge; Bio gas production and Manure.		
Unit 6	LEATHER CHEMISTRY (Not for examination)	
Introduction; Structure of Hides & skins – Outline of Chief processes used in leather manufacture IA processes before tannage: Flaying; Curing, soaking, Unhairing; Liming; Fleshing; Deliming; Bating; Pickling- IIB Tanning process methods of Tanning: Vegetable Tanning; Chrome Tanning; Aldehyde Tannage: IIIC Finishing Process After Tannage- Tannery effluent- Primary Treatment – Secondary Treatment – Tertiary Treatment.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text Book(s) 1. Energy resources and the environment, V. K. Prabhakar, 2001 . 2. Fundamental Concepts of Applied Chemistry, Jayashree Ghosh, S.Chand, 2005 .		
Reference Books		
1	Chemistry in Context: Applying Chemistry to Society, Conard L. Stanitski. Luey Pyrde Eubenks. Catherine H. Middle Camp and Wilmer J. Stratton, third edition, 2000 , Mc Graw Hill.	
2	Chemistry of the environment, Bailey, Clark, Ferris, Isrause, Strong, second edition, 2001 Elsevier publications.	
3	I. P. Singh, S. B. Bharate and K.K.Bhutani, Current Science, Vol. 89, NO. 2, 25, July- 2005 .	
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]		
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/109/101/109101171/	
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/126/105/126105012/	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
COs						
CO1	S	H	S	S	M	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	H	S
CO3	S	S	S	H	H	S
CO4	S	S	S	H	M	S
CO5	S	S	S	H	M	S

S-Strong; H-High; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA2EC	Elective-VI	L	T	P	C
Elective		ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE	4	1	-	4
Pre-requisite		Design intelligent agents to solve real world problems	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to: 1. to introduce Artificial Intelligence and machine learning 2. to facilitate students to learn and apply AI tools for solving research issues 3. to understand the basics of robotic process automation 4. to develop automated solutions for research problems .						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1	Gained the knowledge on Artificial Intelligence and machine learnings					K1 & K2
2	Student will apply AI tools for solving research issues					K2 & K3
3	Student will understand the basics of robotic process automation					K4
4	Student can acquired the knowledge on automated solutions for research problems					K5 & K6
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit1						
Unit1		Artificial Intelligence (AI)			12 hours	
Introduction to AI – Fundamentals – Need for AI – Foundations of AI – AI environment – Application domains of AI – AI tools – Challenges and Future of AI						
Unit2						
Unit2		Machine learning (ML) and Deep learning (DL) & Artificial Intelligence in Biology research			12 hours	
Fundamentals of ML and DL – ML algorithms to find associations across biological data, cellular image classification and identification of genetic variations. AI in drug design – AI in Phylogeny – AI in next generation sequencing – AI in protein structure						

prediction – AI in protein folding analysis.		
Unit3	Python programming	12 hours
Introduction to Python language – Python, Machine learning and AI - Data types, variables and operators – Conditions and loops – Structure of a Python program – Packages and function – Writing simple python codes.		
Unit 4	Robotic Process Automation (RPA)	12 hours
Fundamentals of RPA – Programming basics from RPA perspective – Applying RPA – RPA development methodology – Architecture of RPA – RPA and emerging ecosystem.		
Unit5	UiPath Studio	12 hours
Introduction - Automation debugging – Automation library – Activities Packages – Basic automation tasks - Text and image automation – Data tables in RPA – Extracting data from data tables and pdf – Building simple Automation projects.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]		
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/103/112103280/	
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106145/	
Course Designed By:		

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
POs						
CO1	M	M	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA23P	PRACTICAL - II	L	T	P	C
Practical		INORGANIC CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL	0	0	6	4
Pre-requisite		Basic properties of Inorganic salts	Syllabus Version		2025- 2026	
Course Objectives						
1. To equip the students with analytical skills by analyzing the given inorganic salt mixture containing two common cations and two rare cations. 2. To perform systematic qualitative analysis with the strong theoretical back ground. 3. To impart knowledge on the quantitative analysis of different metal ions. 4. To enable the students to prepare simple complexes by using published reactions.						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1	Able to identify the nature of any unknown metal ions				K1, K2, K3, K4	
2	To identify the presence of microlevel compounds occurring in crude form in the nature				K1, K2, K3, K4	
3	To determine the water quality in terms of metal content				K4, K5	
4	Able to design and prepare the starting material leading to the synthesis of therapeutic compounds				K3, K4, K5	
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit1	Qualitative analysis			14 hours		
Qualitative analysis employing semi-micro methods and spot tests of mixtures of common cations and cations of the following less familiar elements. Tungsten, selenium, tellurium, molybdenum, cerium, zirconium, vanadium, and lithium. (minimum 5)						

Unit2	Colorimetry	15 hours
Colorimetric estimations of copper, nickel, iron and chromium using photoelectric colorimeter.		
Unit3	Titrimetry	16 hours
Complexometric titrations involving estimations of single cations: calcium, magnesium, nickel, and zinc; binary cation mixtures: Bi^{3+} - Zn^{2+} , Cu^{2+} - Zn^{2+} ions and hardness of water.		
Unit4	Preparation of inorganic complexes	15 hours
About six preparations involving different techniques selected from the following. (i) Nickel ammonium sulfate (ii) Potassium tris(oxalato)chromate(III) (iii) Chloropentamminechromium(III) nitrate (iv) Aquapentamminechromium(III) chloride (v) Potassium tris(oxalato)ferrate(III) (vi) Hexamminecobalt(III) chloride (vii) Tris(1,2-diaminoethane)nickel(II) sulfate (viii) Nickel(salen) complex (ix) Tris(thiourea)copper(I) chloride (x) Trans-bis(glycinato)copper(II) (xi) Bis(acetylacetonato)copper(II) (xii) Tetrammine copper(II) sulfate (xiii) Hexathiourealead(II) nitrate		
	Total hours	60 hours
Text Book(s) 1. V.V.Ramanujam, Inorganic Semimicro qualitative analysis, 3 rd edition, National Publishing		

company, 1974	
2. R. Mukhopadhyay & P. Chatterjee, Advanced Practical Chemistry, Book & Allied (p) ltd 2007.	
Reference Books	
1	V.V.Ramanujam, Inorganic Semimicro qualitative analysis, 3 rd edition, National Publishing company, 1974
2	Vogel's qualitative Inorganic analysis, 6 th edition Longman.
3	J.Men dham, R.C. Denney, M. J.K. Thomas Darid & J.Bares, Vogels quantitative chemical analysis, 6 th edition prentice hall 2000.
Course Designed By: Dr. K. Sundaravel	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

PO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	S	H	S	S	S	H
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	H	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	M	S	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	GS73	SUPPORTIVE -II	L	T	P	C
Supportive		CHEMISTRY IN DAY TO DAY LIFE	2	0	0	4
Pre-requisite		Understanding the significance of Industrial products	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are						
1. To acquire the fundamental concepts related to the chemistry in daily life						
2. To understand the importance of different types of commercial products for the environment						
3. To apply the basic concepts of chemistry in the manufacture of commercial products for the society						
4. To find the efficiency and the utility of the byproducts derived from the basic and applied concepts of chemistry						
5. To have knowledge about the basic concepts of various micronutrients, fertilizer, dyes, disinfectants and detergents.						
6. To introduce the properties, structural elucidation, applications and the demerits of the products of the applied chemistry.						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1	To introduce the concepts, definition and importance of the chemistry in the form of various products.					K1
2	To understand the occurrence, source, types, uses and demerits of the industrial products					K2
3	To gain the knowledge of the implementation of fundamental chemistry concepts in the manufacture of commercial products for the society					K4
4	To analyze the structural relationship of the commercial materials with the effect of applications and the biological implications of micronutrients					K4
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit 1						
Essential Micronutrients			6 hours			

Carbohydrates - Proteins - Lipids - Nucleic acids and Vitamins – Definition, Sources, Classification, Applications and Diseases due to deficiency.		
Unit 2	Soil Nutrients and Food Additives	6 hours
Fertilizers – Pesticides - Insecticides – Definition, Classification, Characteristics and Uses. Additives –Definition, Characteristics, Uses and Abuse of additives in foods and beverages		
Unit 3	Dyes, Paints and Pigments	6 hours
Dyes – Definition, Classification based on mode of application and structure, Applications. Paints – Definition, Ingredients, Characteristics, uses and drying process. Pigments -Varnishes - Definition, Characteristics, Types and Uses.		
Unit 4	Soaps, Detergents and Disinfectants	6 hours
Soaps and Detergents - Definition, Ingredients, Classification, Characteristics and Uses. Disinfectants – Definition, Characteristics and Uses. Perfumes - Definition, Characteristics, Raw materials and perfumes used in soaps - Cosmetics.		
		1 hour
Power Point Presentation: Micronutrients		
Seminar: Fertilizers, Pesticides and Insecticides		
Assignment: Dyes and Paints		
	Total Lecture hours	25 hours
Text Book		
1. Industrial Chemistry by B.K.Sharma,Goel publishing House, Meerut.		
Reference Books		
1	K.Bagavathi Sundari (2006), Applied Chemistry, MJP Publishers.	
2	Des W.Connell (2016). Basic Concepts of Environmental Chemistry, Second edition, Taylor & Francis Group.	
3	Ley E.Manahan (2009), Fundamentals of Environmental Chemistry, Third Edition, CRC Press, Taylor & FrancisGroup.	

Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/105/105105200/
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/116/104/116104044/
Prepared by : Dr. I. Prabha	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

PO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	S	H	S	S	S	H
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	H	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	M	S	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA33A	Organic Chemistry –III	L	T	P	C
Core		Modern Organic synthesis, Photochemistry, and Pericyclic reactions	4	1	-	4
Pre-requisite		Basic idea on the reaction mechanism, photochemistry, and the orbital symmetry of molecules	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives:						
The main objectives of this course are						
1. To understand the basic concept of organic reaction and the mechanism involved in organic reactions, and the concept of retrosynthetic analysis involved in total organic synthesis						
2. To know the basic principles of photochemistry of alkenes and ketones in aromatic systems						
3. To acquire knowledge about pericyclic reaction and their stereochemistry involved in organic molecules.						
Expected Course Outcomes:						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1	To remember the basic concept of organic reactions and retrosynthetic techniques used in organic synthesis. To keep in mind the basic principles involved in photochemistry and pericyclic reactions					K2
2	To understand the basic concept of retrosynthetic analysis, protection and deprotection of functional groups in organic compounds. Understand the concept involved in photochemistry and Pericyclic reactions.					K4
3	To apply the concept of retrosynthetic analysis to find an easy and simple synthetic route for the synthesis of targeted molecules, the basic knowledge of photochemistry and pericyclic reactions in organic molecules is required to get the exact stereochemistry of the reaction systems.					K5
4	To investigate organic chemistry problems using organic reactions, retrosynthesis, photochemistry, and pericyclic reactions in competitive examinations.					K3
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit 1	Organic reactions				12 hours	

Evans aldol reaction, Mukaiyamaaldol reaction, Barbier coupling reaction, Corey-Chaykovskyeoxidation, Corey-Fuchs alkyne synthesis, Dakin oxidation, Hantzschdihydropyridine synthesis, Henry reaction, HWE olefination, HWE olefination-Still modification, Kagan-Molander coupling, Keck asymmetric allylation, Knoevenagel condensation, Passerini multicomponent reaction, Perkin reaction, Pictet-Spengler tetrahydroisoquinoline Synthesis, Prins reaction, Roush asymmetric allylation, Sakurai allylation, Seyferth-Gilbert homologation, Stetter reaction, Strecker reaction, Takai-Utimotoolefination, Tebbeolefination, Wittig reaction-Schlosser modification. Hajos-Parrish reaction, Nazarov cyclization, Pauson-Khand reaction, Bergman cycloaromatization, Danheiserbenzannulation, Dötzbenzannulation. Doering-LaFlammeallene synthesis, Liebenhaloform reaction

Unit 2	Retrosynthetic analysis, protection, and deprotection	12 hours
An introduction to retrosynthesis - synthon – synthetic equivalent – target molecule, functional group interconversion. Linear and convergent synthesis, umpolung of reactivity. Retro synthetic analysis and Synthesis of simple organic molecules such as 1,2, 1,3, 1,4, and 1,5-dicarbonyl compounds (both acyclic and cyclic). Formation of 3, 4, 5, and 6-membered cyclic compounds. retro Diels-Alder reactions - Wieland Miescher ketone synthesis - Retrosynthesis of 3, 4, 5, 6-membered carbo and heterocycles. Protection and deprotection of functional groups - R-OH, RCHO, R-CO-R, R-NH ₂ , and R-COOH. Use of PTC (phase-transfer catalyst) and Crown ethers in organic synthesis.		
Unit 3	Photochemical Excitation and Ketone Photochemistry	12 hours
Light absorption - Experimental techniques - Electronic transitions - Franck-Condon principle - Jablonski diagram - Intersystem crossing - Energy transfer - Molecular orbital view of excitation - The geometry of excited states - Reactivity of electronically excited ketones - α - cleavage - γ -hydrogen transfer Norrish Type I and Type II reactions – Photo reduction - oxetane formation – Reactivity of π - π^* excited ketones – Photochemistry of α , β - unsaturated ketones - photo dienone-phenol rearrangement.		
Unit4	Photochemistry of Alkenes and Aromatic Compounds	12hours
Olefin photochemistry - conjugated olefins - Isomerisation and rearrangements - cis-trans isomerisation - valence isomerisation - rearrangement of 1,4 and 1,5 dienes - di-pi methane rearrangement - Cope and Claisen rearrangement - cycloaddition reactions - Photochemistry of Aromatic compounds - Arene photo isomerisation – Photo dimerization - Cycloaddition reaction – 1,2 cycloaddition – Photo oxygenation.		
Unit 5	Pericyclic Reactions and its Stereochemistry	12 hours

Pericyclic Reactions: Concerted reactions – orbital symmetry and correlation diagram approach – FMO and PMO approach, Woodward -Hofmann rules – Electrocyclic reactions (1,3 -butadiene - cyclobutene and 1,3,5 -hexatriene - cyclohexadiene systems) – cycloadditions [2+2] and [4+2] systems (ethylene to cyclobutane, 1,3 - butadiene and ethylene to cyclohexene systems) – concerted Vs non-concerted cycloaddition – Reactivity of dienophile and diene - selection rules – cycloreversion (reterocycloaddition reactions) – 1,3 - dipolar cycloaddition - Sigmatropic reaction – Stereochemistry of Sigmatropic reactions.		
Self-Study (NOT FOR EXAMINATION)		
Unit 6	Retrosynthetic analysis of Natural products	
Retrosynthetic Analysis of Fumagillol, Ibogamine, Estrone, Longifolene, Porantherine, Gibberellic Acid and Retigeranic Acid.		
	Total Lecture hours	60hours
Text Book(s): 1. P.S. Kalsi, Organic Synthesis through Disconnection Approach, 3rd Ed., Medtech Science Press, 2022. 2. Jie Jack Li, Name Reactions: A Collection of Detailed Mechanisms and Synthetic Applications, 7th Ed., Springer Cham, 2025. 3. J.D. Coyle, Photochemistry in Organic Synthesis, The Royal Society of Chemistry, 1986. 4. Jagdamba Singh and Jaya Singh, Photochemistry and Pericyclic Reactions, 4th Ed., New Age International Publishers, 2019.		
Reference Books		
1	E.J. Corey and Xue-Min Cheng, The Logic of Chemical Synthesis, 1 st Ed., Wiley-Interscience, 1995.	
2	LászlóKürti and Barbara Czako, Strategic Applications of Named Reactions in Organic Synthesis, 1 st Ed., Academic Press, 2005.	
3	Bradford P. Mundy, Michael G. Ellerd, Frank G. Favaloro Jr., Name Reactions and Reagents in Organic Synthesis, 2 nd Ed., Wiley-Interscience,2005.	
4	O. Buchardt, Photochemistry of heterocyclic compounds, John Wiley & Sons Inc,1976.	
5	N.J.Turro, V. Ramamurthy, and J.C. Scaiano, Modern Molecular Photochemistry for Organic Molecules, 1 st Ed., Viva Books Private Ltd, 2016.	
6	Charles H. Depuy, Orville S. Chapman, Molecular reactions and Photochemistry, Prentice-Hall, 1975.	
7	Ian Fleming, Frontier Orbitals and Organic Chemical Reactions, 1 st Ed., Wiley, 1991.	

Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104105087
2	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103023/
3	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105038/
4	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106077/
Course prepared by : Dr. A. Kannan	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO						
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	M	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	M	S	S	M
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA33B	Inorganic Chemistry –III	L	T	P	C
Core		Solid State and Nuclear Chemistry	4	1	0	4
Pre-requisite		Fundamental concepts of the structure of the atom and isotopes	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives:						
The main objectives of this course are						
1. To gain the basics in solid state chemistry.						
2. To emphasize the significance of crystallographic properties and description of crystal structures.						
3. To acquire awareness about the defects in crystal structure and its effect in electrical properties.						
4. To understand the working principle and application particle accelerator and counters.						
5. To get knowledge about the application of nuclear chemistry.						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able						
1.	To know through knowledge about the basics of solid state chemistry, X-ray crystal structure of the compounds, important feature of spinels, lattice energy, various defects in crystals and electrical properties of solids.					K1
2.	To understand the various types of close packing arrangements of different solid structures.					K2
3.	To understand the basics concepts of nuclear structure of atomic nucleus and able to apply the notions to solve the problems of atomic nuclei.					K3
4.	To get clear idea about the basics of nuclear chemistry and its application in various fields.					K4
5.	To create the various models of solid state structures					K6
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						

Unit 1	Solid State Chemistry –I	12hours
The growth and form of crystals - the crystal systems and Bravais lattices - Miller indices and labelling of planes - symmetry properties - crystallographic point groups and derivation of space groups for triclinic and monoclinic cell systems- fundamentals of X-ray diffraction - powder and rotating crystal methods - systematic absences and determination of lattice types - analysis of X-ray data for cubic system - structure factor and Fourier synthesis - electron and neutron diffraction and structure determination.		
Unit2	Solid State Chemistry –II	12 hours
Types of solids - close packing of atoms and ions - bcc, fcc and hcp voids - radius ratio - derivation - its influence on structures - structures of rock salt - cesium chloride - wurtzite - zinc blende - rutile - fluorite - antiferite - diamond and graphite - spinel - normal and inverse spinels and perovskite - lattice energy of ionic crystals - Madelung constant - Born-Haber cycle and its applications.		
Unit 3	Solid State Chemistry –III	12 hours
Metallic state - free electron and band theories - non - stoichiometry - point defects in solids - Schottky and Frenkel defects - linear defects - dislocations - effects due to dislocations - electrical properties of solids - insulators - intrinsic semiconductors - impurity semiconductors (n and p-type) and superconductors - elementary study of liquid crystals.		
Unit4	Nuclear Chemistry – I	12hours
Nucleus: nuclear structure and density - stability of nuclei - packing fraction - even - odd nature of nucleons - n/p ratio - nuclear potential - binding energy and exchange forces - shell model and liquid drop model. Decay of radionuclei: rate of decay - determination of half-life period - secular equilibrium and decay series. Modes of decay: alpha, beta, gamma and orbital electron capture - nuclear isomerism - internal conversions - Q value - nuclear cross section - threshold energy and excitation functions. Particle acceleration and counting techniques: linear accelerator - cyclotron and synchrotron - betatron - G. M. counter - proportional and scintillation counters.		
Unit 5	Nuclear Chemistry – II	12 hours
Different type of nuclear reactions with natural and accelerated particles - transmutation - stripping and pick-up - spallation - fragmentation, etc. - fission - characteristics of fission reaction - product distribution and theories of fission - fissile and fertile isotopes - U235, U238, Th232 and Pu239 - atom bomb - nuclear fusion - stellar energy - synthesis of new elements - principles underlying the usage of radioisotopes in analysis - agriculture - industry and medicine - mechanism of chemical reactions - uses of radioisotopes in analytical chemistry - isotopic dilution analysis - neutron activation analysis and dating methods.		

Unit6	Supramolecular Chemistry (Not for examination)	
Basic concept and principles: history - molecular recognition - hydrogen bonds: definition, structure and stability, strength, secondary electrostatic interactions in hydrogen bonding arrays- non-covalent interactions: ion pairing, ion-dipole interactions, dipole-dipole interactions, dipole-induced dipole and ion-induced dipole interactions, <i>vanderwaals</i> or dispersion interactions- hydrogen bonding, halogen bonding, cation- interactions, anion-π interactions, π-π interactions, closed shell interactions, aromatic-aromatic interactions- benzene crystals, edge-to-face vs. π-π stacking interactions, N-H- π interactions- sulfur-aromatic interactions- benzene-hexafluorobenzene π-stacking- Biological supramolecular systems: ionophores, porphyrin and other tetrapyrrolic macrocycles, coenzymes, neurotransmitters, DNA and biochemical self-assembly. supramolecular reactivity.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text Book(s): 1. H. J. Arnikaar - Essentials of Nuclear Chemistry 2. N. B. Hannay – Solid State Chemistry		
Reference Books		
1	N. B. Hannay, Solid State Chemistry, Prentice Hall, 1967	
2	L. V. Azaroff, Introduction of Solids, McGraw-Hill Inc., 1960	
3	A. R. West, Solid State Chemistry and its Applications, John Wiley & Sons Ltd., 2 nd Edition, 2014.	
4	R. J. Silbey, R. A. Alberty, M. G. Bawendi, Physical Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. Fourth Edition, 2005.	
5	A. K. Das, Fundamental Concepts of Inorganic Chemistry, CBS, 2 nd Edition, 2019	
6	P. Atkins, J. d. Paula, Physical Chemistry, W. H. Freeman and Company, Eighth Edition, 2006.	
7	S. Glasstone, Sourcebook of Atomic Energy, Krieger Publishing Company, 3 rd edition, 1979.	
8	G. Friedlander, J. W. Kennedy, E. S. Macias, J. M. Miller, Nuclear and Radiochemistry, John Wiley and Sons, 3 rd edition, 1981.	

9	J. W. Steed, J. L. Atwood, Supramolecular Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2 nd Edition, 2009.
10	J. M. Lehn, Supramolecular Chemistry, VCH, Weinheim, 1995.
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/108/104108098/
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/104/104104101/
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115/103/115103101/
Course Designed By: Dr. B.Murugesapandian and Dr.K.Sundaravel	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO2	M	S	S	M	S	S
CO3	M	M	S	M	M	M
CO4	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO5	M	S	L	M	L	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA33C	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY – III	L	T	P	C
Core		CHEMICAL KINETICS AND SURFACE CHEMISTRY	4	1	0	4
Pre-requisite		Basic kinetics concepts of a chemical equation, bonding, reactions, and it's stoichiometry	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to: 1. To learn the rate and order of different reaction kinetics. 2. To give a thorough introduction to slow and fast reaction kinetics and macromolecules. 3. To provide knowledge in homogenous and heterogeneous catalysis.						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:						
1	Get detailed knowledge about the rate of any reaction and various parameters that affect the rate.					K1
2	Understand the theories of catalytic activity and polymerization techniques.					K3
3	Apply the catalytic principles in large-scale industries.					K4
4	Impart knowledge in solid and liquid phase kinetics					K5
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit 1						
Unit 1		CHEMICAL KINETICS	12hours			
Rate of chemical reactions – kinetics of first, second and third order reactions – complex methods of determining rate laws, order, and molecularity concepts.						
Theories of reaction rates: Arrhenius theory, hard-sphere collision theory of gas phase reactions – Potential energy surfaces – Activated complex theory for ideal gas reactions (formation in terms of partition functions) – Relation between activated complex theory and hard-sphere collision theory – Thermodynamic formulation-activated complex theory (Enthalpies and entropies of activation) – Kinetic isotopic effect.						

Unit 2	KINETICS OF REACTION IN SOLUTION	12 hours
Comparison between gas phase and solution reactions – Cage effect – The influence of the solvent on the reactions between ions and reaction between ions and neutral molecules – Influence of ionic strength on rates of reactions in solution – Significance of volume and entropy of activation – Secondary salt effect. Kinetic treatment of complex reactions: Parallel reactions of the same order (first or second order) – Reversible reaction of the same order (first or second order) – First-order forward and second-order backward – Consecutive first-order reactions, steady state and rate-determining step (or equilibrium) approximation of complex reactions – Chain reactions and explosions.		
Unit 3	FAST REACTIONS	12 hours
Study by stop-flow techniques, relaxation methods – Flash photolysis, magnetic resonance methods - Kinetic theory of gases and its Postulates – Maxwell distribution of Molecular velocities - Expressions for most probable velocity, average velocity, root mean square velocity – Collision diameter, Collision frequency, Mean free path. Transport properties of gases – Thermal conductivity, Viscosity, Diffusion - principle of equipartition of energy.		
Unit 4	HOMOGENEOUS CATALYSTS	12hours
Specific and general acid-base catalysis – Bronsted catalysis law – Acidity functions. Enzyme catalysis (single substrate reactions only) – Michaelis-Menton kinetics – Influence of pH and temperature on enzyme catalysis. Surface Phenomenon and Heterogeneous catalysts - Adsorption and free energy relation at interfaces – Gibbs adsorption isotherm – Physisorption and chemisorptions – Adsorption isotherms (Langmuir and BET) – Measurement of surface area – Kinetics of heterogeneous catalysis (Langmuir Hinshelwood mechanism and Eley-Rideal mechanism) – Semiconductor catalysis.		
Unit5	MACROMOLECULES	12 hours
Addition and condensation polymers, number average and weight average molecular weights of macromolecules – Determination of molecular weights – Kinetics of polymerization, molecular and free radical mechanism – Polymerisation in solution – Stereochemistry.		
Unit 6	Mathematical modeling and simulation in Chemical Kinetics and Biodegradable polymers and Bioplastics: (Not for Examination)	

Mathematical modeling and simulation in Chemical Kinetics: Ionic strength with CHEMSIMUL – Maintain constant concentration of solute – Equilibrium of gas phase with solution - Mass balance of G-values – Handling of an equilibrium – Zero-order reaction.		
Biodegradable polymers and Bioplastics: The 21 st century polymers: Biodegradable polymers classes - Natural biodegradable polymer - Synthetic and modified naturally biodegradable polymer - Bioplastics and biocomposites - processing and applications.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text Books: 1.K.J. Laidler, Chemical Kinetics, Pearson, 3 rd Ed., 2003. 2. Gurdeep Raj, Chemical Kinetics, Krishna Prakashan Media Pvt. Ltd., 2016 3. P. Atkins - Physical Chemistry, Oxford University Press, 8 th Ed., 2006.		
Reference Books		
1	W. J. Moore - Physical Chemistry, 5 th Ed., 1998.	
2	A.A.Frost and R.G. Pearson, Kinetics and Mechanism, 1961.	
3	F.W. Billmeyer, Text book of Polymer science, Wiley- Interscience, 3 rd Ed., 2007.	
4	P. Kirkegaard, E, Bjergbakke and J.V. Olsen (2008) CHEMSIMUL: A chemical kinetics software package.	
5	Hand Book of Biodegradable polymers Catia Bastioli, - Rapra Tech	
6	Biopolymers, R.M. Johnson, L.Y. Mwaikambo and N. Tucker	
7	Hand Book of Bioplastics & Biocomposites for Engineering Applications Srikanth Pillai	
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]		
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106094/	
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/106/103106116/	
Course Designed By: Dr.M.Ilanchelian		

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	M
CO2	S	S	S	M	L	S
CO3	M	S	S	M	M	S
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA3EA	Elective-VII	L	T	P	C
Elective		BIOORGANICCHEMISTRY	4	1	0	4
Pre-requisite		Understanding of important biological actions through organic and natural molecules	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives:						
The main objectives of this course are to: To teach the essential role of organic chemistry inbiology						
1. To teach the vital role of vitamins in the biological systems						
2. To teach the biosynthetic organic methodologies.						
3. To teach the mode of vitamins and energy source in biologicalsystem						
4. To teach novel reagents involved in bioorganicreactions						
5. To teach the medicinalchemistry						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to						
1	Understood role and application of organic chemistry in biology and also vital role of vitamin in biological system.					K2
2	Clinical skills in biology by using organic knowledge					K3
3	Learnt the knowledge of organic reagents in biology					K4
4	Gained Knowledge about medicinal chemistry					K5

K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create		
Unit 1	Amino acids, Proteins, and Nucleic acids	12 hours
Synthesis of amino acids and polypeptides - primary and secondary structure of a protein - the N-terminal and C-terminal residue analysis - oxytocin - enzymes and coenzymes - biosynthesis of protein - Nucleic acids - structure and synthesis of nucleosides - structure and synthesis of nucleotides -structure of RNA and DNA and their biological importance.		
Unit 2	Vitamins	12 hours
Structure and synthesis of vitamin B complex: vitamin B ₁ (aneurin) - vitamin B ₂ (riboflavin) - vitamin B ₅ (pantothenic acid) - vitamin B ₉ (folic acid) - vitamin H (biotin) - vitamin B ₆ (pyridoxine) - vitamin B ₁₂ (cyanocobalamin) structure only - vitamin E (α -tocopherol) - vitamin K ₁ (phyloquinone) and vitamin K ₂ .		
Unit 3	Terpenoids	12 hours
Isolation and classification - general methods to elucidate the structure of terpenoids - methods of structure elucidation and synthesis as applied to zingiberene - eudesmol - caryophyllene - abietic acid - santonin - biosynthesis of terpenes.		
Unit 4	Bioenergetics	12 hours
Concept of energy - thermodynamic principles - first law, second law, combining the two laws - relationship between standard free energy change and equilibrium constant. Standard free energy values of chemical reactions - Adenosine triphosphate (ATP) as universal currency of free energy in biological systems - ATP hydrolysis and equilibria of coupled reactions - inter conversion of adenine nucleotides.		
Unit 5	Medicinal Chemistry	12 hours
Design, development and mechanism of action of drugs: Antimicrobial, anticancer, antidiabetic, anti-inflammatory and anti-tubercular drugs. Cardiovascular drugs: cardiotonic, anti-hypertensive, anti-rhythmic and lipotropic drugs. Metals in Drug design: Historical development and advantages.		
Unit 6	Antibiotics (Not for Examination)	
Importance of antibiotics, History of discovery, Classifications. Structure, production and		

mechanism action of i) Penicillins ii) Streptomycin iii) Chloramphenicol (Chloromycetin) iv) Tetracycline derivatives – Oxytetracycline (tetracycline) v) Cephalosporins - Cephalosporin-N, Cephalosporin-C.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text Book(s):		
1. Organic Chemistry of Natural Products, Volume II, Gurdeep R.Chatwal		
2. Medicinal Chemistry forthe21 st Century. Ed. C. G. Wermuth, Blackwell, Oxford, 1992		
Reference Books		
1	Organic Synthesis, 2nd Edition by Michael B Smith, McGraw-Hill, New York. International Edition, 1994.	
2	R.K. Mackie and D.M. Smith. 1998, Guide book to organic synthesis, ELBS Publication.	
3	I.L. Finar, Organic Chemistry, 5 th Edition,Vol.II, 1986, ELBSPublication.	
4	L.Smith,RobertL.Hill.1.RobertLehman,RobertJ.IetRowitz,PhilpHandler andIbrahim white principles of Biochemistry General aspects, 7thEdition, McGraw Hill Int.	
5	L. Stryer, Biochemistry, W.H.Freeman and Co., NewYork.	
6	B.L. Smith, 1980, Organic synthesis, Chapman and Hall,NY.	
7	Francis.A. Carey, Richard J. Sundbreg, 2001, AdvancedOrganic Chemistry, 4 th Edition, Plenum Press,NewYork.	
8	Drug Metabolism: Databases and High Throughput Testing During Drug Design and Development. Ed. P. W. Erhardt, Blackwell, Oxford, 1999.	
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]		
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105120/	
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103121/	
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105087/	
4	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106106/	
5	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103023/	

Course Designed By: Dr. T. Suresh

Mapping with Programme outcomes

POs COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	S	M	M	S	S	M
CO2	M	M	S	S	M	S
CO3	S	S	M	S	S	M
CO4	M	M	M	S	M	M

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA3EB	Elective - VIII	L	T	P	C
Elective		INDUSTRIAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY	4	1	-	4
Pre-requisite		Basic synthetic procedure involved in Chemical Industry	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives:						
The main objectives of this course are to: 1. To teach the essential role of industrial process of petrochemicals 2. To teach methodologies involved in dyeing in industries. 3. To teach preparation of soaps, oils and waxes 4. To teach the chemistry of natural and synthetic polymers.						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1	Understood role of industrial process and application of petrochemicals					K1
2	Preparative skills in manufacturing soaps, dyes and waxes					K2
3	Learnt the knowledge of natural polymers as their behavior					K4
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						

Unit 1	Industrial Organic Syntheses-Petrochemicals	12 hours
Introduction-Raw material and basic processes-chemical processes used in industrial organic synthesis-petrochemicals-methanol- ethanol-rectified spirit from beer-methylated spirit-proof spirit-preparation of absolute ethanol from rectified spirit-acetaldehyde-acetic acid-isopropanol-ethylene glycol-glycerine- acetone-phenol-ethylacetate.		
Unit 2	Hydrocarbons from Petroleum	12 hours
Introduction-raw materials-saturated hydrocarbons from natural gas-uses of saturated hydrocarbons-unsaturated hydrocarbons acetylene, ethylene, propylene and butylene. Aromatic hydrocarbons-benzene, toluene, xylenes-chemical processing of paraffin hydrocarbons,-acetylene and aromatic hydrocarbons.		
Unit 3	Dyes	12 hours
Introduction-sensation of colour-colour and constitution-nomenclature-basic operations in dyeing-classification of dyes according to the mode of application.-synthesis, reaction and applications of diphenyl methane dyes-triphenylmethane dyes-phthalein dyes- xanthene dyes-acridine dyes-Sulphur dyes-cyaninedyes.		
Unit 4	Oils, Fats, Waxes and Soaps	12 hours
Introduction-Distinction between oils and fats-properties and its classifications-animal fats and oils-difference between, animal, vegetable and mineral oils- isolation of essential oils and their uses-saponification value-ester value-acid value-iodine value-wijs method-Reichert meissl value-Henher value-elaiden test-hydrogenation of oils – Soap and its manufacture-general consideration in soap making –manufacture of toilet and transparent soaps-oil to be used for soap-cleansing action of soap.		
Unit 5	Natural and Synthetic Polymer	12 hours
Introduction-types of polymerization and their utility, mechanism involved in preparation-thermoplastic and thermosetting polymers- phenolic resins, polyurethanes, epoxy resins, alkyl resins. Natural and synthetic rubber-types and their utility-polymer properties and structure.		
Self-Study (NOT FOR EXAMINATION)		
Unit 6	Pulp and Paper Technology	

Introduction of pulp and paper technology: Manufacture of pulp, types of manufacturer of pulp-sulphate or kraft pulp- soda pulp-sulphite pulp-Rag pulp. Beating, refining, filling, sizing and colouring. Manufacture of paper-calendering-Uses- clean technologies in agro based industries. Ecological problems of Indian pulp and paper industry.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text Book(s):		
1. Industrial Chemistry (Including Chemical Engineering) B.K.Sharma (10 th Edition, 1999)		
Reference Books		
1	Industrial Chemistry (Including Chemical Engineering) B.K.Sharma(10 th Edition, 1999)	
2	Outlines of Chemical Technology – For the 21 st Century – M.Gopala Rao & Marshall Sittig (3 rd Edition, 1997)	
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]		
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/113/105/113105077/	
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/116/104/116104044/	
Course Designed By: Dr. A.Kannan		

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	S	M	M	S	S	M
CO2	M	M	S	S	M	S
CO3	S	S	M	S	S	M

***S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low**

Course code	CHMA3EC	Elective - IX	L	T	P	C
Elective		Data Analytics using R	4	1	0	4
Pre-requisite		Emphasis on statistical and analytical skills on computer language	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives:						
The main objectives of this course are to: 1. To introduce the concept of Data Analytics 2. To understand the features of R 3. To utilize the concept of data analytics and R						
Expected Course Outcomes:						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1	Student get the knowledge about data analytics					K2
2	Student can apply the concept of data analytics					K3
3	Student can analyze new tools used in robotics					K4
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit 1						
Unit 1			12 hours			
Introduction Data Analytics – Data Analysis Vs Data Analytics – Data Analytics – Types - Data Analytics – Framework – Data Analytics – Tool - R language - Understanding R features - Installing R and RStudio – Packages and Library – Importing and Exporting Files: CSV File – JSON File – txt File –Excel File – Xml File - Command Line Vs. Scripts. - Data Pre-Processing – Missing Value – Omitting Null Values – Data Transformation – Data Selection – Data Integration.						
Unit 2						
Unit 2			12 hours			
Understanding R features - Installing R and RStudio – Packages and Library – Importing and Exporting Files: CSV File – JSON File – txt File –Excel File – Xml File – Command Line Vs. Scripts Data Manipulation: Slicing - Subscripts and Indices – Data Subset – Dplyr Package: Select Function - Filter Function - Mutate Function - Arrange Function.						

Unit 3		12 hours
Data Summarization and Visualization - Mean – Median – Mode - Variability Measures - Variance – Range - IQR – Standard Deviation – Sum of Squares –Identifying Outliers using IQR. Data Visualization – Introduction – Datasets – Exploratory Data Analytics – Univariate Analysis – Histogram - Bivariate Analysis - Box Plot – Multivariate Analysis - Scatter Plot - MASS Package Categorical Variable –Bar Chart – Mosaic Plot.		
Unit 4		12 hours
Reporting Tool – Analysing Gathering Information – Story Telling – R Markdown – R Markdown Framework - rmarkdown package – Knit for Embedded Code: knitr package - Convert File:HTML, PDF, MS Word - Markdown Formatted Text - ShinyApp – shiny package: Built Shiny app – Control Widgets – Customize Reactions – Reactive Expressions - Customize Appearance - Deploy Shiny app.		
Unit5		12 hours
Data Analytics Case Studies – Marketing – Logistic Management – Insurance – Behavioural Analytics – Data Analytics on Diamond Dataset.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text Book(s):		
1. Vignesh Prajapati, “Big Data Analytics with R and Hadoop”, Packt Publishing, ISBN-978-1-78216-328-2, 2013.		
Reference Books		
1	V. Bhuvaneswari, “Data Analytics with R Step by Step”, Scitech Publisher, ISBN – 978-81- 929131-2-4, Edition 2016.	
2	Roger D.Peng, “R Programming for Data Science”, Lean Publishing, 2014.	
3	Sholom Weiss, et.al, “The Text Mining Handbook: Advanced Approaches in Analysing Unstructured Data”, Springer, Paperback 2010.	
4	Emmanuel Paradis, “R for Beginners”, 2005.	

Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/107/106107220/
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/110/106/110106072/
Course Designed By:	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO2	S	M	M	S	S	M
CO3	S	S	S	S	M	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA33P	PRACTICAL - III	L	T	P	C
PRACTICAL		PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL	0	0	6	4
Pre-requisite		Knowledge on phase transformations and titrimetry	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to: 1. To learn the practical knowledge about the chemical kinetics, conductivity and potentiometric titrations using lab scale experimental methods. 2. To motivate the students to understand the basic principles of chemical kinetics, potentiometric and conductometric titrations. 3. To learn proper maintenance of record observations and data interpretation.						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1	To validate the theory of electrochemistry and the measurement of electrical conductance through the practical seasons.					K2
2	To understand the basic concepts of conductometric and potentiometric titrations and the quantitative analysis of unknown solutions using the corresponding					K3

	instruments.	
3	To know about the practical applications of chemical kinetics as well as to understand about the adsorption studies.	K4
4	To learn the measurement of cell potential, conductivity, pH etc., using various electrochemical instruments.	K4
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create		
	Chemical kinetics (I and II order) - 5 Nos.	15 hours
Determination of rate constant of acid catalysed hydrolysis of an ester, Determination of Arrhenius parameters, kinetics of persulphate - iodine reaction, Study of primary salt effect, kinetics of iodination of acetone		
	Molecular weight determination - 1 No	3 hours
Rast method		
	Phase study	3hours
Simple eutectic system - 1 No.		
	Distribution coefficient - 2 Nos.	6hours
Partition coefficient of I ₂ , the study of equilibrium of the reaction between KI and iodine		
	Conductivity experiments - 6 Nos.	15 hours
Acid - base titration, mixture of acids vs NaOH, precipitation titrations, mixture of halides, Determination of dissociation constant, verification of Debye - Huckel Onsagar equation and Kohlraush law		
	Potentiometry - 5 Nos	12hours
(i) redox titrations		

(ii) acid - base titrations		
(iii) precipitation reactions		
	Validation of Freundlich adsorption isotherm.	3 hours
	Determination of unknown concentration of the given solution using photoelectric colorimeter.	3 hours
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text Book(s):		
1. P.S. Sindhu “Practical in Physical Chemistry”, Macmillan, 2005		
Reference Books		
1	H.R. Crockford, J.W. Nowell, “Laboratory manual of Physical Chemistry”, John Wiley and Sons, Inc.	
Course Designed By: Dr. T. Selvaraju & Dr. S.N. Karthick		

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO2	S	M	M	S	S	M
CO3	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	S	S	S	H	S	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	GS	Supportive III	L	T	P	C
Supportive		ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY	2	0	0	2
Pre-requisite		Basic idea about agriculture and dairy products	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to						
1. To acquire the basic concepts related to the chemistry for the effect of environment and the role of inorganic materials in biological applications						
2. To understand the importance of different types, unique properties of the commercial products to the benefit of environment						
3. To apply the basic concepts of chemistry in the manufacture of commercial products for the society						
4. To find the efficiency and the utility of the byproducts derived from the basic concepts of chemistryTo have knowledge about the basic concepts of soil nutrients and effects, inorganic compounds, milk and oil.						
5. To introduce the properties, structural elucidation, applications and the demerits of the products of the applied chemistry.						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to						
1	To introduce the concepts, definition and importance of the environmental chemistry in the form of various products.					K2
2	To understand the occurrence, source, types, uses and demerits of the industrial products and the inorganic compounds					K4
3	To gain the knowledge of the implementation of fundamental chemistry concepts in the manufacture of commercial products and its impact to the environment					K3
4	To analyze the structural relationship of the commercial materials with the effect of applications and the biological implications of inorganic compounds					K4
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						

Unit 1	Impact of Soil	6 hours
Soil-Introduction-Definition-Classification of Soil- Environmental properties of Soil-Soil minerals-Soil contamination- Ecological and health effects of Soil contamination.		
Unit 2	Role of Medicinal Inorganic Compounds	6 hours
Medicinal inorganic compounds-Alum, Phosphoric acid, Ferric ammonium citrate: Preparation, Properties and uses. Biological role of inorganic compounds-Sodium, Potassium, Calcium and Iodine: Sources, biological role and deficiency.		
Unit3	Milk	6 hours
Milk- Composition of milk-Properties of milk- Effect of heat on milk- Pasteurisation: Definition, process and its effects- Homogenisation- Milk products- Ice cream.		
Unit 4	Introduction to Oil	7 hours
Introduction- Oils- Definition, Classifications, Properties, and uses- Animal, Vegetable and Mineral oils- Fat-Definition- Functional properties- Types of Fat- Uses- Effect of fat on health.		
Power Point Presentation: Environmental properties and contamination of soil		
Seminar: Medicinal Inorganic Compounds		
Assignment: Milk and its importance		
	Total Lecture hours	25 hours
Text Book(s)		
1. K.Bagavathi Sundari (2006), Applied Chemistry, MJP Publishers.		
Reference Books		
1	Des W.Connell (2016). Basic Concepts of Environmental Chemistry, Second edition, Taylor & Francis Group.	

2	Ley E.Manahan (2009), Fundamentals of Environmental Chemistry, Third Edition, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/105/105105200/
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106106/
Course Designed By: Dr. I.Prabha	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

PO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	M	H	S	S	S	H
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	M	S	S	H	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	H	S	

S-Strong; H-High; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA43A	Organic Chemistry –IV	L	T	P	C
Core		Name reactions, Alkaloids, Steroids, Functional group transformations, and Reagents in Organic Synthesis	4	1	-	4
Pre-requisite		Basic knowledge of chemical compounds present in the natural products	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to: 1. To learn about naming reactions and their application in OrganicSynthesis 2. To learn about retro synthesis and biosynthesis of Alkaloids andSteroids 3. To learn about the functional group interconversion of organic molecules 4. To learn about the basic ideas and applications of organic reagents in organic synthesis						
Expected Course Outcomes:						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1	To understand naming reactions and their application in OrganicSynthesis					K1
2	To understand the Biosynthetic idea of Alkaloids and Steroids					K2
3	To gain the knowledge to convert one functional group into another in the organic synthesis.					K3
4	To review different types of reagents involved in chemical synthesis.					K4
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit 1	Name reactions				12 hours	
Baylis-Hillman, Duff, Simmons-Smith, Reformatsky, Ullmann, Wittig-Horner, Peterson, Julia olefination, Barton, Shapiro, Robinson annulation, Oppenauer oxidation, Eschweiler Clarke, Polonovski, Reissert, Mitsunobu, Leukart reaction, Bucherer, Willgerodt and Willgerodt-Kindler reaction.						
Unit 2	Alkaloids				12 hours	

Alkaloids – Properties, identification, function, classification, and extraction procedures. Structural elucidation of dictamnine - chinconine – quinine - morphine - reserpine - cocaine - lysergic acid and nicotine.		
Unit 3	Steroids	12 hours
Structural elucidation and spectrum of cholesterol (except Total Synthesis) - ergosterol - vitamin-D - equilenin - estrone - progesterone, stigmaterol, steroid hormones-androsterone, testosterone, oesterol, oestradiol, biosynthesis of steroids – Structure and synthesis of bile acids.		
Unit 4	Functional group transformations	12 hours
Carbonyl compounds (aldehyde and ketone) - Preparation from alcohols, alkenes, alkynes, arenes and carboxylic acid derivatives. Reactions: Nucleophilic additions-cyanide, bisulfate, ammonia, amines, oximes, hydrazines, semicarbazide, hydride, hydrogen, organometallic reagents, Cannizzaro and Benzoin condensation reactions. Reaction of enones-1,2 and 1,4 additions. Oxidation of carbonyl compounds and Wittig reaction. Amines (both aliphatic and aromatic) - Methods of preparation of amines by reduction of nitro compounds, imine, amides and cyanides, Hofmann degradation of amides and ammonolysis of halides. Reactions - basicity and acidity of different amines, salt formation, alkylation, acylation, Hofmann elimination and diazonium ion formation and its reactions. Reactions of aromatic amines.		
Unit 5	Reagents in Organic Synthesis	12 hours
Use of the following reagents in Organic synthesis and functional group transformation - diborane, dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC), 1,3-Dithiane, lead tetraacetate (LTA), diisobutylaluminium hydride (DIBAL-H), 9-borabicyclo(3.3.1)nonane (9-BBN), Raney Nickel, polyphosphoric acid (PPA), diazomethane (CH ₂ N ₂), Tri- <i>n</i> -butyl tin hydride, <i>n</i> -Butyl lithium, N-bromosuccinimide (NBS), 2,3-Dichloro-5,6-dicyano-1,4-benzoquinone (DDQ), diazabicyclo-undecane (DBU), trimethylsilyl iodide (TMSI), Gilman reagent, lithium diisopropyl amide (LDA).		
Unit 6	Anthocyanins (Not for Examination)	
General nature of anthocyanin, structure of anthocyanidins, General methods of synthesizing the anthocyanidins. Flavones, isoflavones, biosynthesis of the flavonoids, depsides, and tannins.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours

Text Book(s)	
1. R. T. Morrison, R. N. Boyd and S. K. Bhattacharjee, Organic Chemistry, 7th Edition, Pearson Education, 2010	
2. Fieser & Fieser's – Reagents for Organic Synthesis-Volume 1, John Wiley & Sons, 1967.	
Reference Books	
1	I. L. Finar, Organic chemistry, vol. I and vol.II., Pearson Education 2014
2	L.G.Wade Jr., Organic Chemistry, 8 th Edition, Pearson Education, 1987.
3	L. F. Fieser und M. Fieser, Steroids. Reinhold Publishing Corporation, New York 1959.
4	P.J.Garrat, Aromaticity, Mc Graw Hill, 1971.
5	Jerry March, Advanced Organic Chemistry - Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Wiley-Interscience, 1992.
6	P. Y. Bruice, Organic Chemistry, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2004
7	T. W. Graham Solomons and C. B. Fryhle, Organic Chemistry, 10th edition, Wiley
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103023/
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103111/
Course Designed By: Dr. T.Suresh	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	S	H	S	S	M	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	H	S
CO3	S	S	S	H	L	S
CO4	S	S	S	M	M	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA43B	INORGANIC CHEMISTRY –IV	L	T	P	C
Core		ORGANOMETALLIC CHEMISTRY	4	1	-	4
Pre-requisite		Basics of metalloorganic chemistry	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to: 1. Learn about the development of organometallic chemistry and types of bonds in organometallic complexes 2. Learn about the important organometallic complexes and their applications in various organic transformations as homogeneous/ heterogeneous catalysts 3. Recognition of organometallic chemistry in Noble Prize for chemistry in 2001, 2005 and 2010						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to						
1	Understand the historical development of Organometallic chemistry and uniqueness in various bonding behaviour of organometallic compounds.					K2
2	Gaining the knowledge on metal carbonyl compounds, various types of insertion reactions in carbonyl chemistry and their applications					K2 & K4
3	Organometallic alkyl, alkylidene and alkylidyne, alkene and alkyne chemistry and application of them in insertion, double carbonylation, olefin metathesis, hydrogenation, hydrosilation, oxidation and polymerisation reactions.					K2 & K4
4	Inferring the importance of metallocene chemistry and the applications of metallocenes in stereospecific polymerisation of 1-alkenes and fluxional behaviour of π -electron systems and importance of organometallic chemistry in catalysis and recognition of Noble prizes 2001, 2005 and 2010.					K4
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit1						
Unit1		Chemical bonding in organometallic compounds- Structure, bonding and reactivity of metal carbonyls			12 hours	

Definition of organometallic compound - effective atomic number rule –18-electron rule- classification of organometallic compounds - the metal carbon bond types - ionic bond – sigma covalent bond - electron deficient bond - delocalised bond - dative bond - metal carbonyl complexes - synthesis - structure and reactions of metal carbonyls - the nature of M- CO bonding- binding mode of CO and IR spectra of metal carbonyls - metal carbonyls- metal carbonyl anions - metal carbonyl hydrides - metal carbonyl halides - metal carbonyl clusters – Wade’s rule and isolobal relationship - metal nitrosyls - dinitrogen complexes - dioxygen complexes.		
Unit 2	Metal alkyl complexes, alkylidene and alkylidyne complexes: Synthesis, structure and reactivity	12hours
Metal alkyl complexes - stability and structure - synthesis by alkylation of metal halides - by oxidative addition - by nucleophilic attack on coordinated ligands - metal alkyl and 18 electron rule - reactivity of metal alkyls - M-C bond cleavage reactions - insertion of CO to M-C bonds - double carbonylation - insertions of alkenes and alkynes - insertions of metals with C-Hbonds - alkylidene and alkylidyne complexes - synthesis of alkylidene complexes in low oxidation states and in high oxidation states - bonding in alkylidene complexes - synthesis and bonding in alkylidyne complexes - reactivity of alkylidene and alkylidyne complexes.		
Unit 3	Metal alkene and alkyne complexes :Synthesis, structure, bonding and reactivity	12 hours
Alkene complexes - synthesis of alkene complexes by ligand substitution - by reduction and by metal atom synthesis - bonding of alkenes to transition metals - bonding in diene complexes - reactivity of alkene complexes - ligand substitution - reactions with nucleophiles - olefin hydrogenation - hydrosilation - Wacker process - C-H activation of alkenes - alkyne complexes - bonding in alkyne complexes - reactivity of alkynes - alkyne complexes in synthesis - cobalt catalysed alkyne cycloaddition.		
Unit4	Sandwich and half sandwich complexes : Structure and bonding	12 hours
Cyclopentadienyl complexes - metallocenes - synthesis of metallocenes - bonding in metallocenes - reactions of metallocenes - $\text{Cp}_2\text{Fe}/\text{Cp}_2\text{Fe}^+$ couples in biosensors - bent sandwich complexes - bonding in bent sandwich complexes - metallocene halides and hydrides - metallocene and stereospecific polymerisation of 1-alkenes - cyclopentadiene as a non-spectator ligand - monocyclopentadienyl (half-sandwich) complexes - synthesis and structures of allyl complexes - arene complexes - synthesis - structure and reactivity of arene complexes - multidecker complexes.		

Unit5	Organometallic compounds in homogeneous catalysis	12 hours
Organometallic compounds in homogeneous catalytic reactions - coordinative unsaturation – Reductive Elimination- Oxidative Addition- reaction - migration of atoms or groups from metal to ligand - insertion reaction - reactions of coordinated ligands - catalytic reactions of alkenes - isomerisation of alkenes - hydrogenation - hydroformylation and hydrosilation of alkenes - alkene polymerisation and oligomerisation.		
Unit6	Recognition of Organometallic Chemistry in catalysis (Not for examination)	
The Nobel Prize in Chemistry 2001- Asymmetric synthesis – Asymmetric oxidation- Asymmetric Hydrogenation, 2005- Olefins metathesis in organic synthesis (Yves Chauvin, Robert H. Grubbs and Richard R. Schrock methods) and 2010 – Palladium catalysed cross coupling reactions in organic synthesis (Heck, Negishi and Suzuki coupling reactions) – 2016-Molecular motors (Sauvage, Stoddart and Feringa - design and synthesis of molecular machines).		
Power point Presentations, Group discussions, Seminar, Quiz, Assignment, Experience Discussion, Brain storming, Activity, Case study		
Assignment: Types of bonding in organometallic chemistry and Nobel Prizes in chemistry. Power point presentation: Bondings in metal carbonyls and metallocene complexes, nucleophilic reactions on coordinated ligands. Seminar: Important catalytic reactions of various organometallic complexes.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text Book(s): 1. Basic organometallic chemistry, J. Haiduc and J. J. Zuckerman, Walter de Gruyter, Berlin, 1985. 2. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, F. A. Cotton and G. Wilkinson, Fourth Edition. 3. Organometallic and Bioinorganic Chemistry, Ajai Kumar, 4th Edition		
Reference Books		
1	Organometallics 1, Complexes with transition metal-carbon σ -bonds, Manfred Bochmann, Oxford science publications, Oxford, 1994.	

2	Organometallics 2, Complexes with transition metal-carbon π -bonds, Manfred Bochmann, Oxford science publications, Oxford, 1994.
3	Inorganic Chemistry - Principles of structure and reactivity, J. E. Huheey Harper International Edition, Harper and Rone New York, 1978.
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/101/104101123/
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/101/104101100/
Course Designed By: Dr. R. Prabhakaran	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	M
CO3	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO3	M	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	M	S	S	S	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA43C	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY – IV	L	T	P	C
Core		Classical and statistical thermodynamics	4	1	0	4
Pre-requisite		Thermodynamics principles and their properties.	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives:						
The main objectives of this course are to: 1. To study the concepts of classical thermodynamics and different theories of statistical thermodynamics. 2. To develop vast knowledge in the interpretation of various physical quantities involved in thermodynamics. 3. To explore the concepts of irreversible thermodynamics, and probability, distribution laws, partition functions.						
Expected Course Outcomes:						
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:						
1	Understand the perceptions of classical and statistical thermodynamics.				K1, K2	
2	Apply the third law of thermodynamics and irreversible thermodynamics.				K2, K3	
2	Analyze quantum statistics and partition function.				K3, K4	
3	Investigate the variation of fugacity, heat capacities, and various quantum statistics in the determination of probability.				K5	
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 – Create						
Unit1						
Unit1		THERMODYNAMICS OPEN SYSTEM			12 hours	
Chemical potential: concept - Gibbs-Duhem equation - variation with temperature and pressure. Fugacity: concept - determination of fugacity of a real gas from graphical method and Van der Waals equation – a variation of fugacity with temperature and pressure - a standard state and mixtures of non-ideal gases – determination of fugacity in gas mixtures (Lewis-Randall rule), chemical equilibrium involving non-ideal gas - the liquid mixtures. Activity: – standard state – rational and practical systems - dependence on temperature and pressure – determination of activity and activity coefficients of non-electrolytes.						

Unit:2	THIRD LAW OF THERMODYNAMICS and IRREVERSIBLE THERMODYNAMICS	12 hours
Probability and third law – Nernst heat theorem and other forms stating third law – Thermodynamic quantities at absolute zero – Statistical meaning of third law and apparent exception. Scope of irreversible thermodynamics - Thermodynamic criteria for non-equilibrium states - Phenomenological laws - Linear laws - Gibbs equation - Entropy production with specific examples – Principles of microscopic reversibility and verification - Onsager's reciprocal relations - Non-equilibrium stationary states - Prigogine's principle of maximum entropy production – Applications – Non-linear thermodynamics of irreversible processes.		
Unit:3	STATISTICAL THERMODYNAMICS – I	12hours
Mathematical introduction - Theories of permutations and combinations – Laws of probability – Distribution laws – Gaussian distribution. Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics – Thermodynamic probability – Thermodynamic probabilities of the system in equilibrium – Boltzmann expression for entropy – Sterling's approximation – State of maximum thermodynamic probability – Lagrange multipliers – Thermodynamics probabilities of systems involving energy levels – Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution law – Evaluation of alpha and beta in M-B distribution law.		
Unit 4	STATISTICAL THERMODYNAMICS - II	12 hours
Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac Statistics: Bose-Einstein distribution law – Entropy of Bose-Einstein gas -Plank distribution law for black body radiation – Fermi-Dirac distribution law – Entropy of a Fermi-Dirac gas – Heat capacity of electron gas and the heat capacity of metals – Helium at low temperature – Negative absolute temperature. Heat capacities of Solids: Einstein's and Debye's theories of heat capacities of solids.		
Unit5	STATISTICAL THERMODYNAMICS - III	12 hours
Partition function – definition, justification of nomenclature, microcanonical and canonical ensembles – Molecular partition function and canonical partition function – The relation between the total partition function of a molecule and the separate partition functions – Translational and rotational partition functions – Effect of molecular symmetry on rotational partition function – Ortho and para-hydrogen – Vibrational partition function. Electronic partition function. Evaluation of thermodynamic properties E, H, S, A, G, Cv and Cp from monoatomic and diatomic		

ideal gas molecule partition functions – Thermodynamics properties of polyatomic ideal gases – Calculation of equilibrium constants of reactions involving ideal gases from partition functions.		
Unit 6	THERMODYNAMICS AND NON-IDEAL SYSTEMS(Not for Examination)	
The zero, first and the second law of thermodynamics – Entropy – change in entropy with the change of P, V, and T – Entropy of mixing of ideal gases – Standard & physical significance - Nernst equation, Chemical equilibrium - temperature dependence, Vant-Hoff equation, Non-equilibrium thermodynamics - postulates and methodology - Phase equilibrium - Application to the three-component system. Activity and Activity coefficient: Concept - Temperature coefficient of activity - Standard states – Application of activity concept to solutions – Measurement of solvent activity from colligative properties – Determination of the activity of solute – Use of activities in the formation of reaction potentials.		
	Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text Book(s)		
1. M.C.Gupta – Statistical Thermodynamics, New Age International, 2007 2. Kalidas, C. & Sankaranarayanan, M.V. Non-Equilibrium Thermodynamics: Principles & Applications, Macmillan India Ltd. (2002). 3. Rajaram, R. and Kuriacose, J.C., “Thermodynamics”, Second Edition, S. Chand and Co., New Delhi, 1993. 4. B.R., Puri, L.R. Sharma and Madan S. Pathania, “Principles of Physical Chemistry”, Shoban Lal Nagin Chand & Co., Jalandhar, 2000. 5. R.K. Gupta, A textbook of Physical Chemistry, Arihant publication, latest ed., 2018.		
Reference Books		
1	F.T. Wall – Chemical Thermodynamics, Freeman and Company, 3 rd Ed., 1974.	
2	S. Glasstone – Thermodynamics for Chemists, East-West Press, 1 st Ed., 2008.	
3	J.F. Lee, F.W. Sears and D.L. Turcotte – Statistical Thermodynamics, 2 nd Ed., 1973.	
4	G.W. Castellan - Physical Chemistry, 1983.	
5	P. W. Atkins, Physical Chemistry; 11th Ed., Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2018.	

6	Non-equilibrium thermodynamics SR De Groot, P. Mazur
7	W.J. Moore, Physical Chemistry, Orient Longman, London, 1972.
8	L.K. Nash, Elements of Chemical Thermodynamics, Addison Wesley, 1962.
9	R.P.Rastogi and R.R Misra, Classical Thermodynamics, Vikas Publishing, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1990.
10	Horia Metiu, Physical Chemistry Thermodynamics, 1 st Ed.,2006.
11	S.H. Maron and J.B. Lando, Fundamentals of Physical chemistry, MacMillan Publishers, New York, 1974.
12	John F. Lee Francis W. Sears Donald L. Turcotte, Statistical Thermodynamics.
13	Leonard K. Nash, Elements of statistical thermodynamics, 2 nd Ed.
14	McClelland, Statistical thermodynamics, Chapman and Hall, 1973.
15	Donald A. McQuarie, Statistical Mechanics, Viva Books Pvt Ltd, 2003.
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106094/
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105088/
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103112/
Course Designed By: Dr. M. Ilanchelian	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
POs						
CO1	S	M	M	M	S	M
CO2	L	M	M	L	S	M
CO3	M	M	S	S	M	M
CO4	L	M	M	L	S	M

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMA43D	Elective - X	L	T	P	C
Elective		Analytical Chemistry	4	1	0	4
Pre-requisite		Fundamentals about the analytical techniques	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives:						
The main objectives of this course are to: 1. To study the various methods involved in analytical techniques 2. To learn the statistical analysis 3. To learn qualitative and quantitative measurements in the absorption and emission spectroscopy 4. To apply the knowledge of electrochemistry in practical applications 5. To learn the separation process using various chromatographic techniques						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1	Learnt to interpret the results of the quantitative and qualitative measurements					K3
2	Evolved the verification strategy in the error analysis					K5
3	Studied the detection of various metal ions in biological systems					K4
4	Gained the knowledge on redox system					K4
5	Expertise in the detection and quantitative analysis by using various chromatographic methods					K5
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit:1	Quantitative Inorganic Analysis				12 hours	
Theoretical basis of quantitative inorganic analysis-commonion effect solubility product, effect of acid, temperature and solvent upon the solubility of a precipitate. Super saturation-Von Weimarn						

concept. Formation and treatment of precipitates-co precipitation and post-precipitation. Precipitation from homogeneous solution. Specific and selective precipitants. Principles of acid-base, oxidation-reduction, precipitation and complexometric titrations-indicators used in such titrations. Uses of organic reagents in inorganic quantitative and qualitative analysis.		
Unit2	Data Analysis	12 hours
Errors in chemical analysis – Defining terms: mean, median, accuracy and precision – classification of errors: Systematic errors and random errors. Improving accuracy of analysis – mean, standard deviation and Q-test. Comparison of results – Least square, ‘t’-test, ‘F’-test and ‘Chi’ square test		
Unit 3	Techniques in Inorganic Chemistry	12 hours
Colorimetry: Theoretical and practical aspects of colorimetric analysis. Flame emission and atomic absorption spectroscopy – types of atomic spectroscopy – emission methods – absorption methods – fluorescence methods – source and atomizers for atomic spectroscopy – flame atomizers – Eletrothermal atomizers – principle and applications of atomic absorption spectroscopy. Advantages of atomic absorption spectrometry over flame photometry.		
Unit4	Electrochemical Methods of Analysis	12 hours
Cyclic Voltammetry, coulometry and amperometry-principle and applications. Thermal Characterization techniques, Principle and applications of Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA), Differentials Scanning Calorimetry (DSC) and Thermogravimetric Analysis (TGA) Thermometric titration.		
Unit 5	Chromatographic methods	12 hours
Classification – techniques and applications in column, size-exclusion, ion exchange, paper and thin layer chromatography. Gas chromatography and high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) – principle, equipment design, sample injection system, columns, detectors and applications.		
Unit 6	Sensors, Computational Techniques, and Artificial Intelligence in Chemistry (Not for Examination)	
Sensors- Introduction, Principle, Instrumentation, Classification – techniques and applications in		

smart sensors, wireless sensor networks, autonomous sensors and AI enabled computational tools. AI in Analytical Chemistry – principle, model design, data handling and applications.

CHEMDRAW - Writing Chemical Equation and Schemes using Software, Editing, Transporting Picture to Word Document. Construction of Molecules.

		Total Lecture hours	60 hours
Text Book(s)			
1. Bakshi, U.A. and A.V. Bakshi, Electronic Instrumentation, Technical Publications, Pune, India, 2008			
2. D.A.Skoog and D.M.West – Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry			
3.Chatwal Anand, Instrumental methods of Chemical Analysis, 5 th edition, Himalaya Publishing House, 2002.			
Reference Books			
1	A.T. Vogel – A text book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis.		
2	G.D. Christian – Analytical Chemistry		
3	Willard, H.H., Merit L.L., Dean J.A Seattle F.L., Instrumental Methods of Analysis, CBS publishing and Distribution, 2004.		
4	Skoog, West, Holler and Crouch – Analytical Chemistry – An Introduction.		
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]			
	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105084/		
Course Designed By: Dr. I. Prabha			

Mapping with Programme outcomes

COs PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	S	H	S	S	M	H
CO2	S	S	S	S	H	S
CO3	S	S	S	H	H	S
CO4	S	S	S	H	M	S
CO5	S	S	S	H	M	S

S-Strong; H-High; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMAV01	NMR Spectroscopy	L	T	P	C
		Value added Certificate Course	2	1	1	2
Pre-requisite		Fundamentals of NMR spectroscopy	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives:						
The main objectives of this course are to: 1. To understand the basic principles of NMR spectroscopy and their application in solving the structure of organic and inorganic molecules 2. To obtain hands on training for the operation of NMR spectrometer 3. To acquire the knowledge about the interpretation of spectrum						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1	Gain the knowledge on basic principles of NMR spectroscopy					K2
2	Understand the concept of NMR spectroscopy involved in organic and inorganic molecules					K4
3	Apply the concept NMR spectroscopy to find out the structure of known and unknown compounds.					K6
4	Interpret the spectrum for the characterization of structure elucidation of newly synthesized compounds.					K5
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit 1	Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy				15 hours	
Magnetic properties of nuclei - theory of nuclear resonance - chemical shifts - spin- spin coupling - shielding and deshielding mechanism - chemical exchange - nuclear magnetic double resonance - resonance with other nuclei - ¹³ C NMR (elementary idea only).						
Unit 2	Application of NMR Spectroscopic Techniques				15 hours	
Applications of NMR spectroscopy: Structure determination of organic compounds ¹ H and ¹³ C-NMR						

spectroscopic techniques. Understand the concept of 2D-NMR spectroscopic techniques.		
	Total Lecture hours	30 hours
Text Book(s): 1. Donald L. Pavia, Gary M. Lampman, and George S. Kriz, Jr - Introduction to Spectroscopy: A Guide for students of organic chemistry.1979. 2. William Kemp - Organic spectroscopy, Third edition, 1991.		
Reference Books		
1	I.L.Finar, Organic Chemistry, Volume I, The fundamental principles, Sixth edition, Pearson education Ltd., 2014.	
2	Spectroscopic identification of organic compounds, by R. M. Silverstein and G. C. Bassler. John Wiley and Sons Inc, New York and Chichester, Sussex, 2 nd Edn, 1967.	
Course prepared by : Dr. T. Suresh		

Mapping with Programme outcomes

PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO						
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	M	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	M	S	S	M
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMAV02	Analytical Instruments	L	T	P	C
		Value-added Certificate Course	2	1	1	2
Pre-requisite		Basic principles of Analytical chemistry	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to: 1. To study the various methods involved in analytical chemistry 2. To learn the statistical analysis and redox reactions occurring in solution 3. To learn qualitative and quantitative measurements in the absorption and emission spectroscopy 4. To learn the separation process using chromatographic techniques						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:						
1	Students acquire knowledge about various spectral and chromatographic techniques					K2
2	Can able to analyze the data and can extract the results obtained from the parameters					K4
3	Can able to conduct and follow various kinds of reactions occurring in solution					K5
4	Cab able to interpret the electronic and structural properties of unknown compounds					K3
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit 1	Colorimetry and Spectrophotometry				10 hours	
Special methods of analysis – Beer-Lambert law – Colorimeters – UV-Vis spectrophotometers – Single and double beam instruments – Sources and detectors – IR spectrophotometers – Types – Attenuated total reflectance flame photometers – Atomic absorption spectrophotometers – Sources and detectors – FTIR spectrophotometers – Flame emission photometers.						
Unit 2	Chromatography				10 hours	
Different techniques – Gas chromatography – Detectors – Liquid chromatographs – Applications – High-pressure liquid chromatographs – Applications.						

Unit3	pH Meters And Dissolved Component Analyzers	10 hours
Principle of pH measurement, glass electrodes, hydrogen electrodes, reference electrodes, selective ion electrodes, ammonia electrodes, biosensors, dissolved oxygen analyzer – Sodium analyzer – Silicon analyzer.		
	Total Lecture hours	30hours
Text Book(s): 1. R.S. Khandpur, ‘Handbook of Analytical Instruments’, Tata McGraw Hill publishing Co. Ltd., 2003. 2. H.H.Willard, L.L.Merritt, J.A.Dean, F.A.Settle, ‘Instrumental methods of analysis’, CBS publishing & distribution, 1995.		
Reference Books		
1	C.K. Mann, T.J Vickers & W.H. Gullick, ‘Instrumental Analysis’, Harper and Row publishers, 1974	
2	D.A. Skoog and D.M.West, ‘Principles of Instrumental Analysis’, Holt, Saunders Publishing, 1985	
3	G.W. Ewing, ‘Instrumental Methods of Analysis’, McGraw Hill, 1992.	
Course prepared by: Dr. K. Sundaravel		

Mapping with Programme outcomes

PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO						
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	M	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	M	S	S	M
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMAJA1	Current Trends in Solar Cells	L	T	P	C
		Job Oriented Certificate Course	2	1	1	2
Pre-requisite		Basic knowledge of solar cell	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	
Course Objectives						
The main objectives of this course are to						
1. Create awareness of the advanced technology of third-generation solar cells						
2. To know how the energy conversion process occurs in the device						
3. Provide knowledge on the fabrication of portable devices and measure their performance						
4. Model the new device for commercialization						
Expected Course Outcomes						
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:						
1	To understand various types of renewable energy resources, its working principle			K1, K2		
2	Understand the need for solar energy and its impact on society			K2, K3, K4		
3	Analyze the device performances			K1, K3, K5		
4	Develope new devices and commercialization ideas			K1, K2		
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						
Unit1	DYE / QUANTUM-DOT SENSITIZED SOLAR CELLS			15 hours		
Need of renewable energy sources - solar energy, nature of solar radiation, components - Classification of Photovoltaic and its principles - Dye-sensitized solar cells (DSSC) / Quantum – dot sensitized solar cells (QDSSC) – Introduction - working principle, fabrication, and applications.						
Unit 2	DEVICE PERFORMANCE AND ITS PARAMETERS			15 hours		
Evaluation parameters and factors affect the performance of photovoltaic devices. DSSC/QDSSC - Characterization of photoelectrochemical properties – Electrochemical impedance						

spectroscopy – dark current measurement – Open-circuit voltage decay: IV characteristics – incident photon-to-current conversion efficiency (IPCE) - intensity modulated photovoltage spectroscopy (IMPV) - lifetime measurements – Overview of Perovskite solar cells – introduction, working and fabrication – National and International solar panel production companies.		
	Total Lecture hours	30 hours
Reference Books		
1	Kothari D.P., “Renewable energy resources and emerging technologies”, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 2008.	
2	Jha A.R., “Solar Cell Technology and Applications”, CRC Press, 2010.	
3	Partain L.D., Fraas L.M., “Solar Cells and Their Applications”, 2nd ed., Wiley, 2010.	
4	Garg H. P., Prakash J., Solar Energy: Fundamentals & Applications, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1997	
5	Michael Grätzel, J. Photochemistry and Photobiology C: Photochemistry Reviews 4 (2003) 145–153, Solar Energy Conversion by Dye-Sensitized Photovoltaic Cells, Inorg. Chem., Vol. 44, No. 20, 2005 6841-6851.	
6	Dye Sensitized Solar Cells by K. Kalyansundaram, EPFL Press, A Swiss academic publisher distributed by CRC press.	
7	Jiang Wu, Zhiming M. Wang, “Quantum Dot Solar Cells” (2014) Springer New York, NY.	
8	Aparna Thankappan, Sabu Thomas, “Perovskite Photovoltaics: Basic to Advanced Concepts and Implementation” (2018) Academic Press.	
9	Kunwu Fu, Anita Wing Ho-Baillie, Hemant Kumar Mulmudi, Pham Thi Thu Trang, “Perovskite Solar Cells: Technology and Practices” (2019) CRC Press.	
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]		
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/113104084 - NOC:Solar Photovoltaics: Principles, Technologies & Materials, IIT Kanpur, Dr. Ashish Garg		
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115107116 - NOC:Solar Photovoltaics Fundamentals, Technology And Applications, IIT Roorkee, Prof. Soumitra SataPathi		
Course Designed By: Dr. S.N. Karthick		

Mapping with Programme outcomes

PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO						
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	M	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	M	S	S	M
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course code	CHMAJA2	Overview of Energy Storage Devices	L	T	P	C
		Job Oriented Certificate Course	2	1	1	2
Pre-requisite		Basic knowledge of galvanic and electrolytic cells	Syllabus Version		2025-2026	

Course Objectives

The main objectives of this course are to:

1. To provide knowledge about the basic concept of batteries and supercapacitor
2. To train the students in the fabrication of the battery and supercapacitor prototypes
3. To express their expertise in the evaluation of the battery and supercapacitor performance
4. Gathering knowledge about the safety measures

Expected Course Outcomes

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

1	Know the basic electrochemistry behind the battery and supercapacitor	K1
2	Understand the mechanism - batteries and supercapacitor	K1, K3, K4
3	Construct and troubleshoot the factors affecting the battery and supercapacitor performance.	K2, K5
4	Make new structured devices and commercialization ideas	K2, K4, K6

	Taylor & Francis Group. 2015.
6	Conway, B. E. Electrochemical Supercapacitors: Scientific Fundamentals and Technological Applications; Kluwer Academic Plenum Publisher: New York, 1999.
7	Aiping Yu, Victor Chabot, and Jiujun Zhang, Electrochemical Supercapacitors for Energy Storage and Delivery - Fundamentals and Applications, CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group. 2013.
Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104106137 - NOC: Elementary Electrochemistry, IISER Mohali, Prof. Angshuman Roy Choudhury	
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/113105102 - NOC: Electrochemical Energy Storage, IIT Kharagpur, Prof. Subhasish Basu Majumder	
Course Designed By: Dr. S.N. Karthick	

Mapping with Programme outcomes

PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO						
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	M	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	M	S	S	M
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	S

*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

---- 23 - 886*

AUDIT

HEALTH & WELLNESS

L	T	P	C**
0	0	2	1

*(First four digits in the subject code is branch code and Seventh digit is Semester)

** Health & Wellness has one credit for the third semester only and it has no credits for other semesters.

Skill Areas:

Physical Fitness, Nutrition, Mental Health, Awareness on Drug addiction and its effects

Purpose:

The Health & Wellness course focuses on teaching the elements of physical, mental, emotional, social, intellectual, environmental well-being which are essential for overall development of an individual. The course also addresses the dangers of substance abuse and online risks to promote emotional and mental health.

Learning Outcomes:

Upon completion of the Health & Wellness course, students will be able to:

1. Demonstrate proficiency in sports training and physical fitness practices.
2. Improve their mental and emotional well-being, fostering a positive outlook on health and life.
3. Develop competence and commitment as professionals in the field of health and wellness.
4. Awareness on drug addiction and its ill effects

Focus:

During the conduct of the Health & Wellness course, the students will benefit from the following focus areas:

1. Stress Management.
2. Breaking Bad Habits.
3. Improving Interpersonal Relationships.
4. Building Physical Strength & Inner Strength.

Role of the Facilitator:

The faculty plays a crucial role in effectively engaging with students and guiding them towards achieving learning outcomes. Faculty participation involves the following areas:

1. **Mentorship & Motivation:** The Facilitator mentors students in wellness and self-discipline while inspiring a positive outlook on health. Faculty teach stress management, fitness, and daily well-being.
2. **Promoting a Safe and Inclusive Environment:** The facilitator ensures a safe, inclusive, and respectful learning environment for active student participation and benefit.
3. **Individualised Support and Monitoring Progress:** The facilitator plays a crucial role in providing personalized support, monitoring and guidance to students.

Guided Activities:

In this course, several general guided activities have been suggested to facilitate the achievement of desired learning outcomes. They are as follows:

1. Introduction to Holistic Well-being.
2. Holistic Wellness Program- Nurturing Body and Mind
3. Breaking Bad Habits Workshop.
4. Improving the elements of physical, emotional, social, intellectual, environmental and mental well-being.
5. Creating situational awareness, digital awareness.
6. Understanding substance abuse, consequences and the way out.

Period Distribution

The following are the guided activities suggested for this Audit course.

The Physical Director should plan the activities by the students.

Arrange the suitable Mentor / Guide for the wellness activities.

Additional activities and programs can be planned for Health and Wellness.

S.No	Guided Activities	Period
1	Introduction to Holistic Well-being 1. Introduce the core components of Health & Well-being namely Physical, mental and emotional well-being 2. Provide worksheets on all the four components individually and explain the interconnectedness to give an overall understanding.	
2	Wellness Wheel Exercise (Overall Analysis)	

	• Guide students to assess their well-being in various life dimensions through exercises on various aspects of well – being, and explain the benefits of applying wellness wheel. • Introduce Tech Tools: • Explore the use of technology to support well-being. • Introduce students to apps for meditation, sleep tracking, or healthy recipe inspiration.	
3	Breaking Bad Habits (Overall Analysis) • Open a discussion on bad habits and their harmful effects. • Provide a worksheet to the students to identify their personal bad habits. • Discuss the trigger, cause, consequence and solution with examples. • Guide them to replace the bad habits with good ones through worksheets.	
4	Physical Well-being 1. Fitness Introduce the different types of fitness activities such as basic exercises, cardiovascular exercises, strength training exercises, flexibility exercises, so on and so forth. (Include theoretical explanations and outdoor activity). 2. Nutrition Facilitate students to reflect on their eating habits, their body type, and to test their knowledge on nutrition, its sources and the benefits. - 3. Yoga & Meditation Discuss the benefits of Yoga and Meditation for one's overall health. Demonstrate different yoga postures and their benefits on the body through visuals (pictures or videos)	

	4. Brain Health Discuss the importance of brain health for daily life. Habits that affect brain health (irregular sleep, eating, screen time). Habits that help for healthy brains (reading, proper sleep, exercises). Benefits of breathing exercises and meditation for healthy lungs. 5. Healthy Lungs Discuss the importance of lung health for daily life. Habits that affect lung health (smoking, lack of exercises). Benefits of breathing exercises for healthy lungs. 6. Hygiene and Grooming Discuss the importance of hygienic habits for good oral, vision, hearing and skin health. Discuss the positive effects of grooming on one's confidence level and professional growth. <u>Suggested Activities (sample):</u> Nutrition: Invite a nutritionist to talk among the students on the importance of nutrition to the body or show similar videos shared by experts on social media. Organize a 'Stove less/fireless cooking competition' for students where they are expected to prepare a nutritious dish and explain the nutritive values in parallel.	
5	Emotional Well-being 1. Stress Management Trigger a conversation or provide self-reflective worksheets to identify the stress factors in daily life and their impact on students' performance. Introduce different relaxation techniques like deep breathing, progressive muscle relaxation, or guided imagery. (use audio recordings or visuals to guide them through these techniques). After practicing the techniques, have them reflect on how these methods can help manage stress in daily life. 2. Importance of saying 'NO'.	

	Explain the students that saying 'NO' is important for their Physical and mental well-being, Academic Performance, Growth and Future, Confidence, Self-respect, Strong and Healthy Relationships, building reputation for self and their family (avoid earning a bad name). Factors that prevent them from saying 'NO'. How to practice saying 'NO'. 3. Body Positivity and self-acceptance Discuss the following with the students. • What is body positivity and self-acceptance? • Why is it important? • Be kind to yourself. • Understand that everyone's unique. <u>Suggested Activities(Sample):</u> (Importance of saying 'NO') Provide worksheets to self-reflect on... ...how they feel when others say 'no' to them ...the situations where they should say 'no' Challenge students to write a song or rap about the importance of saying no and how to do it effectively. Students can perform their creations for the class.	
6	Social Well-Being 1. Practicing Gratitude Discuss the importance of practicing gratitude for building relationships with family, friends, relatives, mentors and colleagues Discuss how one can show gratitude through words and deeds. Explain how practicing gratitude can create 'ripple effect'. 2. Cultivating Kindness and Compassion Define and differentiate between kindness and compassion. Explore practices that cultivate these positive emotions. Self-Compassion as the Foundation.	

	The power of small gestures. Understanding another's perspective. The fruits of compassion. 3. Practising Forgiveness Discuss the concept of forgiveness and its benefits. Forgiveness: What is it? and What it isn't? Benefits of forgiveness. Finding forgiveness practices. 4. Celebrating Differences Appreciate the value of individual differences and foster inclusivity. The World: A Tapestry of Differences (cultures, backgrounds, beliefs, abilities, and appearances). Finding strength in differences (diverse perspectives and experiences lead to better problem-solving and innovation). Celebrating differences, not ignoring them (respecting and appreciating the unique qualities). Activities for celebrating differences (share culture, learn about others, embrace new experiences). 5. Digital Detox Introduce the students to: The concept of a digital detox and its benefits for social well-being. How to disconnect from devices more often to strengthen real-world connections. <u>Suggested Activities (sample):</u> (Practicing Gratitude) Provide worksheets to choose the right ways to express gratitude. Celebrate 'gratitude day' in the college and encourage the students to honour the house keeping staff in some way to express gratitude for their service.	
7.	Intellectual Well-being 1. Being a lifelong Learner Give students an understanding on: The relevance of intellectual well-being in this 21st century to meet	

	the expectations in personal and professional well-being The Importance of enhancing problem-solving skills Cultivating habits to enhance the intellectual well-being (using the library extensively, participating in extra-curricular activities, reading newspaper etc.) 2. Digital Literacy Discuss: The key aspects of digital literacy and its importance in today's world. It is more than just liking and sharing on social media. The four major components of digital literacy (critical thinking, communication, problem-solving, digital citizenship). Why is digital literacy important? Boosting one's digital skills. 3. Transfer of Learning Connections between different subjects – How knowledge gained in one area can be applied to others. <u>Suggested Activities(sample):</u> Intellectual Well-being. Provide worksheets to students for teaching them how to boost intellectual well-being. Ask the students to identify a long-standing problem in their locality, and come up with a solution and present it in the classroom. Also organize an event like 'Idea Expo' to display the designs, ideas, and suggestions, to motivate the students to improve their intellectual well-being.	
8	Environmental Well-being 1.The Importance of initiating a change in the environment. The session could be around: Defining Environmental well-being (physical, chemical, biological, social, and psychosocial factors) – People's behaviour, crime, pollution, political activities, infra-structure, family situation etc. Suggesting different ways of initiating changes in the environment (taking responsibility, creating awareness, volunteering,	

	approaching administration). <u>Suggested Activities (sample):</u> Providing worksheets to self-reflect on how the environment affects their life, and the ways to initiate a change. Dedicate a bulletin board or wall space (or chart work) in the classroom for students to share their ideas for improving environmental well-being. Creating a volunteers' club in the college and carrying out monthly activities like campus cleaning, awareness campaigns against noise pollution, (loud speakers in public places), addressing anti-social behaviour on the campus or in their locality.	
9	Mental Well-being 1. Importance of self-reflection Discuss: Steps involved in achieving mental well-being (self-reflection, self-awareness, applying actions, achieving mental well-being). Different ways to achieve mental well-being (finding purpose, coping with stress, moral compass, connecting for a common cause). The role of journaling in mental well-being. 2. Mindfulness and Meditation Practices Benefits of practicing mindful habits and meditation for overall well-being. 1. Connecting with nature Practising to be in the present moment – Nature walk, feeling the sun, listening to the natural sounds. Exploring with intention – Hiking, gardening to observe the nature. Reflecting on the emotions, and feeling kindled by nature. 2. Serving people Identifying the needs of others. Helping others. Volunteering your time, skills and listening ear. Finding joy in giving. 3. Creative Expressions	

	Indulging in writing poems, stories, music making/listening, creating visual arts to connect with inner selves. <u>Suggested Activities(Sample):</u> (Mindfulness and Meditation) – Conducting guided meditation every day for 10 minutes and directing the students to record the changes they observe.	
10	Situational Awareness (Developing Life skills) 1. Being street smart Discuss: Who are street smart? Why is it important to be street smart? Characteristics of a street smart person: Importance of acquiring life skills to become street smart – (General First-aid procedure, CPR Procedure, Handling emergency situations like fire, flood etc). 2. Digital Awareness Discuss: Cyber Security Information Literacy Digital Privacy Fraud Detection <u>Suggested Activities</u> (sample): (Street Smart) Inviting professionals to demonstrate the CPR Procedure Conducting a quiz on Emergency Numbers	
11	Understanding Addiction Plan this session around: Identifying the environmental cues, triggers that lead to picking up this habit. Knowing the impact of substance abuse – Adverse health conditions, social isolation, ruined future, hidden financial loss and damaging the family reputation. Seeking help to get out of this addiction. <u>Suggested Activities:</u>	

	Provide Worksheets to check the students' level of understanding about substance addiction and their impacts. Share case studies with students from real-life. Play/share awareness videos on addiction/de-addiction, experts talk. *Conduct awareness programmes on Drugs and its ill effects. (Arrange Experts from the concerned government departments and NGOs working in drug addiction issues) and maintain the documents of the program.	
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Closure:

Each student should submit a Handwritten Summary of their Learnings & Action Plan for the future.

Assessments:

- Use Self-reflective worksheets to assess their understanding.
- Submit the worksheets to internal audit/external audit.
- Every student's activities report should be documented and the same have to be assessed by the Physical Director with the mentor. The evaluation should be for 100 marks. No examination is required.

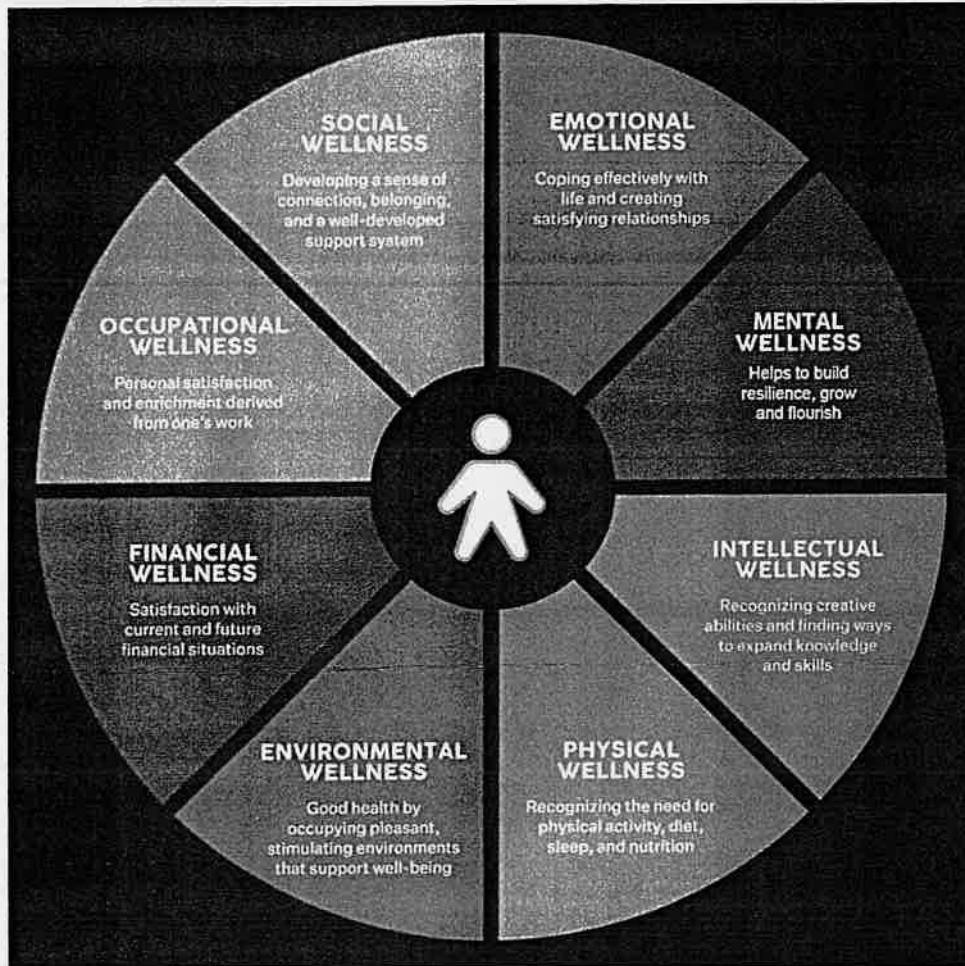
Scheme of Evaluation

Part	Description	Marks
A	Report	40
B	Attendance	20
C	Activities (Observation During Practice)	40
Total		100

References/Resource Materials:

The course acknowledges that individual needs for references and resources may vary. However, here are some general reference materials and resources that may be helpful:

1. The Well-Being Wheel:



2. Facilities & Spaces: Some activities may require access to specific facilities, resources or spaces. Students may need to coordinate with the college administration to reserve these as required.

3. Online Resources:

1. United Nations Sustainable Development Goals - Goal 3 - Good Health & Well-Being: <https://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/health/>
2. Mindfulness and Meditation: Stanford Health Library offers mindfulness and meditation resources:
<https://healthlibrary.stanford.edu/books-resources/mindfulness-meditation.html>

3. Breaking Bad Habits: James Clear provides a guide on how to build good habits and break bad ones: <https://jamesclear.com/habits>
4. 6 Ways to Keep Your Brain Sharp
<https://www.lorman.com/blog/post/how-to-keep-your-brain-sharp>
5. What Is Social Wellbeing? 12+ Activities for Social Wellness
<https://positivepsychology.com/social-wellbeing/>
6. How Does Your Environment Affect Your Mental Health?
<https://www.verywellmind.com/how-your-environment-affects-your-mental-health-5093687>
7. How to say no to others (and why you shouldn't feel guilty)
<https://www.betterup.com/blog/how-to-say-no>