# M.Phil/Ph.d in HISTORY

# Research Course Work Syllabus 2022-2023



# DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY AND TOURISM BHARATHIAR UNIVERSITY

(A State University, Accredited with "A" grade by NAAC and 13<sup>th</sup> Rank among Indian Universities by MHRD-NIRF)

COIMBATORE – 642 046 TAMILNADU, INDIA

# BHARATHIAR UNIVERSITY-COIMBATORE-641-046

# **DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY**

# Paper-I RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

# **Objectives:**

- To learn the meaning, value and classification of history
- To study the forerunners of Historiography.
- To impart knowledge on historical writings in India
- To train the students on the art of writing history
- To inculcate historical research and methodology fervour among the students

# **UNIT-I:**

Meaning of History-Definition of History-Scope and Purpose of History-Important Study of History Uses and Abuses of History-History and Allied Subjects

# **UNIT-II:**

Ancient Graeco Roman Tradition-Herodotus-Thucydides-Livy-Tacitus- Medieval Western Historiography- Eusebius St Augustine-Modern Historiography- I.V.Ranke-Hegel-A.J.Toynbee-Indian Tradition-Kalhana- Alberuni- J.N.Sarakar- V.A.Smith-R.C.Majumdar-K.M.Panikkar-D.D.Kosambi-RomilaThapar-S.Krishnawamy Iyengar-K.A.Nilakanta Sastri-SadasiyaPandarathar-R.Sathianather

# **UNIT-III:**

Theological Orientalist-Annals-Positivism-Imperialist-Nationalaist-Marxist-Subaltern-Post Modernism-Cyclical Theory-Progressive Theory-Deterministic Theory-Structuralism-Post Structuralism

# **UNIT-IV:**

Selection of a Research Topic- Importance of Sources-Primary and Secondary Sources-Requisites of a Researcher- Historical Method Objectivity- Internal and External Criticism.

# **UNIT-V:**

Collection of Data-Analysis and Compiling- Hypothesis-Documentation-Footnotes-Bibliography-Thesis Arrangement

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Rajayyan.K., History in Theory and Method, Madurai Pubmishing House, Madurai, 1977
- 2. Venkatesan, G., Historiography, V.C. Publications, Rajapalayam, 1994 3.
- 3. Sreedharan E., A Text Book of Historiography, Orient Black Swan, New Delhi, 2009
- 4. Carr.E.H., What is History? Macmillan &Co.Ltd, London, 1961
- 5. Subramanian.N., Historical research Methodology, Ennes Publication, Madurai, 1980
- 6. Collingwood.R.G., The Idea of History, Oxford, 1949
- 7. Sheik Ali.B., Its Theory & Method, Macmillan Indian Ltd, Madras 2019.

#### **REFERNCES:**

- 1. Carlyle.., On Heroes Hero worship and the Heroic in History, New York, 1928
- 2. Bury J.B. The Ides of Progress, New York, 1955
- 3. Buckard J., Hudgements in History and Historians, Landon, 1958
- 4. Durant, Will and Ariel, The Lessons of History, New York, 1968
- 5. Fischer.D.H., Historian's Fallacies, London, 1971
- 6. Gooch.G.P.History and the Historians in the 19 century, London, 1961 7. Grant.A.J., Engisih Historian, London, 1906
- 7. Majumdar.R.C., Historiography in Modem India, Bombay, 1970
- 8. Sastri K.A.N. Historical Method in Relation to Indian History. Mysore, Madras, 1991
- Manickam S. Theory of History and Methods of Research (Select Themes),
   Madurai 2000

# Paper-II INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT SINCE AD1885

# **Objectives:**

- To know the rise of nationalism and the contributions of moderates and extremists
- To provide the knowledge on the various phases of freedom movements
- To study the role of Gandhiji and various movements launched by him
- To focus on the cabinet missions and Mountbatten Plan
- To make the students know the Indian Independence Act and India after it.

# Unit-1:

Emergence of Indian Nationalism-Birth of Indian National Congress-Moderates-Gopala

Krishna Gokale- Surendranath Bannerjee- Swadeshi Movement

### **UNIT-II:**

Split in Congress-Rise of Extremism-Bala GangadharTilak, LalaLajpat Rai, Bipin Chandra Pal-Home Rule Movement- Rowlat Act-JallianwalaBagh

# **UNIT-III:**

Gandhian Era-Early Satyagraha of Gandhi-Non-Co-Operation Movement-Civil Disobedience Movement-Quit India Movement

# **UNIT-IV:**

Constitutional Development Act- Minto Morley Reform 1909-Montague Chelmsford Reforms 1919- Government of India Act 1935- Indian Independence Act 1947

# **UNIT-V:**

August Offer Wavell Plan-Cabinet Mission-Partition of India-Patel and Integration-Dawn of Independence

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Grover, B.L& Grover, S., A New Book at Modem Indian History S.Chand, New Delhi 1998
- 2. Grover BL. & Sethi.R.R., Studies in Modern Indian History from 1707 to the Present Day, S.Chand New Delhi.1963
- Majumdar R.C. History of Freedom Movement in India 3 Vols Calcutta, Mukherjee
   Co.Ltd. 1963
- 4. Sumit Sarkar Modem India 1885-1947, Laxmi Publications, 2008
- 5. Bipin Chandra. India's Struggle for Independence: 1857-1947 Penguin Random House Inida Ltd.2016
- 6. SekharBanyopadhyay From Plassey to Partition and After, Orient Black swan Private Limited-New Delhi,2014

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1.Bipin Chandra. The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism of India, HAR Anand Publication Pvt Ltd.2016
- Agarwal RC, Constitutional Development and National Movement of India,
   S.Chand& Company 2005 3.
- 3.Gupta RC, Indian Freedom Movement and Thought 1930-1947, Sterling Publisher, New Delhi, 1983
- 4. Anil Seal, The Emergence of Indian Nationalism, Cambridge University Press, 1971
- 5. Sharma. JS India's Struggle for Freedom Manohar Publication, Delhi, 1962
- 6.Tomlinson.B.P., The Indian National Congress and the Raj 1929-1942: The Penultimate Phase Macmillan of Canada & Macam-Hinter Press, Toronto, 1976

# Paper-III (Optional-1) HISTORY OF KONGU NADU

# **Objectives:**

- To provide comprehensive knowledge about the Sources for the history of Kongu nadu
- To study the early history of Kongu region.
- To focus the political history of the Kongu rulers during the medieval period.
- To introduce the heritage sites of Kongu region
- To know the Social, economic and cultural life of the natives of Kong Nadu.

# **UNIT-1:**

Sources-Geographical features – Pre History: Paleolithic-Mesolithic – Neolithic Age-Megalithic – Inscription – Literary and Archaeological site in Kongu region – Pre-Historical Society-culture and Burial Customs.

# **UNIT-II:**

Early History Sangam period: Chera territory – Dynasty – Chieftain – Political and Social life-Economic life: Industrial development-Trade and Commerce-Kalabhras

# **UNIT-III:**

Medieval Political History-Rashtrakutas- Hoysala- Kongu Cholas – Early Pandyas – Veera Keralas – Later Pandyas Society Culture Economy-Bhakthi Movement: Saivism.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

Art and Architecture-Kongu Chola Temples: Penir – Thirumuruganpoondi – Karur-Venjumangudalur-Thirupoondi Kodumudi -Thiruchengode-Avinasi-Bhavani.

### **UNIT-V**

Indigenous People - Tribes of Kongu- Kolli Hills-Socio Economic Cultural life Tribes of the western Ghats-Society, Culture, economic condition changes- Kongu Society in the 18 Century-Socio Economic Transformation.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Venkatesan. G, History of Contemporary India, V.C. Publications, Madurai, 2013
- Acharya, K.R. &etal Perspectives on Indian Government and Politics, Chad Co. New Delhi, 1993.
- 3.V.Manickam: Konga Nadu (History up to 1400 A.D)
- 4.V.Ramamurthy: History of Kongu
- 5.Ramchandar Cheniar.C.M: Kongunattu Varalaru
- 6. Vaidyanathan. KS: The Ancient Geography of the Kongu Country

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1.Basu, D.D. Contemporary on the Constitution of India. Vol.1&2, Tats-Mc graw Hill, New Delhi, 1990.
- 2.Bose, D.M., SN. Sen, B.V. Subbarayappa eds. A Concise History of Science in India, Indian National Science Academy, New Delhi, 1989.
- 3. Chandra, Bipan and etal. Indian After Independence, Penguin, New Delhi, 1997.
- 4. Saberwal, Satish, Roots of Crisis: Interpreting Contemporary Indian Society, Sage, New Delhi, 1996.
- 5. Thakir, Ramesh. The Government and Politics of India. Hondenville: Macmillan, 1995.

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# **DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY**

# Paper-III (Optional-2) HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU

# **Objectives:**

- To let the students to understand the major trends in the history of Modern Tamilnadu
- To enable the students to know about the modernization process in Tamilnadu

#### **UNIT-I**

Sources: Archaeology, Epigraphy, Literature and Numismatics [for the entire period archival-institutional papers-Private papers-literature-folklore- newspapers and Journals, for the modern Period.

# **UNIT-II**

Sangam and Post Sangam: Social institutions-customs and practice. Pallavas: Society, religion and Bhakthi Movement. Cholas and Pandyas: Society, Religion and the role of temples. Nayaks: Society and religion Economic conditions

#### **UNIT-III**

Establishment of British rule in India-Early struggles in South India: Poligars Mutiny-1806 Revolt- Growth and rise of Indian Nationalism In Tamil Nadu: I phase of Indian National Congress 1885-1905-Bengal Partition and its impact in Tamil Nadu- Swadesi Movement: V.O.Chidambaram Pillai – Subramaniya Bharathi- Subramaniya Siva. Home Rule movement. Rise of Justice Party. Rise of Indian Nationalism in Tamil Nadu in 1919-1947: Non Cooperation Movement 1920- Arrival of Simon Commission-Purna Swaraj-Vetharanyam Salt Satyagraha 1930- Government of Act 1935 and Rajagopalachari as a Prime Minister in Tamil Nadu 1937-39, Role of Tamil Nadu In Quit India Movement. Indian Independence.

#### **UNIT IV**

Social Conditions in Tamil Nadu: Social Conditions: Caste system origin and growth-Castes conflicts. Family: Emigrations-Joint family-break up- position of women-satichild marriage- Devadasi system-infanticide-changes in the 19th and 20th centuries. Social beliefs and social practices: social ceremonies- festivals-entertainments-superstitions.

# **UNIT V**

Religion: Saivism: St. Ramalingar - Vaishnavism:- village gods and deities - Modern socio-religious movements: Theosophical and Ramakrishna Mission. Radical social reform movements: Concept of Dravidian culture- Non-Brahmin Movement-Periyar E.V.R and Self-Respect Movement-Temple Entry Movement: Dalit Movement: Ayothidhasar-M.C.Raja-Erattamalai Srinivasan.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

- 1.K.Rajayyan, Tamilnadu A Real History, Ratna publications, Trivandrum, 2005
- 2.K.Rajayyan, History of Tamilnadu 1565-1982, Raj Publishers, Madurai, 1982. 3.
  Nadarajan.C. Social History of Modem Tamilnadu, Ulaga Tamizh padaippalar Nool Veliyeetagam, Trichy, 2013.
- 3. NilakantaSastri, K.A. Social History of South India. Madras: OUP, 1980
- 4. Pillay. K.K. Social History of the Tamils. Madras: Madras Uni., 1975.
- 5. Subramanian. N. Sangam Polity. Madras: AsiaPubl. House, 1966.
- 6.Rajendran, N. (1994) Agitational Politics and State Coercion National Movement in Tamil Nadu, 1905-1914, Oxford University Press, Madras.

# **REFERENCE:**

- 1.Hall, Kenneth R. Trade and Statecraft in the Age of the Cholas. New Delhi: 1980.
- 2. Mahalingam, T.V. Economic Life in the Vijayanagar Empire, Madras Uni., 1951.
- 3. Sathyanatha Aiyar, R. History of the Nayaks of Madura Madras: OUP, 1924.
- 4. Shanmugam, P. The Revenue System Under the Cholas Madras: New Era, 1988.
- 5. Srinivasa Iyengar, P.T. History of Tamils Madras: C. Coomaraswamy and Sons, 1929.
- 6.Srinivasan, K.R. Temples of South India. New Delhi: NBT,1995. Rev.Edi.
- 7. Subburayalu, Y. Political Geography of the chola country. Madras: Tamil Nadu State Department of Archaeology, 1973

# Paper-III (Optional-3) CULTURAL HISTORY OF INDIA

# **OBJECTIVES**

• To instil among the students a sense of responsibility to promote Indian culture.

#### UNIT I

Indian Society and Culture-Culture and Civilization-The Land of India-Indus Valley Civilization-Vedic Culture-Society-Caste System-Marriage-Status of Women

# **UNIT II**

Religion and Philosophy-Indian Religious and thoughts-Vedic Religion - Doctrinal Developments-Six System of Indian Philosophy-Major religions in India-Buddhism, Jainism, Hinduism Sikhism, Islam and Christianity.

#### **UNIT III**

Education and Literature-Gurukula system-Universities of taksila and Nalanda- Ghatikas of South India-Madharasa-Vedic Literature Buddhist, Islamic and Modern Literature-Western Contact-Social Reform Movements in India

# **UNIT IV**

Architecture, Sculpture and Paintings-Religious Art and Architecture-Hinduism, Buddhism and Jainism-Indo-Islamic art and Indo-British Art

# UNIT V

Music and Dance-Classical Music Carnatic and Hindustani-Classical dance- Bharatha Natyam, Kathakali and Kathak-Festivals-Diwali, Pongal, Holi, Dasara and Onam

# **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Basham, A.L., The Wonder that was India, Rupa & Co., Calcutta, 1992.
- 2. Luniya, B., Life and Culture in Ancient India, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 1978,
- 3. Radhakumud Mokerji, The Gupta Empire, Bombay, 1947.
- 4. Sankalia, H.D., Pre-History and Proto-History in India and Pakistan, Bombay, 1962
- 5. Sathianathier, R., Political and Cultural History of India, Vol. 1, Viswanathan Publications, Chennai, 1983,

# **REFERENCES**

- 1. Thapar Romila, The Penguin History of Early India, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. Sharma, R.S., India's Ancient Past, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2005.
- 3. Subrahmanian. N., Sangam Polity, Ennes Publications, Udumalpet, 1966.
- 4. Nilakanta Sastri, K.A.. (ed.). Age of the Nandas and Mauryas, Mothilal Banarsidass, New Delhi, 1967.

# Paper-III (Optional-4) INTELLECTUAL HISTORY OF INDIA

# **OBJECTIVES:**

- The aim of this paper is to provide knowledge to the students about the pioneer intellectuals of India who created awareness among the Indians towards social and religious harmony.
- To inculcate the values and moral principles of the intellectuals of India preached.
   The younger generation is expected to take them as role models in developing their own personality.

# **UNIT I**

Definition-Nature of Intellectual History- Moral Principles and values of India-Political Condition-Economic Condition on the eve of 19th Century.

#### UNIT II

Social Thinkers-Raja Ram Mohan Roy-Iswar Chandra Vidyasagar-Keshab Chandra Sen-Veerasalingam Pantulu-D.K. Karue-R.G. Bhandarkar-Panditha ramabai- Jothiba Phule-Sir Syed Ahmed Khan-Vinoba Bhave-Mother Therasa- Dr.Muthulakshmi Reddy-Periyar-E.V.R

# **UNIT III**

Religious Thinkers-Debendranath tagore — Dayanand Saraswathi-Ramakrishna Paramahamsa-Vivekananda - Saint Ramalinga Adigal - Sri Narayana Guru.

# **UNIT IV**

Political Thinkers Dadabhai Nagroji – M.G. Ranade-SN.Banerjee-RC Dutt – G.K.Gohkale-B.G.Tilak-Bipin Chandra pal-Mahatma Gandhi – B.R.Ambedkar- Patel-Subhash Chandra Bose-Jawaharlal Nehru-Zakir Hussain – Jayaprakash Narayan-Indira Gandhi

# UNIT V

Literatures and Scientists Rabindranath Tagore – Bankim Chandra Chatterjee-Subramaniya Bharathi-Sarojini Naidu -Thiru Vi Ka – Bharathidasan -J.C.Bose- P.C.Roy-Srinivasa Ramanuja.

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Datta, K.K: A Social History of Modern India, The Macmillan Company, New Delhi,1975
- 2. Grover, B.L. & Grover: A New Look at Modern Indian History, [From S.Chand and Co. 1707 to the Modern Times] New Delhi, 2006.
- 3. Naravane V.S: Modern Indian Thought, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1978.
- 4. Vishnoo Bhagwan:Indian Political Thinkers, Atma Ram & Sons, New Delhi, 1999.

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# **DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY**

# Paper-III (Optional-5) HISTORY OF CONTEMPORARY INDIA SINCE 1947

# **OBJECTIVES:**

- To enable the students to know the developments of India after her Independence
- To make the students to understand their responsibility towards the nation building

#### **UNIT I**

Constitutional Development-Constitution Making-Assembly and Drafting Committee - Indian Constitution, Preamble, Fundamental Rights, DPSP, Legislature, Executive, Amendments -Integration of Princely States – States Reorganization

# **UNIT II**

Congress Rule-Jawaharlal Nehru-Internal Administration and Foreign Policy – Indira Gandhi-Internal Administration and Foreign Policy-Sastri-Internal Administration and Foreign Policy – Rajiv Gandhi Internal administration an Foreign Policy P.V.Narasima Rao-Internal Administration and Foreign Policy – Manmohan Singh- Internal and External Policies

### **UNIT III**

Non Congress Rule- Morarji Desai-Internal and External Policies-V.P.Singh – Internal and External Policies-Deva Gowda-Internal and External Policies-LK.Gujaral- Internal and external Policies-Coalition Politics – Vajpayee – Internal and External Policies

# **UNIT IV**

Planning and Policies-General Elections-Planning-Centre State Relations- Reservation Policy-Language Policy-Science Policy-Space Programme – ISRO – Missile Research-DRDO-Mission to Moon-Chandrayan 1.

# **UNIT V**

Economic Policies and Welfare Measures-River Water Disputes – Industrial policies-Globalization-Agricultural Policy-Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme-Trade-Welfare Measures and their Impacts on Economy

# **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Baron, M.R. The Policies of Culture Nationalism in South India.
- 2. Bimal Prasad (ed.) India's Foreign Policy Studies in Continuity and changes.
- 3. Bipan Chandra, 1999 India After Independence
- 4. Griffiths. PJ. 1957 Modern India
- 5. Subbian A, 1988 The Nehru Epoch: 1947-1964 tryst With Destiny, Chidambaram
- 6. Venkatesan G, 2001, Contemporary History of India, Madurai

# **REFERENCES**

- 1. Alexander M.K. 1969 Mahatma Gandhi: A Political Biography, North Quinay, Mass.
- 2. Amartya Sen, The Argumentative Indian: Writings on Indian History, Culture and Identity, Penguin group UK
- 3. Menon, V.P., 1962, Integration of Indian States, Princeton, USA.
- 4. Nanda B.R., (ed.) Indian Foreign Policy, The Nehru Years.
- 5. Norman and Dorthy ed., 1965, Nehru, The First Sixty Years, 2 Vols. London.

# Paper-III (Optional-6) HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA (1945-1995A.D)

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

- To cover the entire panorama of events right from Indian Independence to the formation of Indian Human Rights NGO of Peoples watch at Madurai in 1995.
- To create a deep and intense knowledge about the evolution of Human Rights,
   Discrimination against women and issues related to Minorities, Dalits and
   Tribals,

# **UNIT-1**

Human Rights-Concept-Theories-Evolution-Historical-Political and Philosophical-From Magna Carta to Declaration of Rights of man-Vindication of Women's Rights.

# **UNIT-II**

Circumstances leading to the appointment of commission on Human Rights by the U.N.O -Universal Declaration of Human Rights (1948). International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (1966)-International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rihts (1966) Convention on all forms of Discrimination against Women (1979)-Other Declaration of U.NO on Human Rights-Helsinki Declaration (1975)-Vienna Declaration (1993).

# **UNIT-III**

India and Human Rights - Constitutional Provisions-Evolution of Fundamental Rights during the Struggle for Freedom-Nature of Fundamental Rights - Directive Principles of State Policy -Proponents of Indian Human Rights Movement-M.G, Ranade (Colonial Exploitation) Jothiba Phule (Mass Education)-Mahatma Gandhi (Multiple Strategies)-Iyothidas Pandithar and B.R. Ambedkar (Depressed Class Voice) – Pandita Ramabai and Darasin Shinde (Women Rights)

# **UNIT-IV**

National Human Rights Commission and its main recommendations-State Human Rights Commission-National Commission for Minorities (1978)-National Commission for SC and ST (1990)-National Commission for Women (1992) Role of NGO's-Peoples union for Civil Liberties (PUCL) (1976)-Peoples union for Democratic Rights (PUDRY (1976)-Kailas Satyarti's Children's Foundation-Peoples Watch, Madurai (1995)

# **UNIT-V**

Contemporary Human Rights issues in India-Dowry Menace- Sexual harassment at working places-Children's issues-female infanticide and child labour-bonded labour-Refugees and their issues-Issues related to minorities Dalits and Tribals.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- A.Andrews and W.D.Hines, International Protection of Human Rights, Mansell Publishing Ltd, London, 1987.
- 2. Maurice Carston, What are Human Rights?, The Bodlay Head Ltd, London, 1973.
- 3. Jack Donnelly, The Concept of Human Rights, Croom Helm, London, 1978.
- 4. V.R.Krishna Iyer, Human Rights and Law, Vedpal Law House, Indore, 1984.
- 5. Sivagami Paramasivan, Studies in Human Rights, Salem, 2000.
- 6. Subbian, A Human Rights Systems, New Delhi, 2000.