UNIT I
Laws, Legal Systems and Change

UNIT II
Politics of land and gender in India

UNIT III
Women’s Rights: Access to Justice

UNIT IV
Women’s Rights
UNIT V
Special Women Welfare Laws

References
1. Nitya Rao “Good Women do not Inherit Land” Social Science Press and Orient Blackswan 2008
2. International Solidarity Network “Knowing Our Rights” An imprint of Kali for Women 2006
Bharathiar University : Coimbatore

Women’s Rights

1 ½ hours                                        75 marks

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

SECTION A                                           10X1=10

1. CEDAW stands for -----------------------
2. During ----------- period English common law was imported into the region and codified
3. ----------- is a right that has clearly suffered with the process of codification of law and titling of land
4. On -------------- the parliament approved the bill for the reorganization of Jharkhand as a separate State.
5. NHRC stands for ----------- ------------ ----------- ------------
6. The -----------courts have power to review legislations and annul those which are contrary to the fundamental rights and the basic features of the constitution.
7. Laws like, ---------------, ------------------------and -------------- are primarily enacted for protecting women.
8. ------------------------- Act removes all the obstacles to the marriage of Hindu widows.
9. Rape is cognizable offence triable by the Court of Sessions and it comes under sections-------- and -------- as now amended by the Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1983.
10. Punishment for keeping a brothel or allowing premises to be used as a brothel comes under ------------------ Act year.
Section B

11. a) Explain the Constitutional and legal framework of India.

OR

b) Define the term law and types of law.

12. a) Briefly explain women’s rights to parental property.

OR

b) Write a note on domestic labour

13. a) Briefly explain the following terms
   i) Molestation,
   ii) Sexual abuse
   iii) Rape

OR

b) What are the Law Enforcement Agencies?

14. a) What are the salient features of the Hindu Widows Remarriage Act, 1856?

OR

b) What are the important features of the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961?

15. a) Write a note on sexual harassment at workplace.

OR

b) What is trafficking? Explain the causes of trafficking
SECTION C  5X8 =40

16. a) Describe the Constitutional and legal framework of Pakistan and Sri Lanka two countries.

OR

b) Write a note on CEDAW

17. a) Write elaborately about land as a productive resource.

OR

b) Explain the accepted rights of a Gharjawae.

18. a) Explain the prevalent crimes against women

OR

b) Write a note on criminal law and crime against women

19. a) Explain the characteristics of domestic violence

OR

b) Explain the notable features of Marriage Validation Act, 1982

20. a) Enumerate the Indecent Representation of Women Prohibition Act, 1986

OR

b) Explain the activities of Rape Crisis Centers
Answers:

1. The Convention on Elimination of Discrimination Against Women
2. British colonial rule
3. Tabenjom rule
4. 2nd August 2000
5. National Human Rights Commission
6. Superior Courts (Supreme Court & High Court)
7. Dowry Prohibition Act, Prohibition of Sati Act, Illegal trafficking of women
8. The Hindu Widow Remarriage Act 1856
9. 375 & 376
10. The Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act 1856 or IT (P) Act