Annexure No.	32 C	
SCAA Dated	29.02.2008	

BHARATHIAR UNIVERSITY :: COIMBATORE - 641 046

REGULATIONS FOR B.Sc. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEGREE COURSE with Semester System

(Effective from the academic year 2007-2008)

1. Eligibility for Admission to the Course

Candidate for admission to the first year of the B.Sc. Information Technology degree course shall be required to have passed the higher secondary examination conducted by the Govt. of Tamil Nadu with any one of the following subjects: Mathematics / Computer Science / Statistics / Business mathematics or other examinations accepted as equivalent there to by the Syndicate, subject to such other conditions as may be prescribed there for.

2. **Duration of the Course**

The course shall extend over a period of three years comprising of six semesters with two semesters in one academic year. There shall not be less than 90 working days for each semester. Examination shall be conducted at the end of every semester for the respective subjects.

3. Course of Study

The course of study for the B.Sc. Information Technology degree course shall consist of the following

a) Part - I

Tamil or any one of the following modern/classical languages i.e. Telugu, Kannada, Malayalam, Hindi, Sanskrit, French, German, Arabic & Urdu. It shall be offered for the first two semesters with one examination at the end of each semester.

b) Part – II : English

The subject shall be offered during the first two semesters with one examination at the end of each semester. During third semester the subject communication skills will be offered as one of the core subject.

c) Foundation Course

The Foundation course shall comprise of two stages as follows: Foundation Course A : General Awareness (I & II semesters) Foundation Course B : Environmental Studies (III & IV semesters)

The syllabus and scheme of examination for the foundation course A, General awareness shall be apportioned as follows.

From the printed material supplied by the University	-	75%
Current affairs & who is who?	-	25%

The current affairs cover current developments in all aspects of general knowledge which are not covered in the printed material on this subject issued by the University.

The Foundation course B shall comprise of only one paper which shall have Environmental Studies.

d) Part – III

Group A : Core subject – As prescribed in the scheme of examination.

Examination will be conducted in the core subjects at the end of every semester

Group B: allied subjects -2 subjects-4 papers

Examination shall be conducted in the allied subjects at the end of first four semesters. **Group C:** application oriented subjects: 2 subjects - 4 papers

The application –oriented subjects shall be offered during the last two semesters of study viz., V and VI semesters. Examination shall be conducted in the subjects at the end of V & VI semesters.

Group D: field work/institutional training

Every student shall be required to undergo field work/institutional training, related to the application-oriented subject for a period of not less than 2 weeks, conveniently arranged during the course of 3rd year. The principal of the college and the head of the department shall issue a certificate to the effect that the student had satisfactorily undergone the field work/institutional training for the prescribed period.

Diploma Programme:

All the UG programmes shall offer compulsory diploma subjects and it shall be offered in four papers spread over each paper at the end of III, IV, V, & VI semesters.

e) Co-Curricular activities: NSS/NCC/Physical education

Every student shall participate compulsorily for period of not less than two years (4 semesters) in any one of the above programmes.

The above activities shall be conducted outside the regular working hours of the college. The principal shall furnish a certificate regarding the student's performance in the respective field and shall grade the student in the five point scale as follows

A-Exemplary B-very good C-good D-fair E-Satisfactory This grading shall be incorporated in the mark sheet to be issued at the end of the appropriate semester (4th or 5th or 6th semester).

(Handicapped students who are unable to participate in any of the above activities shall be required to take a test in the theoretical aspects of any one of the above 3 field and be graded and certified accordingly).

4. **Requirement to appear for the examinations**

- a) a candidate will be permitted to appear for the university examinations for any semester if
 - i) He/she secures not less than 75% of attendance in the number of working days during the semester.
 - ii) He/she earns a progress certificate from the head of the institution, of having satisfactory completed the course of study prescribed in the subjects as required by these regulations, and
 - iii) His/her conduct has been satisfactory.

Provided that it shall be open to the syndicate, or any authority delegated with such powers by the syndicate, to grant exemption to a candidate who has failed to earn 75% of the attendance prescribed, for valid reasons, subject to usual conditions.

- b) A candidate who has secured less than 65% but 55% and above attendance in any semester has to compensate the shortage in attendance in the subsequent semester besides, earning the required percentage of attendance in that semester and appear for both semester papers together at the end of the latter semester.
- c) A candidate who has secured less than 55% of attendance in any semester will not be permitted to appear for the regular examinations and to continue the study in the subsequent semester. He/she has to rejoin the semester in which the attendance is less than 55%
- d) A candidate who has secured less than 65% of attendance in the final semester has to compensate his/her attendance shortage in a manner as decided by the concerned head of the department after rejoining the same course.

5. **Restrictions to appear for the examinations**

- a) Any candidate having arrear paper(s) shall have the option to appear in any arrear paper along with the regular semester papers.
- b) "Candidates who fail in any of the papers in Part I, II & III of UG degree examinations shall complete the paper concerned within 5 years form the date of admission to the said course, and should they fail to do so, they shall take the examination in the texts/ revised syllabus prescribed for the immediate next batch of candidates. If there is no change in the texts/syllabus they shall appear for the examination in that paper with the syllabus in vogue until there is a change in the texts or syllabus. In the event of removal of that paper consequent to change of regulation and / or curriculum after 5 year period, the candidates shall have to take up an equivalent paper in the revised syllabus as suggested by the chairman and fulfill the requirements as per regulation/ curriculum for the award of the degree.

6. Medium of Instruction and examinations

The medium of instruction and examinations for the papers of Part I and II shall be the language concerned. For part III subjects other than modern languages, the medium of

instruction shall be either Tamil or English and the medium of examinations is in English/Tamil irrespective of the medium of instructions. For modern languages, the medium of instruction and examination will be in the languages concerned.

7. Submission of Record Note Books for practical examinations

Candidates appearing for practical examinations should submit bonafide Record Note Books prescribed for practical examinations, otherwise the candidates will not be permitted to appear for the practical examinations. However, in genuine cases where the students, who could not submit the record note books, they may be permitted to appear for the practical examinations, provided the concerned Head of the department from the institution of the candidate certified that the candidate has performed the experiments prescribed for the course. For such candidates who do not submit Record Books, zero (0) marks will be awarded for record note books.

8. Passing Minimum

- a) A candidate who secures not less than 40% of the total marks in any subject including the Diploma and Foundation courses (theory or Practical) in the University examination shall be declared to have passed the examination in the subject (theory or Practical).
- b) A candidate who passes the examination in all the subjects of Part I, II and III (including the Diploma and Foundation courses) shall be declared to have passed, the whole examination.

9. Improvement of Marks in the subjects already passed

Candidates desirous of improving the marks awarded in a passed subject in their first attempt shall reappear once within a period of subsequent two semesters. The improved marks shall be considered for classification but not for ranking. When there is no improvement, there shall not be any change in the original marks already awarded.

10. Classification of Successful candidates

- a) A candidate who passes all the Part III examinations in the First attempt within a period of three years securing 75% and above in the aggregate of Part III marks shall be declared to have passed B.A/ B.Sc./B.Com./B.B.M. degree examination in <u>First Class with</u> <u>Distinctions</u>
- b) (i) A candidate who passes all the examinations in Part I or Part II or Part III or Diploma securing not less than 60 per cent of total marks for concerned part shall be declared to have passed that part in <u>First Class</u>

(ii) A candidate who passed all the examinations in Part I or Part II or Part III or Diploma securing not less than 50 per cent but below 60 per cent of total marks for concerned part shall be declared to have passed that part in <u>Second Class</u>

(iii) All other successful candidates shall be declared to have passed the Part I or Part II or Part II or Diploma examination in <u>Third Class</u>

11. Conferment of the Degree

No candidate shall be eligible for conferment of the Degree unless he / she,

i. has undergone the prescribed course of study for a period of not less than six semesters in an institution approved by/affiliated to the University or has been exempted from in the manner prescribed and has passed the examinations as have been prescribed therefor.

- ii. Has satisfactory participates in either NSS or NCC or Physical Education as evidenced by a certificate issued by the Principal of the institution.
- iii. Has successfully completed the prescribed Field Work/ Institutional Training as evidenced by certificate issued by the Principal of the College.

12. Ranking

A candidate who qualifies for the UG degree course passing all the examinations in the first attempt, within the minimum period prescribed for the course of study from the date of admission to the course and secures I or II class shall be eligible for ranking and such ranking will be confined to 10 % of the total number of candidates qualified in that particular branch of study, subject to a maximum of 10 ranks.

The improved marks will not be taken into consideration for ranking.

13. Additional Degree

Any candidate who wishes to obtain an additional UG degree not involving any practical shall be permitted to do so and such candidate shall join a college in the III year of the course and he/she will be permitted to appear for par III alone by granting exemption form appearing Part I, Part II and common allied subjects (if any), already passed by the candidate. And a candidate desirous to obtain an additional UG degree involving practical shall be [permitted to do so and such candidate shall join a college in the II year of the course and he/she be permitted to appear for Part III alone by granting exemption form appearing for Part I, Part II and the common allied subjects. If any, already passed. Such candidates should obtain exemption from the university by paying a fee of Rs.500/-.

14. Evening College

The above regulations shall be applicable for candidates undergoing the respective courses in Evening Colleges also.

15. Syllabus

The syllabus for various subjects shall be clearly demarcated into five viable units in each paper/subject.

16. Revision of Regulations and Curriculum

The above Regulation and Scheme of Examinations will be in vogue without any change for a minimum period of three years from the date of approval of the Regulations. The University may revise /amend/ change the Regulations and Scheme of Examinations, if found necessary.

17. Transitory Provision

Candidates who have undergone the Course of Study prior to the Academic Year 2007-2008 will be permitted to take the Examinations under those Regulations for a period of four years i.e. up to and inclusive of the Examination of April 2012 thereafter they will be permitted to take the Examination only under the Regulations in force at that time.

BHARATHIAR UNIVERSITY, COIMBATORE-46 B.Sc.[Information Technology] WITH COMPULSORY DIPLOMA IN WEB TECHNOLOGY

Semester	Sub Code	Subject	Ins. Hrs.	Ex. Hrs.	Max. Marks
		PART-I: Language-I	6	3	100
		PART-II: Language-II(English)	6	3	100
		Allied 1: MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS FOR COMPUTER SCIENCE	4	3	100
I		Core 1:DATA STRUCTURES AND C PROGRAMMING	4	3	100
		Core 2: COMPUTER ORGANISATION AND ARCHITECTURE	4	3	100
		Core Lab1: C PROGRAMMING USING DATA STUCTURES	4	3	100
		Foundation Course A (General Awareness)	2		
		PART-I: Language-I	6	3	100
		PART-II: Language-II(English)	6	3	100
		Allied 2: COMPUTER ORIENTED NUMERICAL & STATISTICAL METHODS	6	3	100
II		Core 3: OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING WITH C++	5	3	100
		Core Lab 2: OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING WITH C++	5	3	100
		Foundation Course A (General Awareness)	2	3	100
		Allied 3: MICROPROCESSOR AND ALP	6	3	100
		Core 4: COMMUNICATION SKILLS	4	3	100
III		Core 5 : SYSTEM SOFTWARE AND OPERATING SYSTEM	5	3	100
		Core 6: JAVA PROGRAMMING	5	3	100
		Diploma 1 :INTRODUCTION TO WEB DESIGN AND APPLICATIONS	3	3	100
		Core Lab 3: JAVA LAB	5	3	100
		Foundation Course B (Environment Studies)	2		

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2007-08

Semester	Sub Code	Subject	Ins. Hrs.	Ex. Hrs.	Max. Marks
		Allied 4: EMBEDDED SYSTEM	6	3	100
		Core 7: PRINCIPLES OF DATA COMMUNICATIONS AND NETWORKS	6	3	100
IV		Core 8: : CLIENT/ SERVER COMPUTING	6	3	100
		Core Lab 4: NETWORK LAB	6	3	100
		Diploma 2 (Lab) HTML, XML, JAVA SCRIPTS	4	3	100
		Foundation Course B (Environment Studies)	2	3	100
		Core 9: RELATIONAL DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AND ORACLE	6	3	100
		Core 10: VISUAL PROGRAMMING	5	3	100
		Core 11: SOFTWARE ENGINEERING	5	3	100
V		AOS 1: MULTIMEDIA SYSTEMS	6	3	100
		Diploma 3: WEB TECHNOLOGY AND APPLICATIONS	3	3	100
		Core Lab 5: VISUAL BASIC AND ORACLE PROGRAMMING	5	3	100
		Core 12: NETWORK SECURITY & ADMINISTRATION	5	3	100
		Core 13: MOBILE COMPUTING	5	3	100
VI		Core 14: SOFTWARE TESTING	5	3	100
, <u>+</u>		AOS 2: DATA MINING	5	3	100
		Diploma Lab: ASP	4	3	100
		Core Lab 6: TESTING TOOLS	6	3	100
		B.Sc., Information Technology Course			3200
		Diploma Course			400

Course	B.Sc(IT)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	Ι
Subject	ALLIED 1 : MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS FOR COMPUTER SCIENCE

Subject Description:

This subject deals with mathematical concepts like matrices, numerical analysis and statistical methods for computer science and applications

Goal:

To learn about the mathematical structures for computer applications.

Objective:

On successful completion of this subject the students should have :

- Understanding the concepts of mathematics
- Learning applications of statistical and numerical methods for computer science

Unit I

Matrices – Introduction – Determination – Inverse of a matrix – Rank of a Matrix - Eigen value Problems

Unit II

Set theory-Introduction-Set & its Elements-Set Description-Types of sets-Venn-Euler Diagrams- Set operations & Laws of set theory-Fundamental products-partitions of sets-minsets-Algebra of sets and Duality-Inclusion and Exclusion principle

Unit III

Mathematical logic – Introduction- prepositional calculus –Basic logical operations-Tautologies-Contradiction-Argument-Method of proof- Predicate calculus.

Unit IV

Relations – Binary Relations – Set operation on relations-Types of Relations – Partial order relation – Equivalence relation – Composition of relations – Functions – Types of functions – Invertible functions – Composition of functions.

Unit V

Graph Theory – Basic terminology – paths, cycle & Connectivity – Sub graphs - Types of graphs – Representation of graphs in compute memory - Trees – Properties of trees – Binary trees – traversing Binary trees – Computer Representation of general trees.

Text Book:

- 1. Engineering Mathematics Volume II Dr M.K. Venkataraman NPC (Unit I)
- 1. Discrete Mathematics J.K. Sharma Second Edition 2005, Macmillan India Ltd.

Reference Books:

- 1. Discrete Mathematics Structures with Applications to computer science J. P Tremblay R Manohar – Mc Graw Hill International Edition.
- 2. Discrete Mathematics Dr M. K. Venketaramen, Dr N.Sridharan, N. Chandarasekaran The National publishing Company Chennai.

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Course	B.Sc(IT)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	Ι
Subject	CORE 1 : DATA STRUCTURES AND C PROGRAMMING

Subject Description:

This subject deals with the methods of data structures using C programming language.

Goal:

To learn about C programming language using data structural concepts.

Objective:

On successful completion of this subject the students should have :

Writing programming ability on data structures dealing with Stacks, Queues, List, Searching and Sorting algorithms etc.,

UNIT – I:

Programming development methodologies – Programming style – Problem solving techniques: Algorithm, Flowchart, Pseudocode - Structure of a C program – C character set – Delimiters – Keywords – Identifiers – Constants – Variables – Rules for defining variables – Data types – Declaring and initializing variables – Type conversion.

Operators and Expressions – Formatted and Unformatted I/O functions – Decision statements – Loop control statements.

UNIT – II:

Arrays – String and its standard functions.

Pointers – Functions – Preprocessor directives: #define, #include, #ifndef, Predefined macros.

UNIT – III:

Structure and Union: Features of structure, Declaration and initialization of structure, Structure within structure, Array of structure, Pointer to structure, Bit fields, Enumerated data types, Union. Files: Streams and file types, Steps for file operation, File I/O, Structures read and write, other file functions, Command line arguments, I/O redirection.

UNIT – IV:

Linear data structures: Introduction to data structures – List: Implementations, Traversal, Searching and retrieving an element, Predecessor and Successor, Insertion, Deletion, Sorting, Merging lists – Stack: Representation, Terms, Operations on stack, Implementation.

Single linked list, Linked list with and without header, Insertion, Deletion, Double linked list – Queues: Various positions of queue, Representation

UNIT V:

Searching and Sorting – Searching: Linear, Binary.

Sorting – Insertion, Selection, Bubble, Quick, Tree, Heap.

TEXT BOOK:

Ashok N Kamthane, "PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURES" – Pearson Education, First Indian Print 2004, ISBN 81-297-0327-0.

REFERENCE BOOK:

- 1. E Balagurusamy: Programming in ANSI C, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1998.
- 2. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni: Fundamentals of Data Structure, Galgotia Book Source, 1999.
- 3. Data structure using C Aaron M Tanenbaum, Yedidyeh langsam, Moshe J Augenstein, PHI Pub

Course	B.Sc(IT)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	Ι
Subject	CORE 2 :COMPUTER ORGANISATION AND ARCHITECTURE

Subject Description:

This subject deals with fundamentals of digital computers and sytem architecture.

Goal:

To learn about computer fundamentals and its organization.

Objective:

On successful completion of this subject the students should have :

- Knowledge on digital circuits
- Interfacing of various components

Unit I

Number System and Binary Codes: Decimal, Binary, Octal, Hexadecimal – Binary addition, Multiplication, Division – Floating point representation, Complements, BCD, Excess3, Gray Code.

Arithmetic Circuits: Half adder, Full adder, Parallel binary adder, BCD adder, Half subtractor, Full subtractor, Parallel binary subtractor - Digital Logic: the Basic Gates – NOR, NAND, XOR Gates.

Unit II

Combinational Logic Circuits: Boolean algebra –Karnaugh map – Canonical form 1 – Construction and properties – Implicants – Don't care combinations - Product of sum, Sum of products, simplifications.

Sequential circuits: Flip-Flops : RS, D, JK, T - Multiplexers – Demultiplexers – Decoder – Encoder - Counters.

Unit III

CENTRAL PROCESSING UNIT: General Register Organization - Control word – Examples of Micro operations - Stack organization - Instruction formats - Addressing modes - Data Transfer and manipulation program control.

Unit IV

Input – Output Organization: Input – output interface – I/O Bus and Interface – I/O Bus Versus Memory Bus – Isolated Versus Memory – Mapped I/O – Example of I/O Interface. Asynchronous data transfer: Strobe Control and Handshaking – Priority Interrupt: Daisy-Chaining Priority, Parallel Priority Interrupt. Direct Memory Access: DMA Controller, DMA Transfer. Input – Output Processor: CPU-IOP Communication.

Unit V

Memory Organization: Memory Hierarchy – Main Memory- Associative memory: Hardware Organization, Match Logic, Read Operation, Write Operation. Cache Memory: Associative, Direct, Set-associative Mapping – Writing Into Cache Initialization. Virtual Memory: Address Space and Memory Space, Address Mapping Using Pages, Associative Memory Page Table, Page Replacement.

Text Books:

- 1. Digital Electronics Circuits and Systems, V.K. PURI, TATA McGRAW-HILL Pub. Company
- 2. Computer System Architecture, M. MORRIS MANO, PHI.

Reference Books:

1. ISRD group – Tata McGrawHill.

Course	B.Sc (IT)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	Ι
Subject	Core Lab – 1: C programming using data structures

- 1. Write a C program to create two array list of integers. Sort and store the elements of both of them in the third list.
- 2. Write a C program to experiment the operation of STACK using array implementation.
- 3. Write a C program to create menu drive program to implement QUEUE to perform the following :
 - (i) Insertion
 - (ii) Deletion
 - (iii) Modification
 - (iv) Listing of elements using pointers
- 4. Write a C program to create LINKED LIST representation of employee records and do the following operations using pointers:
 - a. To add a new record
 - b. To delete an existing record
 - c. To print the information about an employee
 - d. To find the number of employees in the structure

- 5. Write a C program to count the total nodes of the linked list.
- 6. Write a C program to insert an element at the end of the linked list.
- 7. Write a C program to insert an element at the begining of the Double linked list.
- 8. Write a C program to display the hash table , which is to be prepared by using the Mid-square method.
- 9. Write a C program to demonstrate Binary search.
- 10.Write a C program to insert nodes into a Binary tree and to transverse in pre-order.
- 11.Write a C program to arrange a set of numbers in ascending order using QUICK-SORT.
- 12. Write a C program to arrange a set of numbers in descending order using EXCHANGE-SORT.

Course	B.Sc (IT)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	П
Subject	Allied 2: Computer Oriented Numerical & Statistical Methods

Subject Description:

This subject deals with various numerical methods and statistical applications for computer science.

Goal:

To learn about the computer based numerical and statistical methods.

Objective:

On successful completion of this subject the students should have :

- Understanding various concepts of numerical analysis.
- Learning various applications statistical methods for Computer Science.

Unit I

The Solution of Numerical Algebraic & Transcendental Equations – Bisection method – Newton-Raphson method - The method of false position.

The Solution of Simultaneous Linear Algebraic Equation – Gauss Elimination method – Gauss Jordon Elimination method – Gauss Seidal method of iteration – Gauss – Jacobi method

Unit II

Numerical Differentiation – Newton's Forward Difference formula - Newton's backward difference formula – numerical Integration – Trapezoidal rule - Simpson's One-third rule – Simpson's three - eighths rule.

Unit III

Interpolation – Newton forward interpolation formula – Newton backward interpolation formula – LaGrange's formula – Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations – Taylor method – Euler method – Range kutta method.

Unit IV

Measures of central tendency – Mean, Median and mode – Relation between mean, median and mode. Dispersion – Range – Mean deviation & standard deviation.

Unit V

Correlation – Karl Pearson's Coefficient of Correlation – Rank correlation regression – Regression Equations- Difference between correlation & Regression

Text Book:

- 1. Numerical Methods P. Kandasamy , K. Thilagavathi, K. Gunavathi. S. & company Ltd. New Delhi Revised Edition 2005 (UNIT I, II & III)
- 2. Statistical R. S. N. Pillai, V. Bagavathi **Sultan Chand and Sons** & Company Ltd. New Delhi. Reprint 2005. (UNIT IV & V)

Reference Book:

- 1. Computer oriented numerical methods V. Rajaraman, PHI Pub.
- 2. Numerical methods E. Balagurusamy Tata MC Graw Hill.
- **3.** Fundamental of Mathematical statistics S C Gupta, V. K. Kapoor Sultan Chand and Sons

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Course	B.Sc(IT)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	Π
Subject	CORE 3 :OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING WITH C++

Subject Description:

This subject deals with the programming concepts of Object Oriented Programming using C++.

Goal:

To learn about Object Oriented Programming concepts.

Objective:

On successful completion of this subject the students should have :

- Writing programming ability on OOPS concepts like Encapsulation, Data abstraction, Inheritance, Polymorphism and Exception handling etc.,

UNIT – I

Introduction to C++ - Key Concepts of OOP – Advantages – OO Languages – I/O in C++ - C++ Declarations - Control Structures – Decision Making Statements – If...Else – Jump – GOTO – Break – Continue – Switch Case Statements – Loops in C++ - For – While – Do...While loops – Functions in C++, In line Functions – Function Overloading.

UNIT – II

Class and Objects: Declaring objects – Defining member functions – Static member variables and functions – Array of objects – Friend functions – Overloading member functions – Bit fields and Class – Constructor and Destructors – Characteristics – Calling constructor and Destructors – Constructor and Destructor with static member.

UNIT - III

Operator Overloading: Overloading unary, Binary operators – Overloading friend functions – Type conversion - Inheritance: Types of inheritance: Single, Multilevel, Multiple, Hierarchical, Hybrid and Multi path inheritance – Virtual Base classes – Abstract Classes.

UNIT - IV

Pointers: Declaration – Pointer to class, object – THIS pointer – Pointer to derived classes and base classes – Arrays – Characteristics – Arrays of classes – Memory models – New and delete operators – Dynamic objects – Binding, Polymorphisms and Virtual functions.

UNIT - V

Files: File stream classes – File Modes – Sequential read/write operations – Binary and ASCII files – Random access operation – Templates – Exception handling – Strings – Declaring and initializing string objects – String attributes – Miscellaneous functions.

TEXT BOOKS

Ashok N Kamthane: Object Oriented Programming with ANSI and Turbo C++, Pearson Education Publ., 2003.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. E. Balagurusamy: Object Oriented Programming with C++, TMH Pub., 1998.
- 2. Maria Litvin and Gary Litvin: C++ for you++, Vikas Publ, 2002.
- 3. John R Hubbard: Programming with C++, TMH Publ. II Edition, 2002.

Course	B.Sc(IT)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	Π
Subject	Core Lab – 2: OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING
Subject	WITH C++

1. Create a class to implement the data structure STACK . Write a constructor to initialize the TOP of the stack to 0 . Write a member function POP() to delete an element . Check for overflow and underflow conditions.

- Create a class ARITH which consists of a FLOAT and an integer Variable . Write member ADD(), SUB(), MUL(), DIV(), MOD() to perform addition, multiplication, division and modulus Respectively . Write member functions to get and display values .
- 3. Create a class MAT has a 2-d matrix and R&C represents the rows and columns of the matrix . Overload the operators +,-,* to add subtract and multiply two matrices . Write member functions to get and display MAT object values .
- 4. Create a class STRING . Write member function to initialize , get and display strings .Overload the operator + to concatenate two strings ,
 = to compare two strings and a member function to find the length of the string.
- 5. create a class which consists of EMPLOYEE detail like eno,ename, dept, basic-salary, grade. Write member functions to get and display them. Derive a class PAY from the above class and write a member function to calculate da , hra , pf depending on the grade and Display the Payslip in a neat format using console I/O.
- 6. Create a class SHAPE which consist of two VIRTUAL FUNCTIONS Cal_Area() and Cal_PERI to calculate AREA and PERIMETER of various figures. Derive three classes SQUARE,RECTANGLE and TRIANGLE from the class SHAPE and calculate AREA and PERIMETER of each class separately and Display the result.

- 7. Create two classes which consists of two private variables, one float And one integer variables in each class. Write member functions to get and display them . Write FRIEND function common to arguments And the integer and float values of both the objects separately and Display the result.
- 8. Write a user defined function USERFUN() which has the formatting commands like setw(), showpoint, showpos precision(). Write a program which prints an multiplication table and uses USERFUN() for formatting.
- 9. Write a program to perform Insertion , Deletion and Updation using files .
- 10.Write a program which takes a file as argument and copies in to another file with line numbers using Command Line Arguments.

Course		B.Sc. (Information Technology) (Regular)	
Effective	from	n 2007-2008 and Onwards	
Semester	•	III	
Subject		Allied 3: MICROPROCESSOR AND ALP	
UNIT I	Microo Microp Proces Signal Intel 8 organiz	action to microprocessors : Evolution of microprocessors – Single-chip computer – Embedded Microprocessors – Bit- Slice processors – programming – RISC and CISC Processors – Scalar and Superscalar sors – Vector Processors – Array Processors – Symbolic Processors – Digital Processors 086 – Pin Description of Intel 8086 – Operating modes of 8086 – Register zation of 8086 – BIU and EU – Interrupts – 8086 based computer system – ssing Modes of 8086	
UNIT II			
UNIT III	Intel 386 and 486 Microprocessors: Intel 386 and 486 Microprocessor – 486DX Architecture – Register Organization of 486 Microprocessor – Memory Organization – Operating Modes of Intel 486 – Virtual Memory – Memory Managament Unit – Gates – Interrupts and Exceptions – Addressing Modes of 80486 – Pin		
UNIT IV	ConfigurationInput devices – Output devices – Memory and I/O addressing – 8086 Addressing and Address Decoding – Programmable I/O Ports – DMA Data Transfer. Other Microprocessors – PowerPC Microprocessors – Pentium Microprocessors – Pentium Pro microprocessor – Alpha Microprocessor – Cyrix Microprocessor – MIPS Microprocessor – AMD Microprocessor		
UNIT V	 MOTOROLA 68000, MOTOROLA 68020, MOTOROLA 68030, MOTOROLA 68040 Interfacing of A/D Converter and Applications: Introduction – Interfacing of ADC 0808 or ADC 0809 to Intel 8086 – Bipolar to Unipolar Converter – Sample and Hold Circuit, LF 398 – Microprocessor-based Measurement and Control of Physical Quantities 		
Text Book(s) Ref.	Publisl	Ram, "Advanced Microprocessors and Interfacing", Tata McGraw-Hill ning Company Limited, Fourteenth reprint, 2007 Ray, K.M. Bhurchandi, "Advanced Microprocessors and Peripherals", Tata	
Book(s)	McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, Second Edition, 2007		

Course	B.Sc. Computer Science (Regular)	
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards	
Semester	ш	
Subject	CORE-5: SYSTEM SOFTWARE & OPERATING SYSTEM	

UNIT I	Introduction –System Software and machine architecture-Assemblers-Basic assembler functions - Machine dependent features-program relocation-Machine independent features – literals - symbol defining statements-expressions-program blocks-control sections and program linking - Assembler design options-one pass assemblers-multi pass assemblers. Loader and Linkers: Basic Loader Functions - Machine dependent loader features – relocation – program – linking - Machine independent loader features - Automatic Library search - Loader options - Loader design options - linkage editor - dynamic linking - Bootstrap loader.
UNIT II	Macroprocessor: Basic macroprocessor functions - Machine independent macroprocessor features - concatenation of macro parameter macro processor design options-recursive macro expansion - general purpose macro processor - macro processing within language translators. Text Editors: Overview of editing process - user interface - editor structure
UNIT III	Machine dependent compiler features - Intermediate form of the program-Machine dependent code optimization-machine independent compiler features-Compiler design options-division into passes-interpreters-p –code compilers-compiler-compilers.
UNIT IV	Introduction: Definition of DOS – History of DOS – Definition Of Process - Process states - process states transition – Interrupt processing – interrupt classes - Storage Management Real Storage: Real storage management strategies – Contiguous versus Non-contiguous storage allocation – Single User Contiguous Storage allocation- Fixed partition multiprogramming – Variable partition multiprogramming. Virtual Storage: Virtual storage management strategies – Page replacement strategies – Working sets – Demand paging – page size.
UNIT V	Processor Management Job and Processor Scheduling: Preemptive Vs Non- preemptive scheduling – Priorities – Deadline scheduling - Device and Information Management Disk Performance Optimization: Operation of moving head disk storage – Need for disk scheduling – Seek Optimization – File and Database Systems: File System – Functions – Organization – Allocating and freeing space – File descriptor – Access control matrix.
Text Book(s)	 Leland –L-Beck, "System Software-An Introduction to Systems Programming", Pearson Education Publishers, Third Edition-2003. H. M Deitel, "Operating Systems", 2nd Edition, Perason Education Publication,2003.
Ref. Book(s)	 Achyut s Godbole , "Operating Systems", TMH Publications , 2002 John J. Donovan , "Systems Programming", TMH Publications , 1991 D.M. Dhamdhrer, "Systems Programming and Operating Systems", 2nd Revised Edition

Course	BHARATHIAR UNIVERSITY, COIMBATORE -46 B.Sc. (Information Technology) (Regular)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	III
Subject	Core 6: JAVA PROGRAMMING

UNIT I	Introduction to Object-Oriented Programming – The Java language – Variable Declarations and Arrays – Operators in Java. Control Statements: An Introduction – Selection Constructs – Iteration Constructs – Jump Constructs . Introduction to Classes: Instance variables – Class variables – Instance Methods – Constructors –
	Class Methods – Declaring Objects – Garbage Collection.
UNIT II	Classes and Methods in Detail: Method Overloading – Constructor Overloading –
	The this Reference – Using Objects in Method – Recursion – Access Modifiers –
	Inner Classes - Command Line Arguments. Inheritance: Basics of Inheritance -
	Super Class Variable and Subclass Object - The super reference - Constructor
	chaining – Method Overriding – The final Keyword. Abstract Classes and Interfaces:
	The abstract Classes and Methods – Defining Interface – Implementing Interfaces –
	Extending Interface – Interface Reference. Exception Handling: Types of
	Exceptions-Uncaught Exceptions – Handling Exceptions – User Defined Exceptions
UNIT	Multithreaded Programming: Concept of Threads – Thread Creation – Thread's Life
III	Cycle – Thread Scheduling – Synchronization and Deadlock – Inter-thread
	Communication. Packages and Access Modifiers: Packages – An Introduction –
	The package Declaration – The import Statement – Illustration Package – The Java
	Language Packages. Handling Strings: Creating Strings – Operations on Strings –
UNIT	Character Extractor Methods – String Comparison Methods Input Output Classes: Input and Output Operations – Hierarchy of classes in java.io
IV	Package – File class – Input and Output Operations – Inerately of classes in Java.io
1 4	FilterOutputStream Classes – Reader and Writer Classes – RandomAccessFile Class-
	StreamTokenizer. Applets: Applet Basics – Applet Life Cycle – Running Applets –
	Methods of the Applet Class – Font Class – FontMetrics Class
UNIT V	Abstract Windowing Toolkit – AWT classes – Hierarchy of Classes – Control
	Fundamentals – Component Class – Basic Component Classes – Various Container
	Classes – Frame Window in an Applet – Menus. Layout Management and Event
	Handling: Layout Management Policies – Standard Layout Managers – Handling
	Events - Hierarchy of Event Classes - Event Delegation Model - Event Classes -
	Event Listener Interfaces – Adapter Classes
Text	Instructional Software Research and Development (ISRD) Group, "Introduction to
Book(s)	Object Oriented Programming through Java", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing
	Company Limited, New Delhi, 2007.
Ref.	E.BalaGurusamy, "Programming with JAVA – A Primer", Tata McGraw-Hill

IXCI.	E.DuluGuluSully, Trogramming with STYTE ATTIMICE, Tutu McGruw Tim	
Book(s)	Publishing Company Limited, Third Edition, 2007	
	John R. Hubbard, "Schaum's Outline of Programming with Java", Tata McGraw-	
	Hill Publishing Company Limited, Second Edition, 2007	

Course	B.Sc. (Information Technology) (Regular)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	III
Subject	Diploma 1: INTRODUCTION TO WEB DESIGN AND APPLICATIONS

UNIT I	Fundamentals of Electronic Mail : Introduction - Email :Advantages and Disadvantages - Userids, Passwords and Email addresses - Message Components - Message Composition - Mailer Features - E mail Inner Workings - Email Management - MIME Types . Browsing and Publishing ; Introduction – Browser bare bones – Coast – to – Coast surfing – Hyber Text Markup Languages – Web page installation – Web page set up – HTML formatting and hyper link creation
UNIT II	The internet : Introduction – internet defined – internet history – the way the internet works – internet congestion – Inter net culture – Business culture and the internet – collaborative computing and the internet . World Wide Web : introduction the web defined – web browser details – web writing styles – web presentation outline, design , and management – registering web pages
UNIT III	Searching the world wide web : introduction – directories , search engines and metasearch engines – search fundamentals – search strategies – how does a search engine works. Telnet and FTP : introduction – telnet and remote login – File transfer – Computer Viruses
UNIT IV	Basic HTML : introduction – semantic versus syntactic – based style types – headers and footers – lists – tables – debugging . Advanced HTML : introduction – frames – html forms – CGI scripts – dynamic documents – html tools – next generation html – cascading style sheets
UNIT V	News groups, Mailing Lists, Chat rooms and MUDs : introduction – news groups and mailing lists history – mailing list fundamentals – newsgroups and mailing lists availability – chat-rooms – MUDs. Electronic Publishing : introduction – electronic publishing advantages and disadvantages – copy right issues – project Gutenberg and on-line books – electronic journals , magazines and news papers – miscellaneous publishing issues.
Text Book(s)	Raymond Greenlaw, Ellen Hepp , Fundamentals of the INTERNET and the World Wide Web, Second Edition , Tata McGRAW –HillEdition, 2005

Course	B.Sc. (Information Technology) (Regular)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	ш
Subject	Core Lab 3: JAVA LAB

1.	Program to generate a Pascal Triangle
2.	Program for roots of a Quadratic Equation
3.	Program for merging two sorted arrays
4.	Program for counting letter frequencies in a given string
5.	Program for Multithreading
6.	Program for preparing mark list using inheritance
7.	Program for Multiple inheritance
8.	Program for creating your own package
9.	Program that counts the number of lines, words and characters in a given text file
10.	Program that right-justifies a text file
11.	Program that display a digital clock using applet
12.	Program that generates a human face using applet
13.	Create an applet containing three buttons labeled red, green and blue. Depending on the button pressed, the background color of the applet should change
14.	Create an applet that accepts two numbers in two textfields. Add a button labeled "equals" which when pressed should add the two numbers and display the result in the third text field

Course	B.Sc. (Information Technology) (Regular)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	IV
Subject	Allied 4: EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

UNIT I	Introduction to Embedded System: An Embedded System – Processor in the System – Other Hardware units – Software embedded into a system – Exemplary embedded system – Embedded system on chip and in VLSI circuit. Processor and Memory organization: Structural units in a processor – Processor selection – Memory devices – Memory selection – Allocation of memory – DMA – Interfacing processor, memories and I/O devices
UNIT II	Devices and buses for device networks: I/O devices – Timer and counting devices – Serial communication – Host system. Device drivers and Interrupts servicing mechanism: Device drivers – Parallel port device drivers – Serial port device drivers – Device drivers for IPTD – Interrupt servicing mechanism – Context and the periods for context-switching, dead-line and interrupt latency
UNIT III	Programming concepts and embedded programming in C and C++: Software programming in ALP and C – C program elements – Header and source files and processor directives – Macros and functions – Data types – Data structures – Modifiers – Statements – Loops and pointers – Queues – Stacks – Lists and ordered lists – Embedded programming in C++ - Java – C program compiler and cross compiler – Source code for engineering tools for embedded C / C++ - Optimization of memory needs
UNIT IV	Program modeling concepts in single and multi processor systems: Modeling process for software analysis before software implementation – Programming models for event controlled or response time constrained real time programs – Modeling of multiprocessor systems. Software engineering practices: Software algorithm complexity – Software development process life cycle and its models – Software analysis – Software design – Implementation – Testing, Validation and debugging – Software maintenance
UNIT V	Inter-process communication and synchronization of processes, tasks and threads: Multiple processor – Problem of sharing data by multiple tasks and routines – Inter process communication. Real time operating systems: Operating system services – I/O subsystem – Network operating systems – Real time and embedded operating systems – Interrupt routine in RTOS environment – RTOS task scheduling – Performance metric in scheduling
Text Book(s)	Raj Kamal, "Embedded Systems – Architecture, Programming and Design", TMH, 2007

Course	B.Sc. (Information Technology) (Regular)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	IV
Subject	Core 7: PRINCIPLES OF DATA COMMUNICATIONS AND NETWORKS

UNIT I	Introduction to Data Communications and Networking – Information Encoding – Analog and Digital Transmission Methods – Modes of Data Transmission and Multiplexing – Transmission Errors: Detection and Correction
UNIT II	Transmission Media : Guided Media, Unguided Media – Network Topologies: Mesh, Star, Tree, Ring, Bus – Switching: Circuit switching, Message switching, Packet switching – Routing Algorithms: Routers and Routing – Factors affecting Routing Algorithms – Routing Algorithms – Approaches to Routing – Network Protocols and OSI Model
UNIT III	Local Area Networks (LAN), Metropolitan Area Networks (MAN) and Wide Area Networks (WAN) – Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) – X.25 Protocol – Frame Relay – Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM)
UNIT IV	Internetworking Concepts, Devices, Internet Basics, History and Architecture – Ways of Accessing the Internet – An Introduction to TCP / IP, IP, ARP, RARP, ICMP
UNIT V	TCP: Features of TCP, Relationship between TCP and IP, Ports and Sockets, TCP connections, What makes TCP Reliable, TCP Packet Format – User Datagram Protocol (UDP): UDP Packet, Difference between UDP and TCP – Domain Name System (DNS) – Electronic Mail (Email) – File Transfer Protocol (FTP) – Web Browser Architecture
Text Book(s)	Achyut S.Godbole, "Data Communications and Networks", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, Ninth reprint, 2007
Ref. Book(s)	 Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data Communications and Networking – Second Edition Update "Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, Nineteenth reprint, 2007 Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Computer Networks", III Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2000

Course	B.Sc. (Information Technology) (Regular)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	IV
Subject	Core 8: CLIENT / SERVER COMPUTING

Needs of Client Client and server single system in Queueing: The MUNIT IIISQL Database Server a database server warehouses - C Systems (DSS) - Support and OLT ware houseUNIT IVClient / Server T Models - TP mo	and operating systems – The Anatomy of a server program – / Server from an OS – server scalability – Client anatomy – OS trends – Client OS and Server OS. NOS: Creating the mage – Remote Procedure Calls (RPC) – Messaging and IOM Middleware ervers: What does SQL do ? – The ISO standards – What does do ? – Stored procedures, Triggers and Rules. Data
a database server warehouses – C Systems (DSS) – Support and OL ware house UNIT IV Client / Server 7 Models – TP mo	
Models – TP mo	LTP (OnLine Transaction Processing) – Decision Support - Executive Information System (EIS) – comparing Decision TP systems – Production vs Information Databases – The data
CORBA style –	Transaction Processing – The ACID properties – Transaction nitors – Client / Server groupware – Importance of Groupware oware – The components of Groupware. Distributed Objects, Object management architecture – Compound Documents – ocument frame work
client / server – I web security – T	er – What is URL? – Shortest HTML tutorial – HTTP – 3 tier ITML web based forms – CGI : The server slide of the web – he internet and the intranets – Compound documents and the DCOM / OLE Object Web – The CORBA object web.
TextRobert Orfali, DaBook(s)Survival Guide",	

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COURSE	B.Sc.,(Information Technology)(Regular)
Effective From	2007-08 Onwards
Semester	IV
Subject	Core Lab 4: Network Lab

1	Write a program to Detect Errors using Vertical Redundancy Check (VRC).		
2	Write a program to Detect Errors using Longitudinal Redundancy Check (LRC).		
3	Write a program to Detect Errors using Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC).		
4	Write a Socket program to implement Asynchronous Communication.		
5	Write a Socket program to implement Isochronous Communication.		
6	Write a program to implement Stop & Wait Protocol.		
7	Write a program to implement Sliding Window Protocol.		
8	Write a Socket Program to Perform file transfer from Server to the Client.		
9	Write a program to implement the Shortest Path Routing using Dijkstra algorithm.		
10	Write a Program to implement Remote Procedure call under Client / Server Environment		

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COURSE	B.Sc.,(Information Technology)(Regular)
Effective From	2007-08 Onwards
Semester	IV
Subject	Diploma Lab 2 : HTML, XML, Java Scripts

BHARATHIAR UNIVERSITY, COIMBATORE -46

Students are required to write code snippets, which covers the following objectives

1	Design Simple Web Pages using standard HTML tags like, HEAD, TITLE, BODY	
2	Design HTML web pages, which make use of INPUT, META, SCRIPT, FORM, APPLET, BGSOUND, MAP	
3	Working with various attributes of standard HTML elements	
4	Using Java Script's Window and document objects and their properties and various methods like alert (), evaI (), ParseInt () etc. methods to give the dynamic functionality to HTML web pages	
5	Writing Java Script snippet which make use of Java Script's inbulit as well as user defined objects like navigator, Date Array, Event, Number etc.	
6	Write code which does the form validation in various INPUT elements like TextFiled, Text Area, Password, Selection list etc.	
7	Writing XML web Documents which make use of XML Declaration, Element Declaration, Attribute Decelaration	
8	Usage of Internal DTD, External DTD, Entity Declaration.	

Course	B.Sc. Computer Science (Regular)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	V
Subject	CORE-9: RELATIONAL DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AND ORACLE

UNIT I	Database Concepts: A Relational approach: Database – Relationships – DBMS		
	- Relational Data Model - Integrity Rules - Theoretical Relational Languages.		
	Database Design: Data Modeling and Normalization: Data Modeling -		
	Dependency - Database Design - Normal forms - Dependency Diagrams -		
	Denormalization – Another Example of Normalization.		
UNIT II	Oracle9i: Overview: Personal Databases – Client/Server Databases – Oracle9i and		
	introduction – SQL *Plus Environment – SQL – Logging into SQL *Plus - SQL		
	*Plus Commands – Errors & Help – Alternate Text Editors - SQL *Plus Worksheet		
	- iSQL *Plus. Oracle Tables: DDL: Naming Rules and conventions – Data Types –		
	Constraints – Creating Oracle Table – Displaying Table Information – Altering an		
	Existing Table – Dropping, Renaming, Truncating Table – Table Types – Spooling		
	– Error codes.		
UNIT III	Working with Table: Data Management and Retrieval: DML – adding a new		
	Row/Record - Customized Prompts - Updating and Deleting an Existing		
	Rows/Records – retrieving Data from Table – Arithmetic Operations – restricting		
	Data with WHERE clause – Sorting – Revisiting Substitution Variables – DEFINE		
	command - CASE structure. Functions and Grouping: Built-in functions -		
	Grouping Data. Multiple Tables: Joins and Set operations: Join – Set operations.		
UNIT IV			
	Comments – Data Types – Other Data Types – Declaration – Assignment operation		
	Comments – Data Types – Other Data Types – Declaration – Assignment operation – Bind variables – Substitution Variables – Printing – Arithmetic Operators.		
	Comments – Data Types – Other Data Types – Declaration – Assignment operation – Bind variables – Substitution Variables – Printing – Arithmetic Operators. Control Structures and Embedded SQL : Control Structures – Nested Blocks –		
	Comments – Data Types – Other Data Types – Declaration – Assignment operation – Bind variables – Substitution Variables – Printing – Arithmetic Operators. Control Structures and Embedded SQL : Control Structures – Nested Blocks – SQ L in PL/SQL – Data Manipulation – Transaction Control statements. PL/SQL		
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UNIT V Text	Comments – Data Types – Other Data Types – Declaration – Assignment operation – Bind variables – Substitution Variables – Printing – Arithmetic Operators. Control Structures and Embedded SQL : Control Structures – Nested Blocks – SQ L in PL/SQL – Data Manipulation – Transaction Control statements. PL/SQL Cursors and Exceptions: Cursors – Implicit & Explicit Cursors and Attributes – Cursor FOR loops – SELECTFOR UPDATE – WHERE CURRENT OF clause – Cursor with Parameters – Cursor Variables – Exceptions – Types of Exceptions. PL/SQL: UNIT-V: PL/SQL Composite Data Types: Records – Tables – Varrays. Named Blocks : Procedures – Functions – Packages –Triggers –Data		
UNIT V Text Book(s)	Comments – Data Types – Other Data Types – Declaration – Assignment operation – Bind variables – Substitution Variables – Printing – Arithmetic Operators. Control Structures and Embedded SQL : Control Structures – Nested Blocks – SQ L in PL/SQL – Data Manipulation – Transaction Control statements. PL/SQL Cursors and Exceptions: Cursors – Implicit & Explicit Cursors and Attributes – Cursor FOR loops – SELECTFOR UPDATE – WHERE CURRENT OF clause – Cursor with Parameters – Cursor Variables – Exceptions – Types of Exceptions. PL/SQL: UNIT-V: PL/SQL Composite Data Types: Records – Tables – Varrays. Named Blocks : Procedures – Functions – Packages –Triggers –Data Dictionary Views. DATABASE SYSTEMS USING ORCLE – Nilesh Shah, 2 nd edition, PHI.		
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UNIT V Text Book(s) Ref.	Comments – Data Types – Other Data Types – Declaration – Assignment operation – Bind variables – Substitution Variables – Printing – Arithmetic Operators. Control Structures and Embedded SQL: Control Structures – Nested Blocks – SQ L in PL/SQL – Data Manipulation – Transaction Control statements. PL/SQL Cursors and Exceptions: Cursors – Implicit & Explicit Cursors and Attributes – Cursor FOR loops – SELECTFOR UPDATE – WHERE CURRENT OF clause – Cursor with Parameters – Cursor Variables – Exceptions – Types of Exceptions. PL/SQL: UNIT-V: PL/SQL Composite Data Types: Records – Tables – Varrays. Named Blocks: Procedures – Functions – Packages –Triggers –Data Dictionary Views. 1. DATABASE SYSTEMS USING ORCLE – Nilesh Shah, 2 nd edition, PHI.		

	Course		B.Sc. (Information Technology) (Regular)	
	Effective from		2007-2008 and Onwards	
	Semester		V	
	Subject		Core 10: VISUAL PROGRAMMING	
box men – cu UNIT II Buil First State		box an menu, – custo Buildin First st Statem	Basic: Getting started – Visual Basic environment: Tool bars – The Tool d Custom controls and components – using file menu, edit menu, view project menu, format menu, debug menu, adding menu and window menu omizing a form and writing simple programs ng the user interface: the tool box – creating controls – properties setting – teps in programming: Code window – Visual Basic's editing tools – ments in VB – Data types – Working with variables – Input boxes and ge boxes – displaying information	
UI	NIT III		olling program flow – Built-in functions – User defined functions and lures – Control arrays – List and Combo boxes – the Flex grid control	
UNIT IV		Finishing the interface: Frames – Option buttons – Check boxes – Scroll bars – Timers – Common Dialog boxes – The Microsoft windows common controls 6.0 – Menus – MDI forms		
UI	NIT V		unicating with other window applications – Database development with Basic (DAO, RDO) – Building ActiveX controls	
P	C	1		
Re Bo	ef. pok(s)	2.	Gary Cornell, "Visual Basic 6.0 from the Ground Up", Tata McGraw Hill Company, 1999 Content Development Group, "Visual Basic 6.0 Programming" Tata McGraw-Hill Company, Ninth reprint, 2007 Noel Jerke, "The Complete Reference : Visual Basic 6.0", Tata Mc Graw- Hill Company, 24 th reprint, 2006	

	Course		B.Sc. (Information Technology) (Regular)		
	Effective from		2007-2008 and Onwards		
	Semester		V		
	Subject		Core 11: SOFTWARE ENGINEERING		
and Pr Devel Cost F Estima		and Pro Develo Cost E Estima	action to Software Engineering: Some Definition – Size Factors – Quality oductivity Factors – Planning a Software Project – Defining the Problem – oping a Solution Strategy – Planning the Development Process. Software estimation: Software Cost Factors – Software Cost Estimation Technique – ting Software Maintenance Costs – Software Requirements Definition – I Specification Techniques		
Crit Stru		Criteria Structu	are Design: Fundamental Design Concepts – Modules and Modularization a – Coupling and Cohesion – Design Notations – Design Techniques: ared Design – Integrated Top-Down Development – Jackson Structured mming – Real-Time and Distributed System Design - Design Guidelines		
Con – Da Star		Constr – Data Standa	nentation Issues: Structured Coding Techniques: Single Entry, Single Exit ucts – Efficiency Considerations – Violations of Single Entry, Single Exit Encapsulation – The Goto Statements – Recursion – Coding Style – rd and Guidelines – Documentation Guidelines . Verification and tion Techniques: Quality Assurance – Walkthroughs and Inspections		
UNIT IV		Testing	Testing for Quality – Functional Testing – System Testing – User Satisfaction Testing – Test Cases and Test Plans. Advanced Topics in Software Engineering: Development of Critical Systems – The Future of Software Engineering		
UN	NIT V	Specia Engine engine Softwa	l Topics in Software Engineering: Web Applications Development eering – Component-based software engineering – Class room software ering – Software system maintenance – Software verification for QA – are engineering support tools – Overiview of PERT /CPM – Reengineering ftware reengineering		
Book(s) Publi Warr		Wama	d Fairley, "Software Engineering Concepts", Tata McGraw-Hill hing Company Limited,25 th reprint, 2007 n S.Jawadekar, "Software Engineering-Principles and Practice" Tata aw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, Fifth reprint, 2007		
Ref. Book(s)		1.	Pankaj Jalote, "An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering", Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2000 Sommerville, "Software Engineering" Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2000		

COURSE		B.Sc.,(Information Technology) (Regular)
Effective From		2007-08 Onwards
Semester		V
Subject		AOS 1 : MULTIMEDIA SYSTEMS
UNIT I	Globa	duction – Branch Overlapping Aspects of Multimedia Content – al Structure – Multimedia Literature . Multimedia – Media and Data ms – Medium .
UNIT II	Sound/Audio : Basic Sound Concepts – Music –Speech , Images and Graphics : Basic Concepts – Computer Image Processing – Video and Animation : Basic Concepts – Television – Computer Based Animation .	
UNIT III	Data Compression : Storage Space – Coding Requirements – JPEG – MPEG – DVI , Optical Storage Media , Computer Technology – Multimedia Operating System.	
UNIT IV	Networking System : Layers , Protocols and Services , Networks , Metropolitan Area Networks , WAN , Multimedia Communication System	
UNIT V	User Interfaces, Synchronization , Abstraction for Programming : Abstraction Levels – Libraries – System Software – Toolkit – Higher Programming Languages . Multimedia Application : Introduction – Media Population – Media Compos ion – Media Communication – Trends.	
Text	Ralf	Steinmetz & Klara Nahrstedt – "Multimedia Computing,
Book(s)	Communication & Applications "Pearson Education.	

BHARATHIAR UNIVERSITY, COIMBATORE -46	
Course	B.Sc. (Information Technology) (Regular)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	V
Subject	Diploma 3 : WEB TECHNOLOGY AND APPLICATIONS

UNIT I	Networking protocols and OSI model : protocols in computer communications - the
	OSI models - OSI layer functions. Internet working concepts, devices, basics,
	history and architecture : Why internetworking – problesms in internetworking –
	dealing with incompatibility issues - a virtual network - internetworking devices-
	rpeaters - bridges - routers - gateways - a brief history of the internets -growth of
	the internets – internet toplogy – internal architecture of an ISP
UNIT	TCP/IP Part I : introduction to TCP /IP , IP , ARP, RARP, ICMP : TCP/IP basics -
II	Why IP address ? - logical address - TCP / IP example - the concepts of IP addresses
	- Address resolution protocol - Reverse Address Resolution Protocol - Internet
	Control Message Protocol – Datagram Fragmentation and reassebly. TCP/IP Part II :
	(TCP, UDP) Basics of TCP – Features of TCP – Relationship between TCP and IP –
	ports and sockets - connections- passive open and active open - TCP connections -
	What makes TCP reliable ? - TCP packets format - persistent TCP connections -
	used datagram protocol – UDP packets – difference between UDP and TCP
UNIT	TCP/IP part III – (DNS, E-mail, FTP, TFTP) – domain name system (DNS) –
III	Electronic mail (E-mail) – File Transfer Protocol (FTP) – Trivial File Transfer
	Protocol (TFTP). TCP/IP Part IV – (WWW, HTTP, TELNET) : A brief history of
	WWW – the basics of WWW and Browsing – locating information on the internet –
	Hyber Text Markup Language (HTML) – Web – Browser Architecture – Web pages
	and Multimedia – Remote login – TELNET
UNIT	Introduction to web technology – features required for enabling e-commerce – web-
IV	pages – types and issues - Tiers – the concept of a Tier – a comparison of microsoft
	and java technologies – web pages – static web pages – plug-ins – introduction to
	frames and forms – frames - forms . Dynamic Web pages : the need for dynamic web
	pages – the magic of dynamic web pages – an overview of dynamic of web page
	technologies – an overview of dynamic HTML (DHTML) – common gateway
	interface (GCI) – Microsoft's Active Server Pages (ASP) – Basics of ASP
	technologies ASP example – modern trends in ASP. Java and the Concepts of a
	Virtual Machine – Java servlets and jave server pages (JSP) – Jave servlets – Java
	server pages (JSP)
UNIT	Active web pages – Active web pages is a better solution java applets – Why are
V	active web pages powerful ? when not to use active web pages – lifecycle of Java
	applets – Active X controls – Java beans . Extensible Markup Languages(XML) –
	Standard generalised Markup language (SGML) - Basics of XML – XML parsers –
	the need for Standard
Text	Achyut S. Godbole, Atul Kahate, Web technologies, Tata McGraw Hill, Sixth
Book(s)	reprint, 2007

Course	B.Sc.,(Information Technology)(Regular)	
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards	
Semester	V	
Subject	CORE LAB 5: VISUAL BASIC & ORACLE PROGRAMMING	

	VISUAL BASIC
1	1. Write a simple VB program to accept a number as input and convert them into
	a. Binary
	b. Octal
	c. Hexa-decimal
2	Write a simple VB program to add the items to list box with user input and move the
	selected item to combo box one by one.
_	
3	Write a simple VB program to develop a calculator with basic operation.
4	Design an form using common dialog control to display the font, save and open dialog
-	box without using the action control property.
5	Write a simple program to prepare a Questionnaire.
6	2. Write a VB Program to develop a menu driven program
Ū	Add a MDI window in the form and arrange them in the cascading/horizontal
	style using menus (Create a menu to add form, arrange) (Menu Item 1).
	Also change the form color using the menu in another menu item (Menu Item 2).
	ORACLE
7	3. Create the following table (<i>PK</i> - <i>Primary Key</i> , <i>FK</i> – <i>Foreign Key</i>) cat_head,
	route_head, place_head, route_detail, ticket_detail, ticket_head with the
	mapping given below:
	cat_head route_head
	(cat_code PK) (cat_code FK)
	route_head route_detail
	(route_id PK) (route_id FK)
	ticket_head ticket_detail
	(tick_no PK) (tick_no FK)
	place_head route_detail
	(place_id PK) (place_id FK)

	(i) Alter the table ticket_header to add a check constraint on ticket_no to accept values between 1 and 500
	(ii) Alter table route_header to add a column with data type as long.
8	. (a) Insert values to above tables
	(b) Display only those routes that originate in madras and terminate at cochin(c) Display only distinct category code from the table route_header in descending manner.
	Update the table route_header to set the distance between madras and coimbatore as 500
9	a. Select rows from ticket_details such that ticket number greater than any ticket_number in Ticket_header.
	B. Select rows from route_header such that the route_id are greater than all route_id
	in route_detail
	Where place id is "100".
	C. Create view tick from ticket_header with Ticket_no, Origin, Destination, route_id
10	Generate a report from the table ticket_detail for the particular ticket_no
11	a. Write a PL/SQL block to update the bus_station to be "ERODE" where place_id is '01' or '05' [place_header]
	b. Write a PL/SQL block to satisfy the following condition by accepting the route_id as user input. If the distance is less than 500 than update the fare to be 200
	c. Write a Database trigter before insert for each row on the table route_detail not allowing transaction on Saturday / Sunday
	d. Write a Database trigger before delete for each row not allowing deletion and give the appropriate message on the table route_details
12	Develop a Simple Project for Student Database Management System using VB as front end and ORACLE as back end.

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	Course		B.Sc. (Information Technology) (Regular)	
	Effective from		2007-2008 and Onwards	
	Semester		VI	
	Subje	ct	Core 12: NETWORK SECURITY & ADMINISTRATION	
	NIT I	Security ag Concepts a techniques asymmetri types of at Symmetri An overvio Internation RSA : Intr Asymmetri	c key cryptography – steagnograpgy – key range and key size – possible tacks c Key Algorithms and AES : Introduction - Algorith Types and modes – ew of symmetric key cryptography – Data encryption Standard (DES) – nal Data Encryption Algorithm (IDEA) – RC4 – RC5 – Blowfish – Advanced of Standard (AES) . Asymmetric Key Algorithms: Digital Signature and oduction – brief history of Asymmetric Key cryptography – An Overview of ic Cryptography - The RSA algorithm – Symmetric and asymmetric ohy together – digital signatures – Knapsack algorithm – Some other	
UN III	NIT	Digital certificate and Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) : Introduction – digital certificates – private key management- the PKIX model – Public key cryptography standards – XML, PKI and Security – Creating digital certificates using JAVA.Internet Security Protocols : Introduction – basic concepts – Secure Socket Layer – (SSL) – Transport Layer Security(TLS) – Secure Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (SHTTP) – Time Stamping Protocol (TSP) – Secure Electronic Transaction (SET) – SSL Versus SET – 3-D secure Protocol – Electronic Money Email security – Wireless Application Protocol (WIP) Security - Security in GSM –Security in 3G.		
IV	UNITUser Authentication and Kerberos : Introduction – Authentication basics - Passwords – Authentication Tokens – Certificate based Authentication – biome authentication – kerberos – Key distribution cetre – Security handshake Pitfalls Single sign on (SSO) Approaches . Cryptography in JAVA, .NET, and Oper System : Introduction – Cryptographic Solution using JAVA – Cryptographic Solutions using Microsoft .NET Framework – Cryptographic Toolkits – Securi Operating Systems – Database Security .UNIT VNetwork Security Firewalls and Virtual Private Networks (VPN) : Introduction Brief introduction to TCP/IP – Fire walls – IP security – Virtual Private netwo (VPN) – Intrusion. Case Studies on Cryptography and Security : Introduction		 hentication and Kerberos: Introduction – Authentication basics - Authentication Tokens – Certificate based Authentication – biometric tion – kerberos – Key distribution cetre – Security handshake Pitfalls – h on (SSO) Approaches . Cryptography in JAVA, .NET, and Operating ntroduction – Cryptographic Solution using JAVA – Cryptographic using Microsoft .NET Framework – Cryptographic Toolkits – Security and Systems – Database Security . Security Firewalls and Virtual Private Networks (VPN) : Introduction – duction to TCP/IP – Fire walls – IP security – Virtual Private networks ntrusion. Case Studies on Cryptography and Security : Introduction – 	
Te Bo	xt ok(s)			

COURSE		B.Sc. (Information Technology) (Regular)
Effective From		2007-08 Onwards
Semester		VI
Subject		Core 13:Mobile Computing
UNIT I	Introduction: Mobility of Bits and Bytes –Wireless The Beginning – Mobile Computing – Dialogue Control – Networks – Middleware and Gateways – Application and services- Developing Mobile computer Applications – security in mobile computing – Standards _ Why is it necessary – Standard bodies. MOBILE COMPUTTING ARCHITECTURE: History of computers and Internet – Architecture for mobile computing – Three-tier architecture – Design considerations for mobile computing – Mobile computing through Internet – Making exiting applications mobile enabled	
UNIT II	MOBILE COMPUTING THROUGH TELEPHONY: Evaluation of telephony – Multiple access procedures – Mobile computing through telephone – IVR Application – Voice XML – TAPI	
UNIT III	IP – IPv6 – GSM A Interfaces	NG TECHNOLOGIES: Blue Tooth – RFID – WiMAX – Mobile – Java Card. GSM : Global System for mobile communications Architecture – GSM Entities – Call routing in GSM – PLMN – GSM Addresses and Identifiers – Network Aspects in GSM – quency allocations – Authentications and Security. SMS
UNIT IV	GPRS – GPRS and packet data network – GPRS network architecture – GPRS network operations – Data services in GPRS – Application for GPRS- Limitations – Billing and Charging. WAP : MMS – GPRS Applications	
UNIT V	Wireless I WIRELE Architectu	nd 3G: Spread spectrum technology – Is 95 – CDMA vs GSM – Data – Third generation networks – Applications on 3G SS LAN: Wireless LAN advantages – IEEE 802.11 standards – ure – Mobile in Wireless LAN – Deploying wireless LAN – Ihoc networks and sensor networks – Wireless LAN Security – G
Text Book(s)	MOBILE COMPUTING, Asoke K Talukder , Roopa R Yavagal, TMH, 2005	

Course	B.Sc. (Information Technology) (Regular)
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards
Semester	VI
Subject	Core 14 : SOFTWARE TESTING

UNIT I	Software Development Life Cycle models: Phases of Software project – Quality, Quality Assurance, Quality control – Testing, Verification and Validation – Process Model to represent Different Phases - Life Cycle models. White-Box Testing: Static Testing – Structural Testing – Challenges in White-Box Testing.
UNIT II	Black-Box Testing: What is Black-Box Testing? - Why Black-Box Testing? - When to do Black-Box Testing? - How to do Black-Box Testing? - Challenges in White Box Testing - Integration Testing: Integration Testing as Type of Testing - Integration Testing as a Phase f Testing - Scenario Testing - Defect Bash
UNIT III	System and Acceptance Testing: system Testing Overview – Why System testing is done? – Functional versus Non-functional Testing - Functional testing - Non-functional Testing – Acceptance Testing – Summary of Testing Phases.
UNIT IV	Performance Testing: Factors governing Performance Testing – Methodology of Performance Testing – tools for Performance Testing – Process for Performance Testing – Challenges. Regression Testing: What is Regression Testing? – Types of Regression Testing – When to do Regression Testing – How to do Regression Testing – Best Practices in Regression Testing.
UNIT V	Test Planning, Management, Execution and Reporting: Test Planning– Test Management – Test Process – Test Reporting –Best Practices. TestMetrics and Measurements: Project Metrics – Progress Metrics –Productivity Metrics – Release Metrics.
Text Book(s)	SOFTWARE TESTING Principles and Practices – Srinivasan Desikan & Gopalswamy Ramesh, 2006, Pearson Education.
Ref. Book(s)	 EFFECTIVE METHODS OF SOFTWARE TESTING–William E.Perry, 3rd ed, Wiley India. SOFTWARE TESTING – Renu Rajani, Pradeep Oak, 2007, TMH

Course	B.Sc. (Information Technology) (Regular)	
Effective from	2007-2008 and Onwards	
Semester	VI	
Subject	AOS 2: DATA MINING	

UNIT I	 Expanding of Universe of Data – Production Factor – Data Mining – Data Mining versus Query Tools – Data Mining in marketing – Practical Applications. Learning – Self-Learning Computer Systems – Machine Learning and Methodology of Science – Concept Learning Data Warehouse – Need – Designing Decision Support Systems –
	Integration with Data Mining – Client / Server and Data Warehousing – Multiprocessing Machine – Cost Justification
UNIT III	Knowledge Discovery process – Data Selection – Cleaning – Enrichment – Coding – Data Mining – Preliminary Analysis of the data set using Relational Query tools – Visualization Techniques – Likelihood and Distance – OLAP tools – K-Nearest Neighbor – Decision Trees – Association Rules – Neural Networks – Genetic Algorithms – Reporting – Different forms of Knowledge – Ten Golden Rules
UNIT IV	Customer Profiling – Predicting Bid Behavior of Pilots – Discovering Foreign Key Relationships – Learning as Compression of data sets – Content of Message – Noise and Redundancy – Significance of Noise – Fuzzy Databases – The traditional theory of the relational database – From Relations to Tables – Denormalization – Data Mining Primitives
UNIT V	Rule Induction: Business Score Card – Where to use Rule Induction – The General Idea – How Rule Induction Works – Strengths and Weaknesses Selecting and Using the Right Technique: Using the Right Technique – Data Mining in the Business Process – The cases for Embedded Data Mining – How to measure Accuracy, Explanation and Integration – What the Future Holds for Embedded Data Mining
Text Book(s)	Pieter Adrians, Dolf Zantinge, "Data Mining", Addison Wesley, 1998 Alex Berson, Stephen J. Smith, "Data Warehousing, Data Mining & OLAP", Tata McGraw-Hill Edition, Tenth Reprint, 2007 (for Unit V)

COURSE	B.Sc.,(Information Technology)(Regular)
Effective From	2007-08 Onwards
Semester	VI
Subject	DIPLOMA Lab : ASP

1.	Design a personal web page using ASP.
2.	Design a data entry form in ASP.
3.	Write a Program in ASP to get data using a form, validate the data and returns the same data for correction if any using the same form.
4.	Write a program in ASP to display the Session properties.
5.	Write a program in ASP that makes use of Ad Rotator component.
6.	Write a program in ASP that makes use of Browser Capabilities component.
7.	Write a program in ASP that makes use of Content Rotator component.
8.	Write a program in ASP that makes use of page counter component.
9.	Write a program in ASP to get the data of students using forms and stores them in database.
10.	Write a program in ASP to perform record navigation using a form.

COURSE	B.Sc.,(Information Technology)(Regular)
Effective From	2007-08 Onwards
Semester	VI
Subject	Core Lab 6 : TESTING TOOLS

1.	Perform the Win Runner Testing Tool and Analyze the suitable problem and results.
2.	Perform the Quick Test Professional Testing Tool and Analyze the suitable problem and results.
3.	Perform the Test Director Testing Tool and Analyze the suitable problem and results.
4.	Perform the Load Runner Testing Tool and Analyze the suitable problem and results.
5.	Perform the Silk Test Testing Tool and Analyze the suitable problem and results.