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#### Annexure No. 32 A

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SCAA Dt: 06.02.2014

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#### IV

| Skill Based Subject 4 - Health and Fitness | 3 | 3 | 20 | 55 | 75 | 3 |

| Skill Based Subject 5 Dietary Internship report and viva | - | - | - | - | 50** | 2 |

#### V

| Extension Activities @ | - | - | 50 | - | 50 | 2 |

**Total** | 3500 | 140

**List of Elective papers (Colleges can choose any one of the paper as electives)**

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*  One month internship in Dietary Department in the summer vacation after II year of study. For Viva : 10 marks & report : 40 marks.
@  No University Examinations. Only Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA)
#  No Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA). Only University Examinations.

**Notes:**

* Training in Bakery for 15 days in semester break of V Semester compulsory to earn the 3 credits.
Minimum ten practical exercises per paper per semester.
SEMESTER-I

Core Paper-I

FOOD SCIENCE

Subject description:
A brief study about food groups, various cooking methods, Structure and composition of cereals and pulses, Classification, composition & nutritive value of fruits & vegetables, milk, fleshy foods and spices

Objectives:
To enable students
1. Obtain knowledge of different food groups, their composition and role in day’s diet.
2. To gain knowledge of various methods of cooking foods.
3. Nutritive value and principles of cooking of foods.

UNIT –I
Food group: Basic 4, 5&7 food groups; functional food groups-energy yielding, body building and protective foods (only sources and not properties and functions), food pyramid. Study of various cooking methods - Boiling, steaming, stewing, frying, baking, roasting, broiling, cooking under pressure.
Cereals - composition of rice, wheat, effects of cooking on parboiled and raw rice, principles of starch cookery, gelatinization.

UNIT –II
Pulses and grams – Varieties of pulses & grams, composition, nutritive value, cooking quality of pulses, germination and its effect.
Vegetables - Classification, composition, nutritive value, selection and preparation for cooking, methods and principles involved in cooking.
Fruits -Composition, nutritive value, changes during ripening, methods and effects of cooking, enzymatic browning.

UNIT –III
Beverages - Classification, nutritive value, milk based beverages- methods of preparing tea and coffee, fruit based beverages and preparation of carbonated non – alcoholic beverages. Spices and Condiments - Uses and abuses
Fats and Oils - Types of oils, function of fats and oils, shortening effects of oil, smoking point of oil, effect of heat on oil absorption and factors affecting absorption of oil Stages of sugar cookery, crystallization and factors affecting crystallization

UNIT –IV
Milk - Composition, nutritive value, kinds of milk, pasteurization and homogenization of milk, changes in milk during heat processing, preparation of cheese and milk powder

Egg - Structure, composition, selection, nutritive value, uses of egg in cookery, methods of cooking, foam formation and factors affecting foam formation
UNIT – V
Meat - Structure, composition, nutritive value, selection of meat, post mortem changes in
meat, aging, tenderness, methods of cooking meat and their effects.
Poultry – types, composition, nutritive value, selection, methods of cooking
Fish - Structure, composition, nutritive value, selection of fish, methods of cooking and effects

Reference Books:
1. Food science, Chemistry and Experimental foods by M. Swaminathan.
2. Food Science by Norman N. Potter.
3. Experimental study of Foods by Griswold R.M.
4. Food Science by Helen Charley.
5. Foundation of Food Preparation by A.G. Peckam.
7. Food Fundamentals by MacWilliams, John Willy and son’s, New York.

Core Paper-II
CHEMISTRY OF FOODS
Hours of instruction / week: 3

Objectives:
To enable students to understand the chemical nature and reactions in foods

UNIT – I
Definitions – Food, nutrients, principle components of foods, functions of foods, classification of
foods, properties of foods, physical, chemical, functional and kinetic properties.

UNIT – II
Colloidal system in foods – meaning, types, properties. Sols – meaning, types, properties: gels –
meaning, type, properties, theory of gel formation, factors influencing gel formation.

UNIT – III
Emulsion – meaning, types, properties, emulsifying agents, natural and synthetic emulsifier,
functions of emulsifying agent, common food emulsions: foams – meaning, methods of foam
formation, theory of foam formation, properties – factors influencing foam formation, factors
affecting stability of foam, foaming agents – natural and synthetic.

UNIT – IV
Water – forms and types of water, hydrogen bonding in water, water and ice properties, functions
of water in food, intermediate moisture foods, water activity – definition, measurement and
control of water activity, estimation of moisture in foods.
UNIT – V
Heat transfer operation in foods – conduction, convection, radiation, gelatinization, retrogradation, dextrinisation of starches, enzymatic and non enzymatic browning reaction in foods, rancidity – types and prevention.

Reference Books:
1. Food science, Chemistry and Experimental foods by M. Swaminathan.
2. Food Science by Norman N. Potter.
3. Experimental study of Foods by Griswold R.M.
4. Food Science by Helen Charley.
5. Foundation of Food Preparation by A.G. Peckam.
7. Food Fundamentals by MacWiliams, John Willy and son’s, New York.

CORE PRACTICAL I
FOOD SCIENCE PRACTICAL
Hours of instruction / week: 3

Subject description:
Hands – on experience for skill development on food groups, various cooking methods using foods in preparation of items.

Objectives:
To enable students
1. Understand different food groups, their composition and role in day’s diet.
2. Use various methods of cooking foods
3. Prepare some food items.
4. Relate nutritive value and food selection.

Note: Prepare one recipe in each food group indicating best method of cooking

TOPICS
1. Food group- Grouping of foods, discussion on nutritive value
2. Measuring ingredients
Methods of measuring different types of foods – grains, flours & liquids
3. Edible portion Determination of edible portion percentage.
4. Cooking methods
5. Cereals Methods of cooking fine and coarse cereals. Examination of starch
9. Milk & milkproducts
10. Fleshy foods Fish, meat & poultry- preparations.
13. Evaluation Development of score card.
14. Developing value added foods (cereal, millet, pulse and vegetable based ) any four.

SEMESTER-II
Core Paper – III
HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY
Hours of instruction/week: 4

Subject description:
A brief study about Digestive system, Circulatory system, Respiratory system, Reproductive system, Central nervous system, Locomotor system and Sense organs.
Objectives:
To enable the students
1. Understand the structure and functions of various organs of the body.
2. Obtain a better understanding of the principles of nutrition through the study of physiology.

UNIT-I
Cell - Structure and functions
Tissues - Structure and functions
Digestive system - Anatomical consideration – structure & functions, Brief study of the organization of the digestion, absorption and assimilation of food.

UNIT-II

UNIT-III
Respiratory system - Basic anatomy of the respiratory system, process of respiration, transport and exchange of oxygen and carbon dioxide in the body.
Endocrine glands - Structure and function of pituitary, thyroid, islets of langerhans and adrenal gland.
UNIT-IV
Reproductive system - Anatomy of the male and female reproductive organs. Menstrual cycle
Sense organs - Structure and function of eye, ear, nose, tongue and skin.

UNIT-V
Excretory system - Excretory organs - structure of kidney and functions, formation of urine, composition of urine.
Muscles - physiology of muscular action.
Central nervous system - Physiology of the nerve cell, parts of the central nervous system and function.

Reference Books:
5. Stuart Ira Fox, Human Physiology(2003)

Core Paper Practical-II
HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY
Hours of instruction/ week: 2

1. Identification of tissues
2. Bleeding time
3. Clotting time
4. Blood groups – identification
5. Measurement of Hemoglobin
6. Measuring Pulse Rate
7. Measuring Blood Pressure
8. Measurement of height, weight and calculation of BMI
9. Physical fitness test
10. RBC, WBC – demonstration
11. Demonstration of Packed Cell Volume (PCV)
Core Paper-IV
PRINCIPLES OF NUTRITION
Hours of instruction /week: 4

Subject description:
Meaning of nutrition, basics about carbohydrates, proteins, fats, fat and water soluble vitamins, minerals and water balance.
Objectives:
To enable students
1. Understand the vital link between nutrition and health
2. Gain knowledge on functions, metabolism and effects of deficiency of nutrients

UNIT-I
Introduction to Nutrition - General introduction, history of Nutrition.
Energy - Definition of Kilocalories, Joule, energy value of foods, determination, physiological fuel values, SDA of foods,
basal metabolic rate- definition, factors influencing BMR. Recommended Dietary Allowances for energy.
Carbohydrates - Classification, functions, source, digestion, absorption and utilization, dietary fibre and health.

UNIT-II
Protein - Classification, functions, sources and requirements, digestion, absorption and utilization, Protein quality – PER, BV, NPU, digestibilitycoefficient, -definition and calculation
Reference protein, essential amino acids and mutual supplementation of dietary protein
.Fats and Lipids - Classification, functions, sources, requirement, importance of essential fatty acids, their requirements and deficiency.

UNIT-III
Vitamins – Fat soluble vitamins –A, D, E and K- functions, source, requirements, deficiency disorders.
Water soluble vitamins –The B-complex vitamins – Thiamine, Riboflavin, Niacin, Folic acid, Biotin, Pantothenic acid and Vitamin C - functions, source, requirements and deficiency disorders.

UNIT-IV
Minerals - General functions in the body, classification- macro and micro minerals.
Micro minerals – Iron, Fluorine, Zinc, copper, Iodine -functions, absorption, utilization, requirements, deficiency and toxicity.
Macro minerals – Calcium & phosphorus - functions, absorption &utilization of iron requirements, deficiency and toxicity.

UNIT-V
Water Balance – Functions of water, water distribution, maintenance of water and regulation of acid-base balance in the body. Electrolyte balance
Reference Books:
2. Human Nutrition and Dietetics –Davidson S. Passmore
3. Normal and Therapeutic Nutrition- Corinne .H. Robinson & Marilyn Lawler

SEMESTER-III
Core Paper-V
NUTRITION IN HEALTH
Hours of instruction/week: 5

Subject description:
Basics of menu planning, Nutritional needs during different stages of life.

Objectives:
To enable the students
1. Understand the nutritional demands in various stages of life cycle.
2. Acquire skills in planning adequate meals in different stages of life cycle.

UNIT I
Basic Principles of Meal Planning –Basic Principles & factors to be consider while planning menu for different age groups Recommended allowance-RDA for Indians, basis for requirement, energy allowance for different growth pattern of children, energy allowance for various activities.

UNIT II
Nutritional Needs during Pregnancy – Stages of pregnancy Normal growth and weight change, complications, Nutritional requirements, & meal planning
Nutrition during Lactation - physiology of lactation, hormonal control and relaxation, nutritional components of colostrum and mature milk. Nutritional requirements of lactating women. Meal planning

UNIT III
Nutrition during Infancy - Growth and development, factors influencing growth, difference between breast feeding and bottle feeding, factors to be considered in bottle feeding. Different types of milk formulae.
UNIT IV
Nutritional needs of toddlers (1-5 year) & School children - Nutritional requirements of toddlers & school going children. Factors to be considered while planning meals for pre-school children. Eating problems of children and their management, packed lunch.

UNIT V
Nutritional needs of adults (men and women) – In relation to occupation, Nutrition in Menopausal women, hormonal changes, Low cost balanced food.
Nutrition during Old Age - Physiological changes in ageing - psycho-social and economic factors affecting eating behavior. Nutritional problems of aged and their management.

Reference Books:
5. Food, nutrition and diet therapy - Krause, Eleventh edition

Core Paper Practical-III
FAMILY MEAL MANAGEMENT
Hours of instruction/ week: 3

Subject description:
Menu planning, preparation & nutrient calculation during different stages of life.
Objectives:
To enable the students
1. Prepare and serve the planned menu..
2. Determine the nutrient content of the menu per meal and per portion.
Contents:
1. Food groups
2. Planning a menu for a pregnant mother and display a prepared items
3. Planning a menu for a lactating mother and display prepared items and calculate nutritive value for the prepared menu.
4. Preparation of low cost supplementary and weaning foods
5. Planning and preparing diet for infants and preschool children
6. Planning and preparing diet for school going children and adolescent girls and boys
7. Planning and preparing diet for low, medium, high income groups and based on sedentary, moderate and heavy workers – Adult (Men and Women).
8. Planning and preparing diet for old age.

Skill Based Subject - I
BASICS OF COMPUTER SCIENCE IN NUTRITION
Hours of instruction / week: 3

Subject description:
A brief study about computer basics, Ms –Windows, internet and applications in nutrition.
Objectives:
To enable students
1. Gain knowledge on computer operations and applications
2. To design and use computer based projects and programs.
3. To use existing health and nutrition based software.

UNIT – I
Introduction to the world of computers
Basic concepts on computer - history, types of computers, input and output devices, peripheral devices, meaning of software and hardware.
Ms Windows – Introduction, basic concepts on a windows, windows explorer, control panel, configuration, editor.
Accessories – Paint brush.

UNIT – II
Ms Word – concepts of document and template, creating documents and saving, concepts of editing, formatting, working with tables and tabs, tools, spell check, grammar check, file printing, mail merge, word art.

UNIT – III
Ms Excel – Concepts of spread sheet, creating, work sheet ,work space, formatting a work sheet, basic operations on data, sorting, total and sub total, creating link between documents, programming in macros, working with charts, printing worksheets.
Ms PowerPoint – concepts of PowerPoint, creating, opening , saving presentations,
working with different views, working with slides – make a new slide, move, copy, go to a specific slide, layout, adding and formatting text, adding clipart and other pictures, designing slide show, tools – meeting minds, presentation conference.

**UNIT – IV**
Ms Access – Introduction to Access, working with databases, queries, tables, forms, reports, macros and charts.
Internet – Basics of internet, basics of e mail, browsing.

**UNIT – V**
Computer applications in nutrition, dietetics, nutritional assessment, menu planning and counseling.

References:
1. Introduction to computers – Balagurusamy (1995)

**SEMESTER- IV**
**CORE PAPER- VI**
**DIETETICS**

*Hours of instruction/week: 4*

Subject description:
Principles of diet therapy - hospital diets, therapeutic diets, disease of liver and gall bladder, cardiovascular system, kidney and urinary tract, diabetes mellitus and allergy.

Objectives:
To enable students
1. Gain knowledge about principles of diet therapy and different therapeutic diets.
2. Develop aptitude for taking up dietetics as a profession.

**UNIT – I**
Objectives of diet therapy - Role of a dietitian. Principles of diet preparation and counselling. Normal diet in the hospitals –, liquid, semi liquid, light, soft diet, bland diet and regular diet
Different types of Feeding - Basic concepts of oral feeding, tube feeding, IV feeding, gastrostomy feeding.
UNIT – II
Therapeutic diets for the following disorders:
a. Under weight - definition, etiology, treatment
c. Diseases of the gastro intestinal tract- ulcer, constipation & diarrhea

UNIT – III
Diseases of the liver and gall bladder (risk factors and diet therapy)
a) jaundice b) hepatitis c) cirrhosis d) fatty liver and diet therapy
Diseases of the cardio vascular system (risk factors and diet therapy)
a) atherosclerosis b) arteriosclerosis c) hypertension d) congestive heart failure

UNIT – IV
Diabetes mellitus – Types, causes, symptoms, bio-chemical changes, insulin, hypoglycemic drugs, types only, food exchange list, dietary management
Diseases of the kidney and urinary tract
a. Acute and chronic nephritis
b. Nephrotic syndrome
c. Renal failure
d. Urinary calculi
Causes and dietary treatment of kidney diseases and dialysis.
Nutrition and cancer - Dietary guidelines for management.

UNIT – V
Diet in Allergy - Definition, classification, common food allergy, test of allergy, diet therapy.
Diet in febrile conditions - Short duration e.g. Typhoid, Long duration e.g. Tuberculosis.
Diet in relation to deficiency diseases-Protein calorie deficiency, vitamin A deficiency and anemia.

Reference Books:
7. B. Srilakshmi (2002) Nutrition science, New age international (P) limited, New Delhi
10. The Indian journal of nutrition and dietetics, Avinashilingam Deemed University, Coimbatore

CORE PRACTICAL - IV
DIETETICS PRACTICAL

Subject description:
Applying principles of diet therapy in planning, preparation and nutrient calculation of hospital diets, therapeutic diets for various diseases like disease of liver and gall bladder, cardiovascular system, kidney and diabetes mellitus

Objectives:
To enable students
1. Plan, prepare, serve different therapeutic diets.
2. Assess the nutritive value of the diets.

Contents:
1. Weights and measures of foods.
2. Menu planning, prescription and preparation of
   a. normal diet, regular diet, light diet, soft diet, full liquid diet, clear liquid diet & bland diet.
   b. Diet for obesity
   c. Diet for under weight
   d. Diet for anaemia
   e. Diet for diseases of the GI tract – peptic ulcer, diarrhoea, constipation.
   f. Diet for Cardio-vascular diseases- atherosclerosis, hypertension.
   h. Diet for diabetes – Type I & II, Diabetes with CVD disease.
   i. Diet in febrile conditions- Short duration – typhoid; long duration – tuberculosis
   j. Diet in liver diseases – Viral hepatitis and cirrhosis
3. Observation of a dietary department in a hospital.
4. Preparation of power point presentations on diet and disease conditions.
SKILLED BASED SUBJECTS-2
FOOD SAFETY AND QUALITY CONTROL

Hours of Instruction / Week: 3

Subject description:
Principles of food quality control, food standards, food grades, food laws, food adulteration, methods to assess the food quality, food safety, risks, hazards and labeling.

Objectives:
To enable the students to
a. Study about the control of quality and use of additives
b. Gain Knowledge on standards for food quality and food laws.

UNIT-I
Principles of Quality control of food – Raw material control, processed control and finished product inspection.
Leavening agents, classification, uses and optimum levels.
Food additives - Preservatives, colouring, flavouring, sequestering agents, emulsifiers, antioxidants.

UNIT-II
Standardisation systems for quality control of foods-National and International standardization system, Food grades, Food laws-compulsory and voluntary standards.
Food adulteration - Common adulterants in foods and tests to detect common adulterants.

UNIT-III
Standards for foods – Cereals and pulses, sago and starch, milk and milk products, Coffee, tea, sugar and sugar products.

UNIT-IV
Methods for determining quality - Subjective and objective methods.
Sensory assessment of food quality- appearance, color, flavour, texture and taste, different methods of sensory analysis, preparation of score card, panel criteria, sensory evaluation room.

UNIT-V
Food safety, Risks and hazards: Food related hazards, Microbial consideration in food safety, HACCP-principles and structured approach. Chemical hazards associated with foods. FSSAI

Reference Books:
1. Food science-Norman Potter
2. Food Technology-Presscott.S.C.and Procter
3. Food chemistry-Meyer
4. Food science, Chemistry and experimental foods-M.Swaminathan
5. Food chemistry-Lee
SEMESTER- V
Core Paper-VII
FOOD MICROBIOLOGY
Hours of instruction / week: 6

Subject description:
Microbiology history, growth and development of various microorganisms, contamination of different food products by microorganisms and microorganisms in water.
Objectives:
To enable the students
1. Become aware of the microorganisms in food and environment
2. Apply basic principles of sanitation in food service
3. Understand the importance of personal hygiene for food and service personnel

UNIT I
Different terminology – Heterotrophic nutrition, autotrophic nutrition, saprophytic, holozoic, host, culture, parasite. General principles underlying spoilage-causes for spoilage, factors affecting kinds and number of microorganisms in food. Prevention and control of spoilage. Food poisoning, and food borne diseases.

UNIT II
Bacteria and Mold- Nomenclature, genera of bacteria and mold, morphology, growth curve, importance in food microbiology. Observation of motility of bacteria in milk, demonstration of mold growth in bread.
Yeast - Morphology, classification, importance of yeast in food. Observation of yeast cells.
Algae – Morphology and importance of algae.

UNIT III
Contamination and kinds of microorganisms causing spoilage of cereal products grains, flour, baked products and cake. Fruits and vegetables and their products- fruit juice, pickles.
Fleshy foods - meats, poultry and fish.

UNIT IV
Contamination and kinds of microorganisms causing spoilage of eggs, milk and milk products- cream, milk frozen desserts and butter. Fats and oils, bottled beverages, spices and condiments.

UNIT V
Destruction of bacteria - sterilization, physical agents, light, desiccators, electricity, heat and chemical agents. Importance of sanitation and hygiene in relation with spreading of microorganisms

Reference Books:

1. Frazier WC, Food Microbiology Mc Green Hill Book, 1985

PAPER -VIII

FOOD PROCESSING

Hours of instruction / week :5

Objectives
To enable students to learn different food processing and preservation techniques.

UNIT I
Wheat Technology - Production, processing, manufacture of breakfast cereals
Millets - Production, processing.

UNIT II
Pulses - Production, types of processing of different pulse products - Soyabean Processing.
Technology of oil seeds - Processing , meal concentrates and isolates.
Fats from non-traditional oil seeds, rice bran oil, processing of vegetable oils, vanaspathi with low trans fatty acids, hydrogenation of fats.

UNIT III
Mushroom - Production, processing, utilization.
Meat - Production, processing,
Poultry - Production, preparing poultry for consumption, packaging.
Fish & Egg - Production, effect of handling practices, storage of eggs, manufacturing and packaging of egg products.

UNIT IV
Vegetables - Drying techniques – drum drying, vacuum puffing, foam mat drying, freeze drying, accelerated freeze drying.
Fruits - Sun drying of banana and grapes; Mechanical dehydration – use of kiln drier and tunnel drier.

UNIT V
Latest technologies in food preservation – principles, advantages and disadvantages only - non-thermal processes, ultrasound method, nanotechnology, oscillating magnetic field, electric field pulses, high pressure processing, high hydrostatic pressure technique, membranotechnology, ohmic heating of foods.

REFERENCES

Core Paper-IX
COMMUNITY NUTRITION
Hours of instruction/week: 5

Subject description:
Meaning of community, impact of malnutrition, assessment of the nutritional status of the community, nutritional problems, nutrition intervention programmes and nutrition education.
Objectives:
To enable the students
1. Know about the application of basics of nutrition in the community
2. Gain knowledge of community nutrition programmes of national and international organization

UNIT I
Definition - Community, family, village and block
Meaning of Optimum Nutrition, Malnutrition- Under nutrition and over nutrition.
Characteristics of community, IMR, MMR, morbidity.
Causes of malnutrition-Factors contributing to malnutrition in the community - food
habits, customs and practices, availability of food, Socio-economic factors, Housing and

UNIT II
Assessment of the nutritional status of the community - direct and indirect methods -
Anthropometry, Clinical and Biochemical, Diet Surveys.
Nutritional problems of women and men- Anemia, Vitamin A deficiency, B-complex
Deficiency Lathyrism.

UNIT III
Nutritional problems of infants and children- PEM-Marasmus and Kwashiorkor, Vitamin
A deficiency, B-complex deficiency diseases, other problems- Goitre, fluorosis and anemia,

UNIT IV
Nutrition intervention programmes - ICDS: Objectives and services, Noon meal
programme, TINP, SNP, Vitamin A prophylaxis.
National Organization- Role of ICMR, NIN
International organization- WHO, FAO, UNICEF
Health Care-PHC, ESI

UNIT V
Home Science- Meaning and Objectives. Role of Home-Scientists in rural development with
reference to ongoing programmers like Family Welfare Programme, Adult
Education for community-different methods, advantages and disadvantages. Nutrition
education- merits and demerits of different methods of education

Reference Books:
1. Jellife DN, Assessment of Nutritional Status of the community.
7. Dahama OP and Bhatnagar OP Eucation and Communication for
CORE PRACTICAL V
NUTRITION PRACTICAL
Hours of instruction/week: 3

1. Determination of Gluten content in wheat.
2. Estimation of Acidity in wheat flour.
3. Estimation of Fibre content in any one food.
4. Determination of acid number of oils.
5. Determination of iodine number of oils.
6. Estimation of ash content in any one food.
7. Determination of Calcium content in milk.
8. Estimation of Iron content in any one food.
9. Estimation of Phosphorous content in any one food.
10. Demonstration of Protein content in foods.
11. Estimation of Ascorbic Acid content in Citrus fruit juice.

CORE PRACTICAL VI
COMPUTERISED DATABASE MANAGEMENT IN NUTRITION
Hours of instruction/week: 3

A. Database management of
1. Anthropometric indices
2. Biochemical indices
3. Dietary recall
4. Energy expenditure and intake
B. Preparation of presentations for nutrition education for deficiency disorders
1. Vitamin A deficiency
2. Marasmus and Kwashiorkor
3. Iron deficiency anaemia
4. Fluorosis
5. Lathyrisim
6. Iodine deficiency disorder
C. Preparation of presentations for community awareness of
1. Hygiene and health
2. Management of diarrhoea
3. Healthy choice of foods
SKILL BASED SUBJECT III
HOSPITAL FOOD SERVICE
Hours of Instruction / week : 3

Objectives
To enable students
1. Understand the principles of planning, organizing and controlling hospital food service.
2. Develop skills in meal planning, production and service.
3. Understand the principles of sanitation and hygiene.

UNIT I
Types of service in hospitals – Food service definition and its types, equipment used for serving the food in hospitals and hygienic role of persons delivering Food.

UNIT II
Physical requirements:
Kitchen area – Size and type of kitchen, design of kitchen, ventilation, lighting, flooring, carpets, wall covering and sample layout of kitchen.
Storage area – Meaning, types of storage, infrastructure, sanitary measures and safety storage of food materials.
Equipment - Equipment required for hospital food service - major and minor equipment with reference to food storage, preparation, holding and food service.

UNIT III
Purchasing – Meaning of purchase and buying methods.
Receiving & Storing – Importance of receiving raw materials and storage procedures.
Production – Menu planning for patients and process of food production.
Holding of foods – methods and specifications.
Cleaning – Meaning of cleaning, dishwashing, types of cleaning & sanitizing agents, bleaches and disinfectants.

UNIT IV
Management - Definition, principles and techniques of effective management, leadership and managerial abilities (in a hospital & dietary). Tools of management - organisational chart of the food service team of the hospital. The patient care team –role of medical and paramedical staff interaction.
Food supply for attendant.
Cost concept – Components & behaviours of cost.
Cost control - Principles and methods of food cost control, labour, operating and overhead cost.
Sample costing of a dish, methods and factors affecting pricing.

UNIT V
Practicals:
1. Equipments used in hospital food service.
2. Checklist for cleanliness in hospital food service.
3. Observation of raw and prepared food storage in hospitals.
4. Observation of pest control program.
5. Calculation of food cost.
6. Organisation chart and identification of duties in a local hospital.
7. Records maintained in a dietary department.
8. Purchasing methods for food items.
9. Observation of different fuels used in hospital food service.
10. Observation of garbage / waste disposal.

Reference Books:

Core Paper-X
FOOD SERVICE MANAGEMENT
Hours of instruction/week: 6

Subject description:
Basics of running the food service, principles and techniques of effective management, principles and types of organization, personnel management and cost control.

Objectives:
To enable students
1. Understand the principles of planning, organizing and controlling in food service institutions.
2. Develop skills in meal planning to catering institutions.
3. Understand the principles of sanitation and hygiene.

UNIT I
Different types of catering institutions and services, classifications of food service institutions according to
a. Function : Profit oriented, service oriented and public health facility oriented.
b. Method of processing : Conventional systems, Commissary system, fast food service system.
c. Service of food : Self service, tray service, waiter-waitress services

UNIT II
Organisation - Types and principles, organizational structure for catering institutions.
Management - Definition, principles and techniques of effective management, leadership and managerial abilities. Tools of management-organisational chart, work study and work improvement.
UNIT III
Personnel Management - Methods of selection, orientation, training, supervision and motivation of employees, importance of good human relations, legal aspects of catering.

UNIT IV
Cost control - Principles and methods of food cost control.
Financial management –Factors affecting food, labour, operating and overhead cost, budget, inventories.
Sanitation and safety-significance of hygienic management in food preparation and service, sterilization, pest control, garbage disposal.
Health care of food service personnel, safety measures to be adopted in foodservice.

UNIT V
Art in food service - Design selection-structural and decorative. Elements of design, principles of design, their application in food service institutions.
Color - Qualities of color, color schemes, flower arrangement-application of art principles in arranging flowers, styles and types.
Table service - Application of art in table service.
Home furnishing - With special reference to furniture and accessories, selection, factors to be considered and current trends.

Reference Books:
1. West ,BB, Wood “Food service in Institutions” ,Johnwiley & Sons,New York
4. Kotas R and Davis B “food cost control” Billing & Sons Ltd, Great Britian ,1976
5. Dr. B.K. Chakravati, “ A Technical guide to Hotel operation” , Metropolitan, New Delhi India.
Core Paper-XI
FOOD PRESERVATION
Hours of instruction/week: 6

Subject description:
Principles of food preservation, general principles and methods of preparation of sugar and salt preserved products, preservation by use of high and low temperature, preservation with chemicals and preservation of food by radiation.

Objectives:
To enable students
1. Understand the principles of food preservation.
2. Acquire skills in methods of food preservation

UNIT – I
Status & scope of food processing industry in India in developing Entrepreneur.

UNIT – II

UNIT – III
Preservation by use of Low Temperature, Types - Common types of cold storage, refrigeration- requirement of refrigerated storage, characteristic of refrigerant, refrigeration during transport, defects in cold storage. Freezing - Principles and methods of freezing, Freeze drying. Advantages and disadvantages.

UNIT – IV
Preservation with chemicals
a. Mechanism of microbial inhibition, mechanism and action of preservatives in processed food
b. Inorganic & Organic preservatives.
c. Antibiotics
d. Mold inhibitors.
e. Antioxidants and its role.
UNIT – V
Radiation of Foods
a. Sources of radiation, units of radiation
b. Mode of action of irradiation, radiation effect on proteins enzyme system
c. Microwave heating, properties of microwaves, applications in food processing and preservation.
Preservation of Semi moist foods:
a. Principles
b. Intermediate moist foods

Reference Books:
1. The technology of food preservation- NV Desroisier
2. Food Science- Norman Potter
3. Food Technology- Prescott and Procter
4. Technology of food preservation -ICAR
5. Food Microbiology- W C Frazier

SEMESTER-VI
CORE PRACTICAL VII
FOOD PRESERVATION
Hours of instruction/week: 3

1. Methods of Food Preservation using salt and sugar.
2. Drying and Dehydration
3. Food Adulteration tests for some common foods.
4. Preservation and bottling of fruit and vegetable products.
5. Preservation by using chemicals
6. Sensory analysis of preserved and processed foods.
SKILLED BASED SUBJECTS- IV
HEALTH AND FITNESS
Hours of Instruction / week : 3

Objectives
To enable students
1. Understand the importance of health for quality living
2. Acquire knowledge about the role of food and exercise for sound health.

UNIT I
Health – Definition, concept/ meaning of health and factors affecting health. Health hazards – environment, population explosion, explosives, adulteration, dampness and measures to prevent health hazard.

UNIT II
Health promotion:Definition of food, Nutrition, Nutrients and Nutritional status
Functions of food – Physiological, psychological and socio-cultural functions, constituents of food and their functions.

UNIT III
Health improvement
Balanced diet – Definition & objectives, food selection
Health education – Definition, importance of health education, personal hygiene.
Physical education – Meaning & scope, role of gymnastic exercises and yoga in improving health. Difference between yoga & other gymnastic exercises.

UNIT IV
Sports nutrition –Introduction to kinanthropometry, Requirements during training and performance for athletes and endurance games, aerobic and anaerobic exercise, fuel for exercise, glycogen load. Exercise to maintain fitness.
Health club equipments & activities – Tread mill, hammer strength, steppers, cycles, body sculpting, kick boxing, Reebok ridge rocker, hanging, hand grips, swing, climbing and lifting weight.

UNIT V
Health insurance scheme (government & non government) – Mediclaim policy, Employee state insurance scheme, ICICI health scheme, Specialised insurance scheme and others.
Practicals:
1. Identification of health hazards.
2. Simple tests for food adulteration.
3. Food intake during cultural festivals.
4. Food selection for balanced diet for different age groups.
5. Planning a health education for any specific group.
6. Visit to a health club / fitness centre.
7. Assessment of fitness – simple test, Stepper technique (any two).
8. Guest lecture on health insurance schemes.
9. Observation of / Compulsory yoga exercise.
10. Observation of physical training for sports person.

Reference Books:

ELECTIVE PAPER I - A
BAKERY
Hours of instruction/ week: 3+2

Subject description:
Baking principles, role of various other ingredients during baking, preparation of various baked products, baking unit layout and packaging materials for baked food items.

Objectives:
To enable the students
1. Understand the science and technology of baking
2. Understand the role of different ingredients in baking
3. Develop skills in planning and maintenance of a bakery institution

UNIT I
Baking - Definition, Principles of baking, classification of baked foods. Types of equipments in baking industry, cleaning and sanitizing methods of baking equipments, baking temperature of different products, operation techniques of different baking equipments.

UNIT II
Ingredients and Their Role in Baking - Flour, Yeast, sugar, egg, butter, salt, baking powder, colouring, flavouring agents. List of standard colouring and flavouring agents

UNIT III
Preparation of baked foods - Quick breads, cakes and its varieties, different types of biscuits, cookies and pastries.

UNIT IV
Decoration of baked foods - Icing- Types of Icing used in different bakery product. Role of other ingredients used in icing.
UNIT V
Baking unit/plant layout & design of a baking unit sanitation and hygiene. Types of packaging materials used for bakery products, method of packaging.

Reference Books:
5. Bakery Journal

Practicals: (To gain knowledge about Bakery - No Examination)
1. Breads
2. Cakes
3. Biscuits and cookies
4. Pastries
5. Icing

ELECTIVE PAPER I - B
POST HARVEST TECHNOLOGY

Subject description:
Introduction to post harvest technology, food losses during storage, handling and transportation of commodities, control of spoilage agents and processing methods of selected food items.
Objectives:
To enable students
B.Sc. Food Science. & Nut. with C. A. (Colleges-revised) 2008-09 Annexure No 31 A
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1. Understand the safety control measures in handling foods from harvest to consumption agencies of control.
2. Knowledge about food processing methods.

UNIT I
Introduction to Post Harvest Technology - Definition, importance and problem encountered.
Buffer stock – definition, quantity of stores available.
Governmental measures to augment food production- need for food conservation.
Food loss in the post harvest period, extent of losses, loss in the field, threshing yard, storage, marketing loss.
Role of Post Harvest Technology in combating malnutrition in India.
UNIT II
Agents Causing Food Losses - Physical agents, (moisture, temperature), Chemical losses, biological losses- insects- insects attacking food grains - types and life cycle, damage caused to food grains and detection of insect infestation, rats and rodents, birds, animals- Nature of damage, identification.

UNIT III
Control of Spoilage Agents - Importance and methods of sanitary handling, physical, chemical, biological and other means of control of insects, rats and rodents and birds. Insect control methods- Physical methods and chemical methods including fumigation techniques. Handling and Transport of Food Commodities - Traditional and improved methods. Nutrient losses in spoiled grains and National program to save grains.

UNIT IV
Storage of Grains - Importance of storage structures- requirements, traditional & modern and underground & above ground storage and their improvements, FCI godowns. PDS. Agencies Controlling Food Losses - Role of SGC, FCI, CWC, SWC, IGSI in controlling food losses.

UNIT V
Food Processing of Selected Food Items – wheat, rice, breakfast cereals, pulses, oilseeds. Related Experiences:
1. Visit to FCI
2. Visit to Processing Mill (Cereal & Pulse)

Reference Books:
2. Handling and storage of food grains in tropical and subtropical areas- D W Hall, FAD, Rome, 1970.
5. Gordon G Birth, Food science, Pub in New York.
7. Technology of cereals by NL Kent and JAD Evers.
ELECTIVE PAPER II - A
QUANTITY FOOD SERVICE AND PHYSICAL FACILITIES

Subject description:
Basics of quantity food production, floor planning and layout for a food service institution, food storage, preparation, service and cleaning.

Objectives:
To enable students
1. Understand the physical requirements for quality food production
2. Gain knowledge and develop skills in handling food service equipment
3. Understand the basics of quantity food production and meal planning.

UNIT- I
Floor planning and layout – characteristics of typical food service facilities. Floor plan – physical planning, space allocation for the various areas and flow of traffic through receiving, storage, preparation, service and dish washing areas. Working heights and dimensions of work centers, lighting, ventilation and pest – rodent control.

UNIT-II
Materials - Basic materials used in the manufacture of equipment, finishes and insulation. Strength and limitation of materials.

UNIT-III
Equipment - Equipment required for quantity food service-major and minor equipment with reference to food storage, preparation, service and cleaning. Factors influencing their selection and purchase. Arrangement of equipment in work centers, use, care and maintenance of equipment. Transition from traditional to modern equipment.

UNIT-IV
Meal Planning - Menu-principles involved in planning menu, types of menu.
Fuel: Cooking fuels—selection, advantages, limitations, safety measures and fuel saving techniques.

UNIT-V
Quantity food preparation – Selection, purchasing and storage of foods, standardization of recipe, portion control, utilization of left over foods.
Marketing of foods – Importance and need for advertisement.
Reference Books:
2. Lillicarp DR – Food and Beverage Service, Edward Arnold Pub, Malbourne.

**ELECTIVE PAPER II - B**

**Food Hygiene and Sanitation**

**Objectives:**
1. Design food hygiene and sanitation measures to control the spread of microorganisms.
2. Explain the links between water, sanitation and health.

**UNIT-I**

**Food hygiene**

General principle of food hygiene. Hygiene in rural and urban areas in relation to food preparation, personal hygiene and food handling habits. Place of sanitation in food plants. Sanitary aspects of building and equipment: Plant layout and design, Comparative studies on sanitary fabrication of different types of processing equipments.

**UNIT-II**

**Safe and effective insect and pest control**

Extraneous materials in foods, Principles of Insects and pests control. Physical and chemical methods of control. Effective control of micro-organisms: microorganisms important in food sanitation, micro-organisms as indicator of sanitary quality.

**UNIT-III**

**Sanitary aspects of water supply**

Source of water, quality of water, water supply and its uses in food industries. Purification and disinfection of water, preventing contamination of potable water supply.

**UNIT-IV**

**Cleaning practices**

Effective detergency and cleaning practices: Importance of cleaning technology, physical and chemical factors in cleaning, classification and formulation of detergents and sanitizers, cleaning practices.

**UNIT-V**

**Sanitation practices**

Sanitary aspects of waste disposal. Establishing and maintaining sanitary practices in
food industry, sanitation principle and the requirements for a food sanitation program, role of sanitation, general sanitary consideration and sanitary evaluation of food plants.

REFERENCES
1 Guide to Improve Food Hygiene - Gaston and Tiffney
2. Practical Food Microbiology & Technology - Harry H. Weiser, Mountney, J. and Gord, W.W.
3. Food Poisoning and Food Hygiene - Betty C. Hobbs
4. Principles of Food Sanitation - Marriott and Norman, G.
5. Hygiene and Sanitation in Food Industry - S. Roday

ELECTIVE PAPER III - A
Neutraceuticals

Objectives:
To enable the students to understand phytochemical components and its management on health and diseases.

Unit I

Unit II

Unit III
Antioxidants: sources, classification and functions; Antioxidant paradox

Unit IV
Dietary Supplements: Vitamins, minerals, fibre, fatty acids, amino acids; need for dietary supplements. Health claim on dietary supplements

Unit V

References
ELECTIVE PAPER III - B
Food Packaging

Objectives:
1. To understand the need for food packaging and the recent trends in packaging materials and labeling.
2. Learn and gain knowledge on food packaging and applications during transportation.

UNIT I
Food packaging
Definition, functions of packaging materials for different foods, characteristics of packaging material. Food packages – bags, pouches, wrappers, tetra packs-applications.

UNIT II
Packaging materials
Packaging materials - Introduction, purpose, requirements, types of containers. Modern packaging materials and forms-Glass containers, metal cans, composite containers, aerosol containers, rigid plastic packages, semi rigid packaging, flexible packaging.

UNIT – III
Packages of radiation stabilized foods

UNIT - IV
Packages of dehydrated products
Orientation, metallization, co-extrusion of multilayer films, stretch, package forms and techniques. Aspectic packaging, retortable containers, modified and controlled atmosphere packaging, skin, strink and cling film packaging, micro-ovenable containers, other package forms and components of plastics.

UNIT - V
Packaging of finished goods
Weighing, filling, scaling, wrapping, cartooning, labeling, marking and trapping. Labelling: Standards, purpose, description types of labels, labeling regulation barcode, nutrition labeling, health claims, and mandatory labeling provision.

REFERENCES
7. NIIR. Food packaging technology Handbook, Delhi.